GERMSKUTTER

SPECIFIC FOR RINGWORM, ITCHES, ECZEMA, AND ALL OTHER SKIN DISEASES

DOES NOT STAIN CLOTHES.

BHOGILAL PREMCHAND & CO.
CHEMISTS.
Princess St., BOMBAY 2.

Regd. No. B. 1065

The Bombay Chronicle

Founder: Pherozeshah Mehta

Air Surcharge 6 Pies

VOL. XXXVIII NO. 163 BOMBAY: THURSDAY, JULY 13, 1950 PRICE 2 ANNAS

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

1949
COMPLETIONS
OF
THE METROPOLITAN
INSURANCE CO. LTD.
(H.O. CALCUTTA)
EXCEED
6 Crores & Fifty-Five Lacs
Central Office—Western Circle,
371, Hornby Road, Fort, BOMBAY—1.

REDS THUNDER ONWARD

G Is' Planned Withdrawal

GEN. MACARTHUR'S COMMUNIQUE

TOKYO, July 12. (PTI-Reuter): General MacArthur's communique announced tonight that enemy pressure on South Korean forces between Chongju and Umsong had resulted in a planned withdrawal to defence positions along the Pogang river.

The communique said that four outnumbered American battalions in the Chonan-Chongju area may be compelled to withdraw behind the Kum river, a natural tank obstacle. Enemy potential in this area is two to three divisions.

The full text of the communique issued at 11-30 p.m. (local time) is as follows: Enemy forces engaged elements of United States units now delaying the enemy advance in positions astride the highway six miles north of Chochiwon.

A noon communique reported that enemy forces supported by tanks pushed south on the Chonan-Chongju highway in a series of sharp delaying actions.

The enemy potential to employ two to three divisions, the first third and fourth, against four outnumbered American battalions in the Chonan-Chongju area may compel further withdrawals behind the Kum river, a natural tank obstacle.

Enemy pressure on Republic of Korea forces between Chongju and Umsong resulted in a planned withdrawal to a defence position along the Pogang river.

At Tanyang, an unidentified North Korean force is attempting to cross the Han river and strike eighth ROK division on the south bank.

OUTFLANKING

At Ochiri, 9 miles west of Tanyang and south of the Han river the fifth North Korean division is reported en route east with the possibility of outflanking the eighth ROK division. The fifth Korean division now holds Chongju and elements of that unit are probing south towards positions of 6th ROK division on the vital highway to Hamchang and Kunchang 10 miles south.

Elements of the 15th Northern Korean division are also reported moving east to join forces with the 5th North Korean division at Chongju. Enemy advances in this sector have been halted by terrain favourable to defence forces.

There were no reported major developments along the west coast. Steady southward elements of small enemy forces along this coast were harassed by Allied naval gunfire.

Far East naval forces continued patrolling blockade along Korean coasts with bombardments conducted at Yengyang.

BOMBING ATTACKS

The Fifth Air Force reported light bombers flew missions in support of ground troops and carried out bombing attacks on bridges in the vicinity of Ansong.

Fighters conducted close support missions and strafed highways, bridges and rail roads.

Far East Bomber Command reported medium bombers attacked in support of United States and ROK ground forces striking warehouses, marshalling yards and rolling stocks. Targets were reported left in flames.

Americans Chased Behind Kum

THREAT TO TAEJON: FALL FEARED

TOKYO, JULY 12, (PTI-REUTER).

NORTH KOREAN INVADERS, ADVANCING RELENTLESSLY BEHIND HEAVY ARMOURED SPEARHEADS, TODAY MENACED THE AMERICAN KUM RIVER DEFENCE LINE AND PRESSED SOUTH KOREAN FORCES INTO A PLANNED WITHDRAWAL TO THE POGANG TRIBUTARY.

Battle-weary G I's dug in along the tortuous Kum— their "line of no retreat"— under American-Australian air cover, but a communique from General MacArthur's headquarters here said North Korean pressure might force them to withdraw behind the river.

Communist potential in the Chonan-Chongju sector was estimated at two to three divisions. There are four American battalions in the area. Meantime, the communique said, pressure on South Korean forces between Chongju and Umsong had brought about a planned withdrawal to defence positions along the Pogang.

Chongju lies just north of the Kum river and Umsong about 13 miles west of Chongju. The Pogang river, which flows southwesterly into the Kum, lies about 18 miles north of Taejon, temporary capital of South Korea.

The Kum, 200 yards wide and twisting, forms the last natural tank barrier between the armoured invaders and Taejon.

At Taejon airfield, Dakotas streamed in to land men and materials to bolster the American holding force there.

As good flying weather held for the fourth straight day, American Shooting Star jets, Mustang fighters and Invader medium bombers along with Australian Mustangs attacked enemy thank and troops movements spotted along the invaders line.

TOKYO, July 13 (Tokyo Time): (PTI-Reuter): North Korean armour was believed massing early today for an all-out thrust against the last American defences before the South Korean capital of Taejon—hub of the all-important Kum river line.

REGROUPING AT NIGHT

American air power had made it "unprofitable" for the North Koreans to attempt large-scale movements in daylight. But in the Chonan area—half way between the 37th parallel and the Kum line—the Communist attackers regrouped nnder cover of darkness.

They had advanced in a two-pronged thrust, facing Americans on the western part of the front and South Koreans further east. Both drives were led by big tanks—some of 60 tons—which ground forward unhampered by bazooka fire.

American forces were bitter at the way in which they had been thrust back by superior numbers and heavier armour. a front-line despatch indicated.

"SENSELESS"

PTI-Reuter correspondent Roy MacArtney quoted Lieutenant Edward James, 25, of Columbus, Georgia, one of the infantrymen overrun yesterday as saying: "I went through the last war and never had to fight with our flanks uncovered. It's senseless—everybody knows it.

"You can't fight two divisions and heavy tanks with a couple of handfuls at a time."

Americans had fought hand-to-hand to save some of the positions from which they eventually were driven.

ASKED WHEN THE ORDER TO RETREAT WAS GIVEN, JAMES SAID: "WITH TANKS STARING YOU IN THE FACE AND YOU HAVE NOTHING BUT GRENADES AND CARBINES YOU DON'T WAIT FOR AN ORDER."

At headquarters here there was lit-

)Continued on Page 7, Col. 2)

NEW RUSSIAN VEHICLES WITH REDS

CHONGJU, Korea, July 12 (PTI-Reuter): Twenty North Korean jeeps captured noth of here yesterday were new Russian models, according to Walker Summons, Chicago Tribune correspondent. None of them had more than 500 miles on its speedometer. They had apparently been in service less than a week.

A Russian lorry captured in the same area had 501 miles on its speedometer.

Planes with red star markings seen recently over South Korea are believed to be newly delivered Russian craft rushed into service. There was no time to paint North Korean insignia on them.

Meanwhile, although no announcement has been made the United States obviously faces the task of rearming the South Korea army.

Tens of thousands of weapons were thrown away in the hysterical retreat. Most of its artillery and transportation were also lost.

BLUNDER & SLAPS

Chinchon, an important highway centre north of here, was lost this week through the blunder of a Korean regimental commander. Ordered to hold Chinchon, he moved his regiment out to attack a neighbouring city. While the troops were gone North Koreans moved in.

The KKorean Commanding General was so exasperated at the loss that when the Regimental Commander reported today the General beat him physically, stripped him of his rank and sent him to the rear for further punishment.

MOUNT MAO

LONDON, July 12. (PTI-Reuter): Soviet mountaineers, reaching for the first time the summit of an unnamed 15,770 foot mountain in Asiatic Russia, named it Mao Tse-tung, after the Chinese Communist leader, according to a Tass message from Khirgiz, which reached London today.

View of the conference table of the Security Council while Ambassador Sir Benegal Narsing Rau (fourth from foreground), Indian Representative and President of the Council opens the meeting to vote on the revised draft resolution on Korea submitted by the American Government. Around the table clockwise: Mr. Mahmoud Fawzi Bey of Egypt, M. Jean Chauvel of France, Mr. Trygve Lie, U. N. Secretary-General, Sir Benegal Narsing Rau of India, Mr. Konstantin E. Zinchenko, Asst. Secretary General for the Security Council Affairs, Mr. Arne Sunde of Norway, the empty seat of the U.S.S.R. delegate, Sir Teronce Shone of U. K. and Mr. Warren Austin of U. S.A.—UNATIONS.

AMERICANS TAKING A LICKING OFFICIAL ADMITS

'Must Hold The Line Somewhere'

WASHINGTON, July 12, (PTI- Reuter).

AN official American Army spokesman said tonight that the Americans were "taking a licking in Korea". But he added: "Every inch of ground will be contested".

The spokesman said the tactical situation was being handled as well as it could be in the circumstances.

He said the delaying action being fought by American troops was one of the most difficult operations of warfare.

"When we withdraw, it is utterly tragic that we frequently have to leave our wounded behind," he said.

"Every inch of ground will be contested so that we can build up our strength and hold the line somewhere."

He said the Kum river was an excellent defensive position, but refused to say whether he thought it could be held.

"Our forces have to hold their positions as long as possible to force the enemy to deploy in force", he said.

ENTIRE BATTALION WIPED OUT?

North Korean Claim

HONG KONG, July 12. (PTI-Reuter): A North Korean communique quoted by Peking Radio tonight claimed that an entire American battalion in South Korea was "encircled and wiped out" south of Chonan on July 9.

The communique quoted from Pyongyang Radio said North Korean troops continued their drive south on all fronts.

LONDON: Newspapers in Moscow today reported the North Korean claim that their landing parties have advanced "almost upto Pusan", says UPI.

A Moscow report says that the invaders have landed all along the east coast, presumbaly behind the defenders' lines and thus threaten the American arms port.

The Americans have already made preparations to evacuate Taejon, the South Koreans' provisional capital, still in their hands. The invaders have now occupied almost half of South Korea.

Dutch Contribution

HONG KONG: The Dutch destroyer "Evertsen" arrive at Hong Kong today from Indonesia on the way to Korea. The destroyer is the first Dutch contribution to the United Nations forces fighting the North Koreans. **She will sail tomorrow.**

ACHESON WARNS

WASHINGTON, July 12. (PTI-Reuter): The United States Secretary of State Dean Acheson warned tonight that aggression against Yugoslavia would be of the utmost seriousness. He had been asked at his weekly press conference to comment upon report of troop movements in Bulgaria seemingly directed against Yugoslavia.

Mr. Acheson replied he had seen these reports. He said there would be all kinds of reports—some good, some bad and some mere rumours. He said he would not want to comment on the truth or falsity of these reports.

He added gravely that it was obvious that further aggression in the tense world would be of the utmost seriousness.

POSTAL STRIKE POSSIBLE

MADRAS, July 12 (PTI): Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan, Socialist leader said here tonight that postal employees might have to hold a strike ballot for securing further increment in their dearness allowance.

LUCKNOW, July 12: The newly formed Democratic Conservative Party led by Begum Aizaz Rasul has been recognised as the main Opposition Party in the U.P. Legislative Council

Red Plot Foiled In Viet Nam

SEVERAL ARRESTS

SAIGON, July 12 (PTI-Reuter): Viet Namese police said their "commandos", armed with submachine guns and automatic pistols, today uncovered a plot to assassinate Bao Dai, head of the Viet Nam State, and his Cabinet and senior Government officials.

Police Chief Ingwyen Van Tam said all the main Viet Minh insurrectionary leaders in Saigon had been arrested.

The police commandos made a raid in the heart of Saigon on what they called an "assault Unit" of the Viet Minh insurrectionary Government of Indo-China.

Viet Minh assault leaders were surprised when asleep beside their loaded pistols.

Viet Namese police said, photographs found at the group's headquarters showed that Viet Minh agents intended shooting Bao Dai, his Prime Minister, Tran Van Huu, all his Cabinet Ministers, and a number of senior Government officials.

Pak Trade Pacts With Italy & Poland

LONDON, July 12. (PTI-Reuter): Pakistan's official six-man trade delegation, now in Britain, during its recent visits to Rome and Warsaw concluded trade agreements with Italy and Poland, it was learnt here today.

Both the agreements are of one-year duration each and are subject to ratification by the Governments concerned.

The trade agreement between Italy and Pakistan affects goods to the value of 27,000,000 sterling and was signed in Rome on June 30.

Under this agreement Pakistan will export to Italy raw goods, like jute, cotton, wool and hides and skins and tea, while Italy will in return export textiles, including cotton, silk, yarn and machinery and industrial plant.

This is the first trade agreement between the two countries.

The trade agreement between Pakistan and Poland, which will end on June 30, 1951, was signed in Washington on July 5.

It provides for a trade both ways of goods valued at about 14,000,000 sterling.

Under the agreement Poland will import Pakistan jute, cotton, rice, and tea in exchange for coal, metalware, chemicals and textile goods.

LONDON, July 12. (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Devdas Ganhdi, Editor of the Hindustan Times called on the British Prime Minister this morning. The meeting lasted fifteen minutes.

Nuclear Ships Are Round The Corner

LONDON, July 12, (PTI-Reuter).

THE British Government has placed a contract with a private engineering firm for drawings and costings of a prototype atomic power unit which could be used in large ships and warships, it was learned here today.

Sir John Cockroft, Director of the Government's chief atomic research station at Harwell, Berkshire, announced last month that some of Britain's leading atom scientists were studying the feasibility of using atomic energy to drive ships, including submarines.

The Ministry of Supply also published last month a cut away plan of a scientist's impression of the design of an atomic-propelled submarine.

Admiral of the Fleet Lord Fraser said at Amsterdam earlier this year that British atomic driven submarine were now in the experimental stage.

Estimates indicated that the weight of the large ship's propulsion machinery, developing perhaps 100,000 horse power, would be increased by about 1,000 tons, if powered by a nuclear reactor replacing the traditional methos of producing steam for turbines.

The additional load would be about equal to the oil fuel consumed by one of the "Queen" liners during 36 hours' running—therefore at least in theory advantages would be with the nuclear ship.

Doctor Arrested

BANARAS, July 12. (PTI): A doctor was arrested last night by the police on charges of profiteering in streptomycine, an important drug used for the treatment of T.B. patients.

The doctor is alleged to have refused to sell the drug to some persons and charged exorbitant prices from others.

The supply officer, who laid the trap, confiscated the stock of streptomycine from his dispensary.

Harijan Workers To Meet

NEW DELHI, July 12. (PTI): An all-parties Harijan workers' convention will be held in Delhi on August 12 and 13 under the presidentship of Mr. Kanhaya Lal Balmiki, M.P., the Secretary of the All-India and States Union National Harijan League announced today.

Sixty American young men and women believing international relations and world travel to be part of higher eduction are arriving in New Delhi on July 19. The party is now flying round the world in a chartered DC-4.

IMPERIAL BANK DIVIDEND

16 Per Cent Per Annum

BOMBAY, Wednesday: The Directors of the Imperial Bank of India at the meeting of the Central Board held here today declared a dividend to shareholders for the half-year ended June 30 1950 at the rate of 16 per cent per annum.

The profits available, including Rs. 54,92,200 brought forward from the previous half-year, amounted approximately to Rs. 1,23,85,100.

This sum was disposed of as follows:—1. Payment of dividend of 16 per cent per annum Rs. 45,00,000. 2. Transferred to Reserve Fund—Rs. 2,50,000. 3. Transferred to Pension Fund—Rs. 2,70,100. 4 Bonus to staff —Rs. 16,50.000. 5. Carried forward to next half-year—Rs. 57,15,000.

The average rate for demand loans during the half year was three and a half per cent.

Free Import Of Salt From Pakistan

NEW DELHI, July 12. (PTI): The Governments of India and Pakistan have agreed to allow with immediate effect import of rock salt from Pakistan into India freely without any licensing or payment restrictions.

Announcing this, a Commerce Ministry press note says that necessary instructions to export, import and customs authorities are being issued.

Company Law Revision: Committee To Examine

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

NEW DELHI, July 12: The Government of India in the Ministry of Commerce is setting up two committees, one to examine proposals for the revision of the Indian Company Law and the other for the regulation of the future markets. The proposals of both of these bills are in circulation for eliciting opinion. The committees will include high ranking businessmen such as Sir Purshottamdas Thakurdas. An announcement is expected shortly.

Dixon Meets PM

NEW DELHI, July 12 (PTI): Sir Owen Dixon, United Nations Mediator on Kashmir, was stated to have this afternoon discussed with the Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru, preliminary arrangements for a joint meeting of the Prime Ministers of India and Pakistan with himself.

Sir Owen's meeting with the Prime Minister lasted about 45 minutes. No meeting has been arranged for tomorrow.

Soon after his arrival this morning from Srinagar, the Mediator had a meeting with Sir Girja Shankar Bajpai, Secretary-General of the External Affairs Ministry, at Government House where he is staying.

Acheson On The Atom Bomb

WEAPONS "INCIDENTAL" TO AGGRESSION

WASHINGTON, July 12, (PTI-Reuter).

THE U. S. Secretary of State, Dean Acheson, commenting tonight on the Communist campaign to obtain signature for a peace petition against the use of the atomic bomb, said the question of weapons was incidental to the crime of aggression itself.

Mr. Acheson said that offers of ground troops from other United Nations to assist United States forces in Korea would be very helful. Mr. Acheson said the United States was taking up with the United Nations the answer to make to countries which had offered aid.

Mr. Acheson said some of these nations were still considering their offers and he did not wish to speak for them.

He said he could not say whether there had yet been any offers by other United Nations to include ground forces in their contributions in support of the United Nations resolution urging members to aid South Korea.

TYPE OF AID

In a formal statement, he said many states have indicated a desire to assist, but do not know what types of assistance within their capabilities would be useful. Advantage will be taken of these offers as soon as channels are set up.

He said the United Nations had not yet created the machinery to take full advantage of the vigorous support given to the resolution of the Security Council.

Regarding the thesis that the first nation to use atomic weapons would have committed a crime against humanity and should be branded as a war criminal, Mr. Acheson said: "It is obvious this is an utterly cynical begging of the question. The real crime against humanity is aggression and in particular the deliberate resort to armed aggression in defiance of the United Nations."

CONGRESS FAILURE A LESSON TO SOCIALISTS, SAYS ASOKA MEHTA

MADRAS, July 12 (PTI): Mr. Asoka Mehta, newly-elected General Secretary of the Socialist Party, said at a press conference here this evening that the Socialist Party did not believe in coming to power by "some sort of a ballot box miracle" in the elections.

"The failure of the Congress Party" Mr. Mehta said, "has taught us, and must teach us, profound lessons. The party will be able to satisfy the people only to the extent it has succeeded in building up a vast network of organisations and has drawn into it active workers in thousands. Because, through them alone, ultimately, a programme of reconstruction can be put through even when there is a government of our choice.

"The government is the coping stone and not a corner stone. That is the reason why we suggest that the main wok should not be to criticise, but to build up that organisational and institutional basis which will enable us not only to win parliamentary victories but make it worthwhile."

The programme of national revival, Mr. Mehta added, was only an attempt to place before the public a correct perspective. "There is a certain amount of difficulty in understanding the task that we have undertaken. The difficulty is natural because the task that we have placed before us is one of restoring to the people a correct perspective."

OUR TABULATED ADLETS

2 ANNAS PER WORD

PLUS advt.-tax @ one anna Per rupee

MINIMUM RS. 1/8.

To be paid in advance

SITUATIONS VACANT

Applications are invited for the following posts in the Scheme for Cotton Physiological Research, Indore. The posts are temporary and will exist upto 29th February, 1952. All things being equal, refugees will be given preference. (1) Statistical Assistant: Grade Rs. 160-10-300-E.B.-15-450. The candidate should be an M. Sc. in Statistics or should have passed the postgraduate course in statistics of the Indian Agricultural Research Institute or the Calcutta Statistical Institute if he is a B. Sc. with mathematics. (2). Agricultural Assistant: Grade Rs. 160-10-300. The candidate should be an M.Sc. by research in Agriculture with special training in the layout and conduct of field experiments with application of modern statistical technique. Diploma of Associateship of the Indian Agricultural Research Institute and Diplomas similar to it will be treated as at par with M. Sc. (3) Chemical Assistant: Grade Rs. 80-5-120-E.B.-8-200-10/2-220. The candidate should be a B. Sc. in Chemistry or Agricultural Chemistry with training in the methods of plant analysis. The above posts will carry the usual allowances admissible to posts of equivalent status under the Central Government. The applications should reach the Secretary, Indian Central Cotton Committee, 14, Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, Bombay 1, on or before the 25th July, 1950. (8230)

Wanted a trained graduate woman teacher interested in child welfare activities for work with hospitalised children. Candidate with teaching experience and handicraft or montessori training preferred. Good knowledge of Hindi, Marathi and Gujarati essential. Salary scale Rs. 100-5-200 plus Rs. 12/8/- compensatory local allowance, Rs. 15/- house rent allowance and Rs. 45/- dearness allowance. Apply immediately stating qualifications and experience to Box No. 8229 "Bombay Chronicle."

Wanted Clerks Graduates, Doctors and Engineers for "terms" apply Kapoor & Co., Employment Agents Cloth Market, Delhi. 1920

Wanted an experienced radiologist well versed in Electro. Therapy to take charge of the X-ray and physical Therapy Department of a private Hospital. Apply stating qualification, age and experience with testimonials to Box No. 1946 care Bombay Chronicle, Bombay. (1946)

Salary Rs. 95/- p.m. plus Commission to suitable representatives Apply Valley Tea Corporation, 37, Durgacharan Doctor Road, Calcutta—14 (1955)

EDUCATIONAL ADLETS

Admissions—Davar's College of Commerce—Golden Jubilee Session just commenced. Enrol immediately for Specialised Diploma Courses, such as Company Secretaries, Bank Officers, Chartered or International Accountants, General Commerce, Gregg Shorthand etc. Morning Classes. Tuition personal or postal. Call or write for Prospectus 51, Esplanade Road, Fort, Bombay. (1951)

Homoeopathy easily learnt Best postal training to pass the proposed Test. For prospectus apply: The Grace Medical Mission Mavelikara Travancore

Learn Shorthand by post in 6 weeks, practical training. Booklet free. India College of Shorthand, Guntur. (1954)

SINGING AND DANCING

Lessons in Singing, Dancing and Painting by Tej Rajendrasingh from 7 A. M. Kolhapur Palace, Warden Rd. (1962)

PROPERTY FOR SALE

For Sale 5,800 sq. yards land, suitable for Building near Ghodbander Road. Five minutes from Dahisar Railway Station Apply Ullal, Khatau Mill, Byculla, Bombay. (1959).

AGENTS WANTED

Wanted Agents to Canvass orders for Bhavani Carpets on Commission basis. Apply to V. Lakshmi & Co., Bhavani (via) Erode, S. India. 1957

Wanted Agents for securing orders of our High Grade Pictorial and Novelty Calendars. National Calendar Mfg. Co., Howrah. (8052)

LOANS & MORTGAGES

Loans Arranged on very easy terms. Apply sharp to: Mr. G. S. Monga, Narsinhji's Pole, Baroda. (1913)

MISCELLANEOUS FOR SALE

Shop at Decora for Italian and American tapestry fabrics, plain and printed evergiaze American Chintz Czech cut and painted glassware etc etc. 97A Queen's Road Bombay 1. (6778)

PUBLIC NOTICES

NOTICE

BY ADDITIONAL CUSTODIAN OF EVACUEE PROPERTY BOMBAY

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that MAHOMED AHMED MIRRIKH THANVI, son of Arif has applied for confirmation of oral dissolution of partnership and agreement, dated 16th April, 1948, in his favour by Mahomed Shafi, son of Arif and Mahomed Taher, son of Arif in respect of business carried on under the name and style of the Scientific Duplicator Manufacturing Co. at 150 Abdul Rehman Street, Bombay.

The application will be heard on the 19th day of July, 1950, at 12 noon in the Office of the Additional Custodian. Any person objecting to the transaction may appear at that time before the Additional Custodian of Evacuee Property, 3rd floor, Secretariat, Bombay.

Dated 12th July, 1950.

(8231)

PUBLIC NOTICE

THIS IS TO INFORM all concerned that Capt. E. M. MELLO CASTRO, Proprietor of Mello's Hotel, situate at Nicol Road, Ballard Estate, shall not be responsible for any loans or debts incurred by Mr. HEMANDAS or his representative now running Mello's Hotel on contract with effect from June, 1950, for one year.

Dated this 12th day of July, 1950.

(Sd.) Capt. E. M. MELLO-CASTRO, Prop. Mello's Hotel.

(1961)

BOMBAY STATE ROAD TRANSPORT CORPORATION.

TENDER NOTICE FOR THE SUPPLY OF FIRE EXTINGUISHERS.

1. Tenders are invited for the supply of Fire Extinguishers for the Bombay State Road Transport Corporation.

2. Tenders must be submitted in Sealed Covers superscribed "Tender for the supply of Fire Extinguishers" to reach the Stores Officer, State Transport, Ghodbunder Road, Santa Cruz, Bombay, before 12-00 hours on 31-7-1950, and will be opened at 12-00 hours on 2-8-1950 in the Central Office, State Transport, 31, Love Grove Road, Worli, Bombay 18.

3. Details of the Tender and other conditions of the Tender can be had at the Office of the Stores Officer, Ghodbunder Road, Santa Cruz, Bombay, on payment of Rs. 2/- on all working days between 10-30 A. M. to 2-30 P.M.

4. Bombay State Road Transport Corporation Board may accept or reject any Tender as a whole or a part of it, without assigning any reasons whatsoever.

MOTOR TRANSPORT CONTROLLER, State of Bombay.

(8233)

LEGAL NOTICES

NOTICE

ABDUL HOOSAIN NANJI, also known as ABDULLABHAI NANJI, has contracted to sell to my client land, admeasuring 25¼ gunthas or thereabouts, situate at Bhikar Mandli, Bandra, in Greater Bombay and registered in Books of Collector of Land Revenue under Survey No. 138. Hissa No. 1. Any person having any claim whatsoever by way of sale, mortgage, lien, gift, easement or otherwise howsoever against the said property is required to notify the same in writing to the undersigned within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to any such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

Dated this 13th day of July, 1950

S. A. NEEMUCHWALLA, Purchaser's Advocate.

2, Old Tata Blocks, Turner Road, Bandra.

(8232)

AUCTION SALES

GRAND AUCTION SALE of Valuable diamond and Emerald Jewellery on SATURDAY, the 15th Inst., at 3 P.M. at Flora Fountain, Fort, Yusuf Building 3rd. floor in the office of Messrs. Malvi Ranchoddas & Co. Attorneys for Seth Chimanlal Kuberdas Choksy under Power of Attorney obtained from Seth Rasiklal Chunilal Kapadia from Bombay Presidency Magistrate's Court. On view To-morrow M. MODY & CO. Auctioneers.

Under instruction from the B.B. & C.I. Railway and in accordance with the provisions of Sections 55 and 56 of the Indian Railways Act No. IX of 1890. MENESSE & CO., will sell by Public Auction on Friday, the 28th July 1950 at 2 p. m. (S.T.) at Carnac Bridge Goods Depot, certain Unclaimed booked and Unbooked packages, etc.

CONTRIBUTION TO SOCIAL UPLIFT

World Students Seminar Meets In Mysore

MYSORE, July 12, (PTI).

THE International Students Seminar organised by the International Students' Service and World Students Service Fund opened here today in the Assembly Hall of the Jagan Mohan Palace. His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore inaugurated the session.

Dean Paul Weaver, Director of the American Committee for the Seminar, said the inauguration of the Seminar in Mysore marked the realisation of a dream for a meeting of professors and students of various universities all the world over. It was the culmination of a series of efforts to correct the provincialism in American University life due to ignorance of life in other universities.

"Our meeting in Mysore", said the Dean, "can be a significant international meeting. If here we redress some of the ignorance each has about the other, if here we achieve the awareness of some common aims not only in spite — but because of differences in religious heritage, political ideal and educational methods, if here we plan useful intellectual contacts which will lead to joint efforts in dealing with problems of social development, then this inter-university Seminar will not have been held in vain: but on the contrary, we will be making a significant, if small, contribution to inter-university understanding and international concord.

Dr. Sigvard Wolontis, General Secretary of the International Students Service, said that during the past fourteen years, the I.S.S. had developed its programme to implement the objective of encouraging all efforts of students and professors to better the material conditions of life and to develop the cultural means of action inside universities so that they might become real centres of national and international life, intimately bound up with the social and economic realities of the modern world.

NO RECOURSE TO COURTS

Congressmen Threatened With Expulsion

NEW DELHI, July 12 (UPI): The Congress Working Committee today decided to hold the 56th annual session of the Indian National Congress at Nasik on September 12 and 13 next.

The Committee also decided that the election of the next President of the Congress will be held on August 26.

The Working Committee, by a resolution, further decided today that "any member of the Congress seeking redress in law courts relating to elections within the Congress organisational matters shall 'ipso facto' cease to be a member of the Congress, provided, however, that in regard to proceedings already started Congressmen, who have filed such suits or petitions are given one week from date hereof within which to withdraw them. The above rule will take effect after the week has elapsed in their cases also."

PRIMARY PANCHAYATS

Re-Election Decided On

In the case of West Bengal, Andhra and Rajasthan, the Congress Working Committee by another resolution decided, that "re-election of primary panchayats as well as delegates should be held.

"In the case of Mahakoshal, the Working Committee authorised the five-man Election Sub-Committee to deal with its disputes on these lines.

"The representatives of the Congress Working Committee who shall be in the exclusive charge of this task shall be; Shri B. Biswanath Das, former Premier of Orissa, Prof. Asrani of the Benares Hindu University and Sari Gokulbhai Bhatt, a member of the Congress Working Committee for West Bengal; Shri S. K. Patil, a member of the Congress Working Committee and Mayor of Bombay for Andhra and Sardar Pratap Singh for Rajasthan".

The resolution further adds: "Wherever necessary, the representatives shall have the right to re-open the decisions of the tribunals, districts and provincial".

PAKISTAN MIGRANTS

The Working Committee further decided that the ex-presidents of the Prajamandals in States cannot be ex-officio delegates in terms of the constitution.

The Committee also decided that the ex-presidents of the Provincial Congress Committees who have migrated from Pakistan can be ex-officio delegates to the Nasik Congress from the provinces they now reside in.

The Working Committee today appointed a three-man committee consisting of Shri Shankerrao Deo, Congress General Secretary, Dr. Profulla Cnandra Ghosh, former Premier of West Bengal and Shri Hare Krishna Mehtab, Minister for Industry and Supply to examine the working of the All-India Spinners' Association, Gram Uddyog Sangh, and Basic Education Committee in relation to the earlier resolutions passed by the Congress and make a report to the Working Committee.

The Working Committee today approved of the auditors' report of the A.I.C.C. accounts of the year ending 30th September, 1949 which will be circulated to the members of the A.I.C.C. at its next meeting.

DRIVE FOR ECONOMY IN MADHYABHARAT

Development Schemes To Be Scrutinised

INDORE, July 12 (PTI).

The Government of Madhyabharat has appointed a seven-man economy committee under the chairmanship of the Finance Minister to find ways and means to cut down the Government expenditure to the minimum. The Committee will consider retrenchment in certain departments.

Among other matters, the Committee will examine all the new schemes proposed by the Government in their budget to see whether any of them can be postponed until the finance of the State show distinct improvement.

The Committee, it is understood, will submit its report within three months.

MORE COTTON IN SAURASHTRA

Restrictions Withdrawn

RAJKOT, July 12 (PTI).

The Saurashtra Government has relaxed existing restrictions on cotton-growing in the State.

More land will be available for growing cotton as the decision taken last year for bringing 50 per cent of the land under foodgrains cultivation has been modified. The Saurashtra Government has decided not to levy any land revenue during the current year for additional land brought under cotton cultivation. These are among the measures being taken by the State Government in line with the cotton policy of the Government of India to tackle the shortage of cotton in the country.

Mysore Strike Ends

BANGALORE, July 12 (UPI): Twelve hundred employees of the Mysore Government electric factory in Bangalore ended their 48 hour strike this morning following an agreement reached with the management according to which the workers will be paid ex-gratia allowance equal to one month's pay instead of bonus as demanded by them.

Vana Mahotsava In Karwar

SCHOOL-CHILDREN TAKE PART

(From Our Correspondent)

KARWAR, July 12.

A gorgeous procession of adults, officials, non-officials, and over 2,000 school-children, the latter carrying saplings and shoots of trees highlighted the official celebration of the 'Vana Mahotsava' in Karwar on July 9. The procession was accompanied by the Police-band and film shots were had as the procession wended its way to the Karwar Jail garden, about a mile from the town. From publicity point the whole celebration was unique success.

"Mere plantation of seedlings and saplings would not yield any results. It should be seen that the seedlings planted are reared up properly," said Mr. M. K. Jadhav, Collector of Karwar, planting a coconut seedling in the garden of the Karwar Sub-Jail. The occasion was the official celebration of the "Vana Mahotsava". Over three thousand citizens, including over 2,000 students, has assembled to witness the ceremony which was shot by a movie film unit requisitioned specially for the purpose.

DISPUTE LEADS TO MURDER

A longstanding dispute regarding the right of access through a path to the cattle, between two parties, it is learnt, culminated this week in the murder of the person, aged about forty-two years, who was obstructing the path, in the Targaon village, in the Haliyal taluka. The person who had obstructed the path was assaulted by the opposite party with a stick and the man is said to have succumbed to the blows almost instantaneously. Mr. K. S. Hirasinha, District Superintendent of Police, Karwar, had been to the spot for investigation and the person who is alleged to have attacked the deceased with stick is said to have been arrested.

HIND MAZDOOR SABHA

Second Annual Conference In Baroda From July 29

BARODA, July 12 (PTI): The second annual conference of the Hind Mazdoor Sabha (Bombay Province) will be held in Baroda for three days from July 29.

Maniben Kara, President of the Provincial Organisation will preside. Munshi Ahmed Din, abour leader of Tatangar is expected ti inaugurate the conference.

Leading trade unionists and socialists of the province like Mr Asoka Mehta, Mr. N. M. Joshi and Mr G. G. Mehta will participate in the conference.

A conference of textile workers of the province will also be held simultaneously.

Army Consumes Less Alcohol

NEW DELHI, July 12, (PTI).

OVER-INDULGENCE in drinks in the army is a thing of the past, writes a P.T.I. correspondent who recently returned from a study tour of the Army institutions inCentral India.

During the tour which lasted over a fortnight the correspondent had informal discussions—individually and in groups—with officers in their messes with a view to ascertain what the Indian Army thought on current subjects.

The subjects which aroused great interest and where the trainees were rather "outspoken" was the much-discussed Prohibition which, incidentally led to the discovery of a fairly large number of teetotallers in the army.

A GALLUP POLL

According to a rough estimate among nearly fifty senior and junior officers who were questioned on the subject, 25 per cent were for total prohibition 50 per cent for drinking in moderation and under special conditions. The rest wanted "no interference" in the matter.

A young cadet just passed out from the National Defence Academy at Dehra Dun when asked to give his views referred to the C.-inC.'s message to the Army on June 6 and said it was a sound advice.

The relevant portion of the message reads: "I do not mind officers taking drinks moderately, but I do not like officers drinking just because they think that it is done in the Army. It is not done in the Army now. Excessive consumption of alcohol is bad for you financially, physically, morally and mentally."

One 32-year old Subedar on training at Panchmarhi School told me that he was opposed to any kind of prohibition in the Army. It is necessary for a soldier in the field to drink his traditional quota of issued rum at least in certain conditions", he said.

IN KASHMIR

He referred here to fighting in the snowy-clad mountains in Kashmir where according to him, total prohibition might lower the efficiency of the fighting forces.

Another interesting discussion—this time in a group—was held at the officers mess at Mhow. A high ranking officer with thirty years service in the army drinking in the army was on the lower salaries made drinking "almost prohibitive" for officers he said.

Another young officer of the rank of Captain undergoing training at the Armoured School at Ahmednagar quoted from the "Handbook of Military Hygiene" and said his views were the views expressed in the Manual.

"Alcohol is a luxury not a necessity", says the Manual. "Up to one and half ounces a day, it can be used in the body as a food, but in larger quantities it acts as a poison. Although popularly classed as a stimulant, its action is that of a "paralysant" and it dulls the wits and reduces the speed and precision of skilled movements.

'It should be used sparingly in the tropics, since an excess is one of the pre-disposing causes of heatstroke. It is of most value at the end of a hard day's work in cold and wet weather owing to the sense of warmth and comfort it produces."

Living at close quarters with the trainees at these institutions which represent a cross section of the Indian Army one comes to the conclusion that drinks play a minor part in the life of an average officer.

INDORE JOURNALISTS TO FORM UNION

(From Our Correspondent)

INDORE, July 10.

A meeting of the Journalists held here on Sunday under the presidentship of Mr. Y.D. Lokurkar (Times of India), resolved to form an association of the journalists of Indore. Over 35 pressmen attended the meeting. This was the fifth attempt to form an association of the journalists in the city. The meeting appointed a committee of Mr. Ishwarchandra Jain (Jagran), Mr. Ranvir Saksena (Nai Duniya) Mr. Kamlakant Modi (I. Samachar), Mr. B.K. Vaidva (U.P.I.) and Mr. Surya Narayan Sharma of The Bombay Chronicle to draft a constitution for the association. A general meeting of the journalists is expected to be held before the end of this month to approve the constitution.

ILL-TREATED HARIJANS

Seventeen caste-Hindus have been arrested at Pachlasi (Ujjain) on charge of mal-treatment towards the Harijans.

Srikrishna Jinning Factory and Motilal Jagganath Jinning Factory of Khargone and Mannalal Lachchiram Jinning Factory of Segaon (Nemar) having been found to defy the Factories Act. The managers and occupiers of these factories have been fined Rs. 100 each by a court.

The following persons are declared to have been elected as Congress delegates: BHIND DISTRICT - Mr. Harkishandas Bhoota, Mr. Harsewak Mishra, Mr. Narsinghrao Dixit, Mr. Kaliprasad Sharma and Mr. Ramdhan. GIRD DISTRICT - Mr. Krishnanand Madholia.

Only 14 out of a total of 81 delegates allotted to Madhyabharat now remain unelected. Most of these cases are before the Congress election tribunal while a couple of cases also lie before the law courts

AIR, RAIL AND MAIL TIMINGS

Arrival, Friday, 11-20 a.m.

Air Ceylon Services

ARRIVALS AT SANTA CRUZ

From Colombo and Trichinopoly (Friday) 13-45 hrs.
Karachi (Saturdays) 10-30 hrs.

DEPARTURES

To Trichinopoly and Colombo (Saturdays) 11-00 hrs.
Karachi (Fridays) 14-25 hrs.

Air Ceylon International

ARRIVALS AT SANTA CRUZ

From Colombo and Singapore and Sydney (Wednesday) 15-00 hrs.
London, Rome, Cairo and Karachi (Sunday) 12-30 hrs.

DEPARTURES

To Colombo and Singapore and (Sydney (Sunday) 14-00 hrs.
London via Karachi, Cairo and Rome (Wednesday) 16-30 hrs.

Air India Limited

ARRIVALS AT SANTA CRUZ

From:—

Delhi 06-15 hrs. 12-30 hrs. Delhi, Jaipur, Ahmedabad (Wed., Fri., Sat. & Mon.)	17-20 hrs.
Karachi	17-10 hrs.
Karachi, Ahmedabad	17-50 hrs.
Calcutta	12-50 hrs.
Colombo, Trichinopoly, Madras	15-50 hrs.
Madras (Tuesday, Thursday & Sunday)	11-45 hrs.

DEPARTURES FROM SANTA CRUZ

To:

Delhi 01-30 hrs. 08-30 hrs.	
Ahmedabad, Jaipur, Delhi TTues. Thurs. Fri. & Sun.)	11.50 hrs.
Karachi	10-00 hrs
Ahmedabad. Karachi	07-15 hrs.
Calcutta	07-30 hrs.
Madras, Trichinopoly, Colombo	09-00 hrs.
Madras (Mon. Wed. & Sat.)	12-15 hrs.

Air India International Ltd.

ARRIVALS AT SANTA CRUZ

From: London, Geneva and Cairo:

Stopping services (on Wednesdays and Fridays)	14-25 hrs.
London, Rome and Cairo Express Service (on Mondays)	14-25 hrs.
Nairobi via Aden (Every alternate Fridays)	07-00 hrs.

DEPARTURES

To Basra, Cairo, Geneva and London: Stopping Services (Tuesdays and Fridays) 17-00 hrs
Cairo Rome and London: Express Service (Sundays) 17-00 hrs
Aden and Nairobi (Every alternate Thursdays) 00-30 hrs.

The Air Services Of India Ltd.

(The Scindia Line)

ARRIVALS AT JUHU

From Delhi, Gwalior and Indore (on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays) 16-25 hrs.
Karachi, Bhuj and Jamnagar (on Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays) 17-35 hrs.
Bhuj, Jamnagar, Porbandar and Keshod (on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays) 15-45 hrs.
Rajkot and Bhavnagar (Daily) 13-20 hrs.
Bangalore and Poona (on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays, Saturdays and Sundays) 13-45 hrs

DEPARTURES

To Indore, Gwalior and Delhi (on Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays) 06-45 hrs
Jamnagar, Bhuj and Karachi (on Sundays, Wednesdays and Fridays) 08-00 hrs.
Keshod, Porbandar, Jamnagar and Bhuj (on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays) 08-00 hrs.
To Bhavnagar and Rajkot (Daily) 08-15 hrs
Poona and Bangalore (on Tuesdays, Wednesdays, Thursdays Saturdays and Sundays) 07-00 hrs.

Himalayan Aviation Ltd.

(Night Mail Service)

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Delhi 06-20 hrs
Calcutta 06-20 hrs
Madras 06-20 hrs
Nagpur 06-20 hrs

DEPARTURES

Delhi 23-40 hrs
Calcutta 23-40 hrs
Madras 23-40 hrs
Nagpur 23-40 hrs

Deccan Airways Ltd.

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Bangalore (Daily) via Hyderabad 11-30 hrs

DEPARTURES

To Bangalore via Hyderabad 9-30 hrs

INDIAN OVERSEAS AIRLINES

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Calcutta via Nagpur 13-55 hrs

DEPARTURES

To Calcutta via Nagpur 07-00 hrs

Orient Airways Arrivals

From Karachi (Mondays and Wednesdays) 13-00 hrs

DEPARTURES

To Karachi (Mondays and Wednesdays) 14-30 hrs

B. O. A. C.

ARRIVALS AT SANTA CRUZ

On Fridays: From New York Montreal, London, Rome, Cairo and Bahrein.

On Mondays: From Auckland Sydney, Darwin, Jakarta, Singapore and Colombo.

On Alternate Sundays: From New York, Montreal, London, Rome, Cairo and Karachi.

On Alternate Tuesdays: From Auckland, Sydney, Darwin, Singapore and Colombo.

DEPARTURES

On Fridays: To Colombo, Singapore, Jakarta, Darwin, Sydney and Auckland.

On Mondays: To Bahrein, Cairo, Rome, London, Montreal, New York.

On Alternate Sundays: To Colombo, Singapore, Darwin, Sydney and Auckland.

On Alternate Tuesdays: Karachi, Cairo, Rome, London, Montreal and New York.

Ethiopian Air Lines

Arrivals at Santa Cruz.

From Nairobi Addis-Ababa, via Karachi and Aden every other Wednesday 9-30 p.m.

Departures

To Addis-Ababa and Nairobi via Karachi and Aden every other Saturday at midnight.

Iranian Airways Co.

To Teheran, Friday, 4 p.m.

S. A. F. E. Air Transport

Arrivals at Santa Cruz

From Oslo, Tuesdays, 09-30 hrs
Hongkong, Saturdays, 17-30 hrs

Departures

To Oslo, Saturdays, 18-30 hrs
Hongkong, Tuesdays, 10-30 hrs

G.I.P. Railway Timings

Arr. at Victoria Ter minus hrs.	Trains.	Depart. from Victoria Terminus hrs.
4-25	Allanabad Express	23-45
6-15	Madras Mail	22-25
6-30	Amritsar Express	23-10
8-25	Cal Mail (Nag.)	17-10
10-30	Deccan Queen	17-00
11-35	Poona Mail	17-20
12-30	Cal Mail (All)	20-10
13-15	Madras Express	14-00
13-55	Nagpur Express	21-35
22-30	Poona Passenger	12-30
14-45	Punjab Mail	15-55
19-15	Poona Express	8-15
17-55	Janata Express	7-15

B.B. & C.I. Railway

Arr. (at Bombay Central) hrs.		Depart. (From Bombay Central) hrs.
6-00	Ahmedabad Passenger	21-45
6-30	Meerut Express	21-30
7-10	Janata Express	20-10
7-55	Gujarat Mail	20-50
9-00	Frontier Mail	18-35
10-55	Saurashtra Mail	19-30
15-45	Ahmedabad Passenger	13-05
20-25	Baroda Passenger	8-40
21-00	Saurashtra Express	8-00

MAIL SERVICES

(Latest hours of posting at G.P.O. Bombay).

For	Without late fee hrs	With late fee hrs.
Nagpur Calcutta, Madras (night service)	19-30	20-30
Delhi (night service)	20-30	—
Ahmedabad and Karachi	22-00	—
Delhi	22-00	—
Madras, Trichinopoly and Colombo	22-00	—
Calcutta and Nagpur	22-00	—

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

CITY & SUBURBS

HINDU: Adhik Ashad Vad 13 2006.
MUSLIM: Ramjan 26 1369.
PARSI: Behman 14 1319.
SUNRISE: 6-9 a.m., SUNSET: 7-20 p.m.
HIGHTIDE 11-34, 22-52, LOWTIDE: 04-24, 17-34.

Today's Engagements

MUNICIPAL CORPORATION : Meeting at 3 p.m.

BOMBAY WOOL MERCHANTS ASSOCIATION: Press conference at 5-30 p.m. at Forbes Bldg., top floor, Home Street.

Y. M. C. A.: Brains Ttrust, at 6-30 p.m., at 12 Wodehouse Road. Penel Mr. P. Narayan Prasad (Q.M.), Lady Rama Rau, Mrs. Sanderson and Dr. D. G. Vyas.

TODAY'S RADIO

THURSDAY, JULY 13.

BOMBAY

7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee. 7-40 Aj Ka Karyakram. 7-45 Hindi By Radio, Hindi Lessons in G. 8-15 Vinodini Dixit, Khayal. 12-45 p.m. Tantrakari. 1-10 Geetika. 1-40 Dancing Time. 4-20 School Broadcast. 5 Vilayat Husain Khan, Khayal. 5-30 Wonderland. 6-10 N M Godbole Violin recital. 6-30 Vasantao Rajopadhye, Khayal. 7 S. J. Gandhi, G. songs. 7-10 Locals. 7-20 S M Wakanaka, M Pad. 7-30 Vasantrao Rajopadyhe, Bhavani. 7-45 Kamgar Sabha. 8-30 Navi Vicharsarnini Jaroor. 8-45 Bhadfam Bhadra. 9-15 S J Gandhi G. songs. 9-45 Sportfolio. 10 A classical Concert.

VARIATIONS: 7-30 a.m. Bhor Bhaee. 8-45 Vinodini Dixit, L M Sons 1 p.m. S M Wakankar, Bhavgeet. 5245 Ganeshrao Heble, K. songs. 6 S M Satan and Party, Abhang. 6-20 Gaon Panchayat. 6-50 Grampanchayati. 8-15 Hindi by Radio. 8-30 Topic of the Day. 8-40 Master Krishnarao. 8-45 Kavita Vachan. 9-30 Chitrapat Se. 9-45 Ratnakant Ramnathkar Jaltarang solo. 10 Malharen.

'Valmiki' Goes On Air

'Valmiki' will be introduced to children by All India Radio, Bombay, in its programme "WONDERLAND" to be broadcast tomorrow at 5-30 P.M. The progrmme will also inciude a feature by Piloo Nariman and also items like 'Fun with Music', 'Question Time' and 'Replies to Listener's letters'. The programme can be heard on 244 and 41.44 meters.

BARODA

7-30 a.m. Ram Rat Lagi. 7-45 Today and Tomorrow. 7-50 Vrajlal N Kashhiya. 8-30 Dilruba and Sarangi Duet. 6-10 p.m. Dilruba and Sarangi Duet. 6-30 Gramjano Mate. 7-15 Prachin Granthoman Kashmir. 7-30 Sagar Mistry. 8 Vrajlal N Kachhiya. 8-10 Locals. 8-30 Phool Chhab. 9-30 As in Ahmedabad.

AHMEDABAD

7-30 a.m. Prabhat. 7-40 Valvidhya. 8-15 Savarno Ek Rag. 8-30 Arvind Dholakia. 5-30 p.m. V R Athavale, Thumri. 6-10 As in Baroda. 6-30 Rakhe Bhulta. 6-45 Sarangi Par Purla. 7 Ramnik Aralwala Krut Geeto. 7-30 Majoor Bhaio Mate. 8 Locals. 8-30 Malhar Na Be Prakaro. 9-30 Valmiki.

B B C

GENERAL OVERSEAS SERVICE: 7 a.m. Land and Livestock. 7-45 Here's Howard. 8-15 Stock-Taking. 8-30 From the Third Programme. 10 Programme Parade. 10-10 John Reynders. 10-30 Starlight Hour. 11-45 Sports Review 12 Music in Miniature. 12-45 p.m. Programme Parade. 1-30 A Year I Remember. 2-30 Puffney Post Office. 3 BBC Symphony Orchestra. 3-45 Sentences and Words. 4 Charlie Kunz at the Piano. 4-15 Sporting Record. 4-45 Jane Eyre. 5 The Piano for Pleasure. 5-15 Generally Speaking. 5-45 Pavilion Players. 7-45 Jersey International Road Race. 8-30 International Eisteddeford. 9-45 Programme Parade. 10-30 Life in Britain.

EASTERN SERVICE: 7-30 p.m. Tamilosai. 8 Behnon Ki Khidmat Men. 8-15 Sunne Ki Baten. 8-30 Sabras.

RADIO GOA

THURSDAYS

7 a.m. Bill Bailey's Musical Clock. 9 Famous Ensembles. 9-15 Dance Music. 9-30 The Stars Sing. 9-45 Keynotes by Carle. 10 Meet the Band. 10-30 Tropicana 10-45 Pipes of Melody. 11 Concert Hall of Air. 12 Salon Serenade. 12-30 p.m. Strike Up the Band. 12-45 "Pop" Concert. 1 Variety Programme. 2 The Four Knights 2-15 Drifting on a Cloud. 2-30 Airlane Melodies. 2-45 Piano Playhouse. 3 Concert Hall of Air. 4 Indian Film Music. 5 Urdu Programme. 6 Candlelight and Silver. 6-30 On Wings of Song. 6-45 Mike Mysteries. 7 Hit Parade. 7-30 Music Without Words.

ELECTRIC MOTORS
for Sewing Machines
Universal Type, A.C., D.C.
Limited Ready Stock
PEDNEKAR & Co. Ltd.
172, Girgaum Road., Bombay 4.

Meet OM & his BALAM in
SADIQ PRODUCTIONS LTD.'S
SABAK
Directed by M. SADIQ
ROXY Daily: 3-15, 6-15, 9-15 p.m.
PALACE Daily: 3-30, 6-30, 9-30 p.m.
PARADISE Daily: 12-30, 3-30, 6-30, 9-30.
VYANKATESH (Parle), DIAMOND (Borivli), JAWAHAR (Kurla), ALLWYN (Kalyan).
An India Film Exchange Release.

PREVENTION OF FOOD WASTAGE

Refrigeration Plant For Bombay At Kolaba

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

HEAVY machinery for a large-size ice and cold storage plant is already in process of installation at Kolaba in Bombay for the pilot fishery station of the Government of India to produce 20 tons of ice every day and store at a time 100 tons of chilled fish and 250 tons of frozen fish ready for transport outside Bombay.

The Refrigeration Division of the Ministry of Agriculture carrying out this scheme to prevent wastage of precious food is also assisting the State Government in setting up a vas milk cooling and storing plant of a total capacity of 85,000 lbs. at the Arey Milk Colony.

These and several other schemes in Madras and Calcutta form part of a country-wide drive to save perishable food stuff with a view to achieving food sufficiency.

57 STORAGES

The Advisory Committee on Refrigeration which met in Bombay last month had decided in favour of establishment of a Central Refrigeration Reseasch Institute to study all aspects of storage conditions in India and encourage increased usage of ice plants. Starting with only 2 cold storages in 1947, India now possesses 57 with totas capacity of 7,70,000 maunds of potatoes. Nine additional storages are utilized for subsidiary food stuff of perishable types and it is urged that greater use of these storages ought to be made throughout the year for preservation of fruits, vegetables, milk products, ghee, eggs, fish, meat etc.

Alongside the Grow More Food campaign, it was emphasised, equitable use of refrigeration facilities should be made to prevent wastage of what is already produced in the country. The railway authorities have also announced their intention to make available about a dozen refrigerated vans for internal transport of perishable food stuffs at concessional rates on broad-gauge lines.

MANY PROCESSES

Fuller utilization of the existing ice manufacturing units is being advocated by experts as a short term plan since, by common consent, ice still remains the best natural preserving agent despite many other scientific inventions.

Various processes of food preservation, some of them traditionally familiar to Indian house-wives, include canning, drying, salting, dehydrating, candying, jamming, pickling and freezing. A new and startling way of preserving food has reportedly come about with the development of atomic power.

By electronisation or the bombardment of food with elestrical power at great intensity all growth is immediately stopped and bacteria sterlized. The credit for the discovery of this process belongs to two German scientists.

With he growth of cities, the problem of food preservation becomes more and more important, but ice remains the best natural preserving agent. Tins of ham and fruit taken by Sir Ernest Shackleton on his 1914-17 Antarctic expedition were found 30 years later still perfectly fresh, in the ice of McMurdo Sound, it is pointed out by experts.

SABHA LEADERS TO BE RELEASED

Grounds Of Detention Vague, Holds High Court

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

(Before the Hon'ble the Chief Justice and Mr. Justice Gajendragadkar).

Their Lordships set aside the detention orders passed by the District Magistrate of Poona in April last under the Preventive Detention Act against L.B. Bhopatkar former President of the Hindu Mahasabha, his son J. L. Bhopatkar, G. V. Ketkar editor of the Marathi bi-weekly "Kesari" and S.R. Date editor of the Marathi daily "Kal," all members of the Hindu Mahasabha and ordered their release forthwith.

Their Lordships also made a suggestion that V. D. Savarkar the aged leader of the Hindu Mahasabha who had also filed a Habeas Corpus petition the further hearing of which was adjourned, should be ordered to be released by the Government.

In Their Lordships' opinion the ground of detention as against Date viz that he was inciting Hindus against Muslims was vague. As far as L. B. Bhopatkar was concerned, the grounds of detention showed that the District Magistrate in issuing the order had been influenced by the consideration that he was a leader of the Mahasabha, which in Their Lordships opinion was a political party not banned by Government whose object was lawful, although opposed to the party in power.

Their Lordships ordered the release on Wednesday of detenus in all, who were members of the Mahasabha or of the Communist party.

CESS ON IRRIGATION INCREASED IN POONA

BOMBAY, Wendesday: The irrigation cess in the Poona District will be increased from two annas to three annas on every rupee of water rate leviable under the Bombay Irrigation Act, 1879, from August 1.1950, it was officially announced today.

The cess is being increased by the Government on a proposal from the District Local Board, Poona, in that behalf. Out of the three annas in the rupee, the Board intends to assign 15 pies for education, 15 pies for communications in the irrigated tract only and the remaining six pies for other works, in the district.

Radio Sonde Station Set Up At Juhu

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A radio-sonde station has been set up at the Juhu airport, about 15 miles from Bombay, early this month by the Indian Meteorological Department to record the temperature upto a heigh of over five miles.

This is the third radio-sonde station to function on the west coast, the other two being situated in Veraval and Trivandrum.

Daily records of temperature and humidity of the atmosphere are being made with the aid of baloons carrying automatic radio signals. The stations is useful in providing accurate information about the temperature conditions for aircraft flying west. It is also expected that these ascents will provide new information about monsoon currents as they first strike the west coast.

In India, there are in all eleven radio-sonde stations already set up by the Department including those in Delhi, Calcutta, Madras, Vizagapatam, Nagpur, Poona and Jodhpur.

Gales Expected In Kathiawar

ALL-INDIA WEATHER

POONA, July 12, (PTI): The following is the weather summary for Wednesday.

The shallow depression at the head of the Bay of Bengal has passed inland across the Orissa coast and lies this morning as a low pressure area north Orissa and the adjoining parts of Gangetic West Bengal. It is likely to move west-north-west or north-west. A low pressure are alsa lies over Rajasthan.

The monsoon has been vigorous in south-east Rajasthan, Gujarat and the north Konkan and active over the rest of the country except in southern half of the Peninsula, in Bihar and east Uttar Pradesh where local or scattered showers have occurred.

FORECAST VALID UNTIL THURSDAY EVENING: Rainfall will continue to be widespread and increasing in Chota Nagpur, Gujarat, Saurashtra and Kutch and in and the hills of the Punjab. Widespread rain will also occur in north-east India, the central parts of the country, south Rajasthan and the Konkan. There will be local rain elsewhere in northern India, Malabar-South Kanara, Travancore Cochin, North Deccan (Desh) and north Hyderabad.

HEAVY RAINFALL AND GALE WARNING: Locally very heavy rain is likely in Gujarat and Saurashtra and locally heavy rain in Chota Nagpur, north east Madhya Pradesh, Kutch the Konkan and the hills of Punjab (Ind.) during the next 48 hours. Gales are likely along and off the Kathiawar-Konkan coast.

Following is the daily weather chart showing the maximum and minimum temperatures and rainfall in inches during the past 24 hours from 1st July 1950, and departure from normal recorded at 08-30 hours I.S.T. on July 12, 1950:—

Akola — 74 0.1 3.0 minus 5.9, Allahabad 92 77 0.2 5.5 minus 4.1, Ambala 82 — — —, Bangalore 77 66 T 1.8 minus 2.7, Baroda 84 75 5.2 11.3 plus 0.7, Banaras 94 80 0 12..7 plus 4.0, Bhavnagar 88 77 T 8.0 plus 1.4, Bhopal 84 72 0.1 6.9 minus 5.5, Bhuj nil, BOMBAY 84 74 2.0 24.0 minus 6.2, Calcutta 91 79 0.2 17.8 plus 1.1, Cochin 83 75 0.5 35.3 minus 3.5, Darjiling 71 58 1.2 69.6 plus 32.4, Delhi 86 77 2.1 7.0 plus 0.8, Hyderabad 83 71 0.2 6.4 minus 0.1, Indore 81 71 0.1 4.8 minus 5.3, Jaipur 83 77 0.2 2.0 minus 3.3, Kanpur — 81 0.1 4.1 minus 2.0, Karachi 85 79 0 0 minus 1.6, Kodaikanal 63 51 0 3.2 minus 2.9, Lahore 95 nil, Lucknow 91 81 0.3 5.3 minus 3.6, Madras 96 81 0 2.9 minus 0.3 Mussoorie 66 58 0.6 20.4 plus 3.9, Mysore 76 68 T 2.5 minus 1.1, Nagpur 82 73 3.1 10.5 minus 3.9 Patiala 82 — — —, Patna 93 81 0 13.5 plus 1.8 Poona 76 70 0.8 3.3 minus 3.6, Rajkot 89 75 1.7 3.1 minus 4.9, Ranchi 84 73 0.7 23.5 plus 8.6 Shillong 78 65 1.3 40.0 plus 15.7, Simla 64 59 0.4 22.2 plus 9.4, Trivandrum 84 75 0.1 8.5 minus 8.1 Udaipur 80 73 0.1 5.5 minus 0.9.

Dr. Austin Dowell

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Dr. Austin Dowell, Professor of Agricultural Economics, University of Minnesota, U.S.A., visited the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Institute nd the Bombay Provincial Co-operative Bank on Monday (10th July 1950) and discussed with the office bearers problems connected with the agricultural economy of the country.

Mr. Jagjivan Ram

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Mr. Jagjivan Ram, India's Labour Minister, who was due to arrive in India from Europe on July 24, will now arrive in Bombay on July 17, according to information received here today by Mr. N. S. Kajrolkar, M.L.A. Bombay.

Mild Cyclone Hits City

Heavy Showers Expected

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

STORM signal No. 3 was hoisted in the Bombay Docks this morning, as the city was hit by mild cyclonic winds which reached a velocity of 52 miles an hour at 8-30 a.m. No serious incident, however, has been reported except, the uprooting of trees and wrenching off of boards in certain areas of the city. The transport systems, both railway and vehicular, functioned without interruption. Part of a bus shelter is reported to have collapsed.

During the 24 hours ended 8-30 a.m. today Santa Cruz and Juhu recorded a rainfall of three inches each and Colaba two inches. Bombay's total rainfall since June 1 is 24 inches which is 6.2 inches below normal.

During the next 24 hours, the city and suburbs will have frequent sh owers accompanied by squally winds and showers may be heavy at times, according to a weather bulletin issued today.

Heavy Rainfall In Baroda

LOW-LYING AREAS FLOODED

BARODA, July 12 (PTI). Baroda experienced the heaviest downpour of the season when 4.69 inches of rain fell during last night. Heavy rains wiped out the city's deficit in rainfall, by bringing the total for the season to 11.30 inches.

The lowlying areas of the city were flooded.

It is feared that last night's rain may cause damage to crops as sowing operations were commenced only recently and the young sprouts might not have taken firm roots in the soil.

WELCOME RAINS IN SANGLI

SANGLI, July 12 (PTI).

Sangli had the first intermittent showers yesterday since the advent of the monsoon.

This eagerly-awaited rain will enable the people to start sowing operations soon.

KOSI FLOOD VICTIMS

Centre's Help Sought

PATNA July 12 (PTI): Shortage of foodstuffs and kerosene oil is causing great hardship to the people of Darbhanga and Saharsa Districts affected by the Kosi River floods, according to eye-witness reports.

The Kosi Sub-Committee of the Bihar Provincial Congress Committee has submitted a scheme to the Bihar Government recommending the creation of a separate portfolio and a separate department for organising relief in the Kosi devastated areas and for enabling Government to come into close and direct touch with the various problems concerning the affected people.

SUPPLY OF BOATS

The new Department under the scheme would be responsible for adequate supply of country boats, motor boats, and amphibious jeeps, and opening of relief huts and camps for evacuation and resettlement of the worst affected people.

The scheme also recommends the opening of a network of relief units which besides giving relief, should make serious study of the affected areas and their people with a view to providing the sufferers with employment.

As the scheme is likely to prove costly, the Committee has suggested that the Centre should be "legitimately and fruitfully" approached for financing it liberally.

Dacoits Loot Property

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 12: Dacoits armed with firearms raided Moria village in Banaskantha in broadday light nd looted property worth Rs. 15,500. It is said a gang of dacoits is roaming in this district.

Rivers In Spate

RAJKOT: Railway bunds have been washed off at some places in Gohilwad and Amreli Distict following heavy rains in the last 48 hours according to reports received here.

Widespread rains have stopped bus services in many parts of the State.

Many rivers are also in spate, these reports said.

Rajkot is having continuous rain since last night. Last night's rainfall was 1.6 inches bringing the total for the season to 3.15 inches.

PROTECTION FOR WITNESS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Shantaram Ramchandra Datar, Cashier of the Sholapur Mills Limited, and one of the accused in the Sholapur Mills Case, was given protection under Section 32 of the Indian Evidence Act when he appeared to give testimony before Mr. R. H. Parikh, Presidency Magistrate, Esplanade Court, today.

The accused in the case are Messrs. Sholapur Mills Limited, Ramkumar Srinivas Morarka, and Mangesh Divekar, who are charged with alleged violation of the Indian Demonetisation Ordnance, 1945.

A. I. C. C. Election Echo

RESTRAINT NOTICE ON PARTY MEN

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

(Before the Hon'ble Mr. Justice Coyajee).

Ajit G. Desai .... Plaintiff.

vs.

G. N. Desai and another on behalf of themselves and all others purported to have been elected as delegates to the forthcoming session of Indian National Congress ..... Defendants.

His Lordship granted to the plaintiff, a primary member of the Indian National Congress, leave to serve a short-dated Notice of Motion to restrain the defendants from electing office-bearers to the Bombay Provincial Congress Committee and representatives of the City of Bombay on the All-India Congress Committee on 18th July 1950 or at any other time. His Lordship made the Motion returnable for argument on Friday at 2-45 p.m.

The plaintiff had filed his suit inter alia for a declaration that the purported election on 9th July 1950 of 45 delegates to the forthcoming Session of the Indian National Congress was illegal and void, and that the Provincial Congress Committee for the City of Bombay as constituted by the said delegates was not validly formed and constituted in as much as no electoral rolls had been prepared, nor had the constituencies been properly demarcated as required by the Constitution of the Indian National Congress.

Mr. M. S. Vakil, Mr. R. J. Joshi and Mr. A. A. Mundagi instructed by Messrs Gagrat & Co. appeared for the plaintiff.

REPRESENTATIVES TO A. I. C. C.

B.P.C.C. Meeting To Elect

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

A Congress House press note says: Under Article Ten of the Congress Constitution and Article VII of the B.P.C.C. Constitution a meeting of the Delegates from the Bombay (City) Province who constitute the new B.P.C.C. will be held on Tuesday. July 18 at 6-30 p.m. at the Congress House to transact the following business:

1. Election of 6 Representatives to the A.I.C.C. (Declaration of results)
2. Election of Office-bearers: (a) President (b) Vice-President (c) Two General Secretaries (d) Treasurer.
3. Election of 6 members on the Executive and.
4. Any other business allowed by the Chair.

Delegates are requested to make it convenient to be present in time.

AIRPORT FOR MANGALORE

Official Survey To Be Taken Up

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Government of India are considering the construction of an aerodrome in Mangalore, 450 miles from Bombay, it was learnt here today.

Two high officials of the Civil Aviation Department, Mr. K. M. Raba-Deputy Director-General of Civil Aviation and Mr. M. L. Nanda, Superintending Engineer of C.P.W.D. Aviation Wing (Bombay) have been asked to survey a suitable site for a runway.

Mr. Nanda who left Bombay for Mangalore yesterday will stay there for fifteen days.

NANDA IN ORISSA: Mr. Gulzarilal Nanda, Vice-Chairman of the Planning Commission and Mr. R. K. Bose, Public Works Minister of Orissa, visited the Arab-ki-Sarai training-cum-work centre on July 10 and discussed the scope for the use of Japanese machinery for expanding cottage industries in India.

FOR FIGHTING DREAD DISEASE

What Corporation Spends On Lepers

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Facts and figures with regard to the expenses incurred by the Bombay Municipality in the cause of the segregation and treatment of lepers in the City during 1949-50, have been furnished to the Standing Committee of the Municipal Corporation, by the Municipal Commissioner.

The Municipal Commissioner has stated that from March 1, 1947, the Bombay Municipality was paying Rs. 30 per head for the maintenance of resident leprosy patients and Rs. 1 per head per day for the non-committed leprosy patients in the Acworth Leprosy Home.

Last year the Bombay Municipality had to pay Rs. 21,530 and Rs. 18,204 for patients under the two heads.

Considering that the rupee per day per head as inadequate, the Municipal Commissioner has requested that this allowance be raised by two annas per head, and the monthly grant of Rs. 30 per patient be also raised to Rs. 33-12-0.

GOVERNMENT SOAP FACTORY, BANGALORE

ANNOUNCEMENT

DUE TO HIGH COST OF RAW MATERIALS, with great reluctance the Factory has been compelled to Increase the Rates of Soaps The public are hereby informed that with effect from 1ST JULY, 1950, the prices of the following products of the Factory are revised as follows:

Name of the Product.	Wholesale rate (per doz)	Retail rate (per cake)
MYSORE SANDAL SOAP (SPECIAL) ..	19 12 0	1 11 0
MYSORE JASMINE SOAP ..	7 0 0	0 9 9
MYSORE LAVENDER SOAP ..	7 0 0	0 9 9
MYSORE SANDAL SOAP ..	7 0 0	0 9 9
MYSORE SANDAL BATH TABLET (big) ..	14 8 0	1 4 0
MYSORE LAVENDER -do- " ..	14 8 0	1 4 0
MYSORE JASMINE -do- " ..	14 0 0	1 3 6
MYSORE GUEST TABLETS (big) ..	3 8 0	0 5 0
MYSORE GUEST TABLETS (med) ..	1 12 0	0 2 6

ALL PRICES ARE F.O.R. DESTINATION (nearest Rly. Stn). SALES TAX BEING EXTRA.

ENQUIRE FOR particulars from our SOLE SELLING AGENTS:
for BOMBAY PRESIDENCY & RAJPUTANA STATES:
Messrs. THE ASSOCIATED SALES CORPORATION, Fort Chambers, Hamam Street, Fort, BOMBAY. Branch Office for Bombay City.
HEAD OFFICE: M/s. ASSOCIATED SALES CORPORATION, "Bombay House," BASAVANGUDI P.O. Bangalore—4.

New Executive Of Socialist Party

NARENDRA DEVA, CHAIRMAN NOW

MADRAS, July 12, (PTI): The National Conference of the Socialist Party today unanimously elected Acharya Narendra Dev as Chairman of the Party Executive. Mr. Ashoka Mehta was elected General Secretary and Mr. Prem Bhasin, Mr. Madhu Limaye and Mr Rohit Dave, Joint Secretaries. Mr. M. Harris was elected Treasurer

The following are the members of the new National Executive:—Messrs. Hareshwar Goswami, Surendranath Dwivedi, Ajit Roy, Sibanath Banerjee, Magen Lal Bagdi, Sukumar Tagore, Swami Bhagwan Rammanohar Lohia, Damodar Swarup Sait, Jagadish Joshi, Tilakraj Chhadha, Mahadev Singh K. B. Menon, A. Chakradhar, S. R. Subramanyam N. G. Gorey, Jayaprakash Narayan, Ram Nandan Misra and G. S. Sinha

Parallel Congress Body

JUBBULPORE, July 12 (UPI): A parallel Congress organisation, kown as the "Jana Congress," has been formed in the Vindhya State by Sardar Narmada Singh, a former Revenue Minister, Vindhya Pradesh.

The Sardar has also organised the Vindhya Raksha Sangh with object of opposing the proposed disintegration of the Vindhya Pradesh Union and its merger with the neighbouring States.

PRESIDENT'S ADDRESS ON JULY 31

Parliament Session Programme

NEW DELHI, July 12 (PTI): The dates of the forthcoming session of Parliament have been provisionally fixed from July 31 to August 11.

No meetings have been fixed for Saturdays for the time being, which means that there will be in all ten days for meetings of Parliament if the provisional programme is adhered to.

July 31 will obviously be taken up by the President's address. No other business will be put down on that date. This will give members time to study the address and table amendments.

Questions have been allotted for nine days beginning from August 1. The Ministries have been divided into three groups. Questions relating to the implementation of the Indo-Pakistan Agreement will be answered by the Prime Minister.

As this is a special session and not the normal autumn session no days have been allotted for private members' business. In any case, it would not have been possible to hold ballots in view of the short interval between the date of the announcement of the session and its beginning. This does not, however, prevent private members from representing to the Government that a day or so may be allotted for the discussion of an agreed resolution or bill.

The authorities are still examining where the session should be held. The Constituent Assembly Hall is considered unsuitable for the purpose of holding a session of Parliament—for one thing the galleries are too high—and the question of making arrangements in the Council of State Chamber are being examined. There are only 120 fixed seats in this Chamber as against an average attendance of 220 members in the last session of parliament.

This is the first time that the summons for a session of Parliament has been issued by the President.

Trade Union Rights In Peril

RAISE 'AVALANCHE OF OPPOSITION'

Socialist Resolution On Labour Bills

MADRAS, July 12 (PTI).

THE Socialist Party Conference, now in session here, adopted a resolution today describing the Trade Unions Bill and the Labour Relations Bill now before the Indian Parliament as "obnoxious" and called upon the members and the working classes in the country "to raise an avalanche of opposition" in the event of the Bill being enacted.

The Conference appealed to the members to co-operate with the Hind Mazdoor Sabha in its "Direct Action" to resist such legislation.

The resolution stated: "A free trade union movement is the bastion of democracy. Without free trade unionism, democracy is ever in peril. The economic rehabilitation of India, especially industrialisation, is possible only with the co-operation of the workers made available by a free trade union movement.

The resolution added that the two Bills "violate the fundamental trade union rights of workers and will not help to fulfil their basic human needs. They may in reality worsen the unemployment situation and intensify of the economic crisis n the country, while the trade union movement itself may lose freedom and strength."

One of the grounds for opposition, given in the resolution is that "Government interference at practically every stage of the labour dispute, and particularly with the independence of the judiciary, is one of the most obnoxious features of the two Bills.

VITAL ISSUES

"These labour Bills will call for a revolt from the entire working class in the country, in view of the freedom given to employers to retrench workers. These vital issues affecting the workers' right to work and to have protection against unemployment and the rght to live, coupled with the freedom from hunger, will be outside the jurisdiction of the tribunal, being not covered by the definition of 'labour dispute'."

"To deprive civil servants and Government employees of participation in political activities", the resoluton said, "militates against the fundamental human rights which should be assured to all citizens in a free and democratic society."

French India Commissioner In Madras

MADRAS July 12 (PTI): M. Menard, Commissioner of French India settlements, arrived here this afternoon by air from Paris.

While in Paris he had consultations with the French Overseas Territories Ministry. M. Menard refused to make any statement. He would only say that the differences between the Governments of India and France on the modalities of the referendum were not of a "minor nature."

Detention Held Unlawful

KOLHAPUR WORKER ACQUITTED

KOLHAPUR, July 12, (PTI): Mr. P.D. Raje, Resident Magistrate of Kolhapur, has acquitted Mr. S. S. Patil, a worker of the Navajivan organisation, on a charge of escaping from custody.

The Magistrate held that Mr. Patil's detention was unlawful and hence his act in escaping from such custody "constitutes no offence."

The Magistrate observed that Mr. Patil's arrest and detention under the Kolhapur Public Security Act were unlawful, as the order under which he was arrested was passed by the District Magistrate on the day on which the Act was repealed.

Mr. Patil was arrested in April 1948 and escaped from custody in the same month.

He was arrested again in March 1949 but was released by the Bombay High Court in February 1950 on a habeas corpus application.

ELECTION REPORTS 'MISLEADING'

Hiralal Shastri's Statement

NEW DELHI, July 12 (PTI): Pandit Hiralal Shastri, Chief Minister of Rajasthan, in a statement here today said that the election results of Rajasthan Congress published in some of the newspapers were "misleading" and were not based on facts.

"There are," he said, 133 seats in all, out of which results of 97 seats have been announced and results of 36 seats are awaited. Out of 97 seats results of as many as 35 are under dispute which will now be settled by the Congress Working Committee sitting in Delhi.

"Of the remaining 62 seats I do hope that 32 persons will surely be for full co-operation with the Ministry and I expect that a large number of the other 30 also will have no reason to withhold their co-operation."

The Black Sheep Are In Open

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, July 12.

SOME banias here tried their best to stop rains by supersititious methods so that there may be scarcity and they could sell their hoarded grains at a high price. Some banias tried black magic methods by keeping water in a brass jar and covering its mouth by a brass plate and burying the jar underground after reciting same mantras. Some children noticed it and the news spread in the locality. The banias were given thorough beating by the neighbours.

DON'T JOIN CONGRESS OUT OF FEAR

Morarji's Address At Jamalpur

AHMEDABAD, July 12. (PTI).

Mr. Morarji Desai, Bombay's Revenue and Home Minister, who was entertained last night by Muslim Chhipa (hand printers's union) at Jamalpur, said that nobody should join the congress out of either fear or temptation.

The Congress stood for certain principles which alone should attract those who wanted to join it, he added. They were at liberty to join any political party based on fundamental principles but they should not join communal organisations which created divisions and dissensions in the secular state.

VISITORS FROM WEST PAKISTAN

Application For Permits

DACCA, July 11, (PTI).

A press note issued by the Deputy High Commissioner for India to Dacca today reminded Pakistan nationals from West Pakistan intending to visit or pass through India that they were required under law to obtain permits from the High Commissioner for India in Karachi or the Deputy High Commissioner for India at Lahore.

There seemed to be a wrong impression in some quarters that the Deputy High Commissioner for India in Dacca was authorised to issue such permits. He had no such authority, but in exceptional cases, applications for permits might be sent through him to Karachi or Lahore, on prescribed forms, well in advance of the proposed date of departure for India. Permits cannot be obtained from Karachi or Lahore by telegram or telephone.

Cocaine Hydro-Chloride Worth 15,000 Seized

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

One pound of cocaine hydro-chloride, worth according to its "black market" price Rs. 15,000, was seized by the Bombay police this morning from two Indians who had recently arrived here from Burma.

They had approached a local drug store to ask if it was interested in buying the drug at rupees 60 an ounce.

The police, who arrested them, also recovered 900 pieces of zircons—semi-precious Siamese diamonds.

6 MANIPUR REDS ARRESTED

Arms And Documents Captured

IMPHAL (Manipur), July 12. (PTI): Six persons, alleged to be members of the Communist Party of Manipur, have been arrested following a raid on Andro village, 25 miles from here, by the police and troops of the Manipur Rifles.

On a search of the "hide outs" of the arested persons about two thousand live catridges, one sten gun, three service rifles, other items of ammunition, a cyclostyle machine and some prejudical documents were seized.

A hot chase is still being maintained for the arrest of Irabat Singh, a prominent Communist for whose apprehension the Manipur State had announced a reward of Rs. 1,000 last year.

SETTLEMENT WITH PEASANTS

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 12: Peaceful compromise with Rajput farmers of Palanpur in Banaskantha district is in sight when Mr. Narendrasinghji, leader of the Rajputs, yesterday saw Mr. Morarji Desai, Home Minister, Government of Bombay, explained the whole situation to him.

It is learnt, as a result of the talks, tenure rights on lands will be given to Rajputs and they will not be considered as land owners. It is further learnt that Ravishanker Maharaj, veteran Congress leader is coming here to attend the meeting of the Home Minister and Narendrasinghji to discuss the proprietory rights of the landlords. It is expected that the long-drawn controversy in which 14,000 bigha of land and six thousand families are involved will come to an end.

Cooling Plant For Planes At Palam Airport

NEW DELHI, July 12, (PTI): The Government of India have imported an air-conditioning plant at a cost of Rs. 36,000 for cooling passenger aircrafts using Palam and Willingdon airports here during the hot weather.

The plant which has just arrived has been mounted on a 3-ton truck to give it mobility and to enable it to cater at both the airports

A nominal fee is charged from the companies using this facility.

In The Footsteps Of The Centre

U. P. To Set Up Planning Board

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

ALLAHABAD, July 12.

THE U.P. Government is following the footsteps of the Centre. It has decided to appoint a State Planning Board and form a new department called 'The Planning Co-ordination Department'.

This department will be under the Chief Minister himself. The economic planning and development plan will be carried out by these bodies. In the districts, planning committees and development associations will be formed to execute the Government's policies.

The Premier will be the Chairman of the Board on which will be majority of non-official members. The Board's secretary will be the secretary of the Planning Co-ordination Department. The District Magistrates will be chairmen of the district development associations while the Vice-Charirman will be a non-official.

The only flaw in the scheme is the lack of financial resources and expert guidance. The U.P. Government has already given up several of its good plans which are on paper after spending enormous sums. The new scheme will, however, provide substantial jobs to a number of people.

DALMIA DONATES FOR REFUGEE RELIEF

NEW DELHI, July 12, (UPI): Shri Ramkrishna Dalmia has announced a donation of rupees two lakhs for the relief of displaced persons in memory of the late Seth Baldevadasji Budhwawala, who was his senior business partner and spiritual preceptor, and under whoe guidance he had worked many years in his youth during the First World War and after.

Shri Baldevadasji who was well-known in Calcutta was one of the promoters of the Calcutta Stock Exchange. He had liberally donated to the Hindu University and was closely associated with the late Pt. Madan Mohan Malaviya.

According to the wishes of Shri Rameshwardas Budhwawala son of the late Shri Baldevdasji Budhawawala Rs. 5,000 out of this donation will be spent every month in Rajasthan for the relief of the refugees from West Pakistan, and Rs. 5,000 a month for the relief of refugees from East Bengal.

HYDERABAD POSTAL SYSTEM

Backward, Says Mr. Sen

SECUNDERABAD, July 12 (UPI): Mr. S. C. Sen Gupta, Director of Planning, Posts and Telegraphs, Government of India, who has come here to study the postal system, following the integration of the Nizam's postal department with the Central Posts and Telegraphs Department, in an interview said that there were many practical difficulties in the way to bring it to the all-India level.

One of the worst difficulties, Mr. Sen Gupta said, was with the former employees of the Nizam's postal department most of whom neither knew English nor the regional languages. To make them suitable to the changed conditions was a knotty problem.

They were now laying down a procedure as to how best they could be taught the English language in the least possible period. The procedure was still being worked out, he added.

Another difficulty with them was that they were not familiar wtih the mode of the work carried on in the Indian post offices, he added.

The Government has also under its consideration a scheme to extend postal facilities to the rural areas in the State. When this scheme materialises, villages with a population of 2,000 or more will have a post office.

DR. MEHTA TO INSPECT IRRIGATION WORKS

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta, Minister for Public Works and Housing, Government of Bombay, will inspect the work in progress on the various irrigation projects in the Bijapur and Belgaum Districts in the course of a 4-day tour of the districts, from July 16 to 19.

The Minister, who will leave Bombay on his tour on July 15, will return on July 19.

RAZVI ABETTED HIS ASSASSINATION

Further Arguments In Shoebullah Murder Case

SECUNDERABAD, July 12 (UPI): Mr. V.L. Ethiraj, Special Prosecutor, continuing his overnight arguments in the Shoebullah Khan murder case, told the judges of the special tribunal today that Kasim Razvi's motive was to teach a lesson to the Muslim editor who wrote against him so that it should serve as a deterrent to other Muslims.

The Special Prosecutor, inviting court's attention to the different articles in "Imroze", asked the judges to mark difference in the tone of articles written by Shoebullah Khan before January 15, 1948, and after.

Prior to January 1948, they were mild in tone. When they grew bitter, virulent and violent, questioning the integrity of Kasim Razvi, the Razakar chief conspired to abet his murder.

Referring to the accused's contention that powerful as he was, he could have stopped Shoebullah Khan by sending him to jail, Mr. Ethiraj said that it was difficult to judge a murdrer's mind. What Razvi wanted was to teach him a lesson and also so that it should be a deterrent to other Muslims.

AN INDICATION

In his speech of the August 19, 1948, two days before the murder of Shoebullah Khan, Kasim Razvi gave an indication of his mind the special prosecutor added. The indication was that his critics should meet a violent death and not suffer imprisonment. The speech in question referred to traitors in Hyderabad and the fate they should suffer.

Referring to approver Aseer's evidence, Mr. Ethiraj said that it was voluntary, truthful and strong. Aseer came forward to give evidence as a man with sense of responsibility—man with wife and children. He was a graduate. He was President of the ward in which Shoebullah Khan lived. Therefore, he was the most likely persons to be taken in confidence by his chief-Kasim Razvi, for an incident of this nature.

Aseer's elevation to a job of Rs. 750 after the occurrence, Razvi's description of him as "Shahin Bachha" (gallant man) showed that their relations were mutually respectful and cordial. At one place Aseer described Razvi as his God Father.

There was no animosity between the two. Therefore, Razvi's plea that Aseer "to save his neck is implicating me" did not hold good. Moreover, Aseer was arrested much after the accused. His evidence throughout was dignified and restrained. There were no contradictions in his statement although he was subjected to a gruelling cross-examination by eminent defence lawyers including by Kasim Razvi himself.

Gleanings From Urdu Press

- **Baluchis Demand Constitutional Reforms. Pakistan Communist Party Condemns American Interference In Korea. Sind Premier Supports Zamindary.**
- **Agrarian Reforms In Punjab Criticised. International Monetary Fund's Delay In Accepting Exchange Value of Pakistan Rupee Criticized.**

In a statement Mr. Nabi Bux Khan, Joint Secretary, All Pakistan Muslim League has urged that Baluchistan be granted the same constitutional status as is enjoyed by other units of Pakistan. The only panacea of the present turmoil and trouble is that the small states of Baluchistan, district Jacobabad of Sind and certain parts of Dera Ghazikhan of the Punjab should be merged with Baluchistan. These territories for one cultural unit in every respect, with a population of over 2 millions.

The future of the masses, according to Mr. Khan, is likely to brighten when Baluchistan becomes a full-fledged province.

The Central Government, the statement adds, would then be spared the expenditure of 15 million rupees, annually allocated for Baluchistan since the new province would have increased sources of income.

PAKISTAN REDS SPEAK

In a statement issued by the Central Office of the Communist Party of Pakistan an appeal has been made to the freedom loving people of Pakistan to support the Korean Democracy and the liberation Army who are struggling against heavy odds for national liberation and unification of their land. In their bid for the enslavement of Asian peoples and world domination the American imperialists have started the war, says the statement. Pakistanis should resist the propaganda which seeks to align Pakistan with the Anglo-American Bloc whose aim is exploitation of Pakistan's sources and mobilisation of reactionary forces against our peaceful allies, Russia and the People's China.

The Communist Party of Pakistan, in its appeal has urged the people of Pakistan to demand complete withdrawal of American vessels and planes in Korea. The statement asks the people of Pakistan to raise their voice against the deteriorating situation and continue their struggle for the self-determination of the Asian peoples.

SIND PREMIER'S VIEWS

Dealing on the abolition of Zamindari Mr. Qazi Fazlulla, Premier of Sind, at a meeting of the Larkana Muslim League Working Committee, said that the administration of the province would be shattered in case zamindari was done away with. He argued that those who were demanding the abolition were not in favour of nationalisation of land. He said that subsequent to distribution of land, the Govenment would be faced with the difficulty of realising the revenue. The result would be that the Government would be bankrupt. He, therefore, urged on the League workers of the Larkana League that they should endeavour to win over the Harees to the League so that other alien elements should have no chances to deflect the Harees.

AGRARIAN REFORMS

The agrarian laws, as amended recently by the Governor of the Punjab, are quite inadequate, says the weekly "Afag". The reforms cannot claim to contemplate a lasting settlement except that the conflict between the landlord and the tenant might ease for some time. It is suggested that since radical changes are necessary to conform to the changed conditions, the matter may be deferred till the Assembly elections are over. If the Governor is alive to the demands of the new age and thinks that social justice has got to be ushered in, favourable days would return to Pakistan. And if this unjust and uneven agrarian order is allowed to drift, the conflict is likely to grow into a class war. While welcoming the reforms aimed at removing distinction between cultivator and non-cultivator, the paper still apprehends that in absence of any specific provision to distinguish between a non-cultivator and a self-cultivator, the well-to-do non-cultivator would again purchase land from the poor farmers. It is, therefore, proposed that minimum limit for landholdings should be fixed for the subsistance of farmer's family. The amendment providing to prevent the ejectments is again wide of the mark. The simplest method is to fix some years' standing of tenancy. The cases to be so covered by this proposition should be declared as hereditary farmers.

PAKISTAN CURRENCY

Commenting on the statement regarding Pakistan's formal entry into the International Monetary Fund, the daily "Imroz" writes that India alone has presented a legal difficulty by her non-acceptance of the exchange value of Pakistan's currency, because it is, as per rules, incumbent on all the member states of the said organisation that they should all concur on the recognition of each other's currency. It would not be out of place, from its dilatory attitude, to presume that the IMF has refused to take cognizance of Pakistan's application for membership. Both Pandit Nehru and Ghulam Mohd. have expressed the view that the decision on the exchange issue ultimately rests with ths IMF. The paper further says that in one way the governing cards of Indo-Pakistan relations have passed into the hands of America which dominates the IMF. The question, therefore, arises as to how the issue would be resolved. Will the Government of Pakistan withdraw her request for membership, should she be asked to devalue her currency?. The paper urges on the Pakistan Government to show courage and declare in unequivocal terms that Pakistan can go in for the membership only in case the present rate of her rupee is accepted. Otherwise, Pakistan should be ready to break with the organisation.

Vanaspati is wholesome and necessary

IF THERE WAS NO VANASPATI WHAT WOULD YOU DO?

(1) Pay three times more for ghee?

(2) Use impure oils you don't like?

(3) Boil your food?

A private member's Bill was introduced in Parliament asking for a ban on Vanaspati. BUT THE GOVERNMENT HAVE RIGHTLY DECIDED THAT THEY WILL NOT CONSIDER ANY ACTION BEFORE THE VIEWS OF THE PUBLIC ARE KNOWN.

SO IT'S UP TO YOU NOW! IF YOU WANT VANASPATI TO STAY LET GOVERNMENT KNOW

This is how you can do it:

- **See the man you buy Vanaspati from. He wants you to sign a petition to Government. He has the form ready, and needs as many signatures as quickly as possible.**
- **Write yourself in your own words to the Chief Secretary of your State Government, marking your envelope 'Vanaspati', and tell him very simply that you want Vanaspati to stay because you like it, because it has been proved wholesome by eminent Indian scientists, and because you cannot do without it.**

BUT DON'T DELAY! THERE IS NO TIME TO LOSE! WHY NOT ACT THIS VERY DAY?

Issued by The Vanaspati Manufacturers' Association of India

VMA. 14-86

Tatas Survive To Draw With G.I.P. In Callan Cup

SCRAPPY SEMI-FINAL AT PAREL

BOMBAY, Wednesday

Spectators at the other end of soccer Bombay—Parel—were treated to some lively football that was interspersed with scrappy play in this evenings semi-final in the Callan Memorial Football Tournament when Tata Sports and G.I.P. Railway shared two goals.

Conditions under foot were not to good, but with the experience gained in booted play at the Cooperage they managed to overcome these conditions especially due to the College Ground being in a much better shape than even the Cooperage is.

The Railway are a side that plays with their particular whims and fancy and today they seemed to be playing with a supporting cast, the goodly packed stads who supported them against a much superior side.

The standard of supervision left much to be desired and a strict control over the game at this end of Bombay must be maintained otherwise it may lead to serious consequences. Refree Puthrau freely allowed the use of hands in pushing a man and charging unfairly were left unnoticed. Of course, he did warn a few players and this did have a salutary effect.

Thingalaya, Tatas custodian delighted the crowd with his long kicks and the return of Krishnan, Tatas pivot back to the fold after his one months suspension saw him play much below form.

The absence of Anthony Braganza was felt as he was not there to position the ball well enough for Peter Ferrao to score.

Papen (senior) and Parmeshwaren gave glowing performances in deep defence and were time and again seen to be well up in attack also trying desperately to save the fair name of the side.

G.I.P. Railway have to thank their custodian Pathoo for his clever saves. He excelled in goalmouth adding colour to his saves by making stylish clearances. Romeo Almeida held the fort gallant in deep defence. The Railway forwards blundered miserably with their short passing a delaying methods otherwise they could have clinched the issue.

In the tenth minute of play Martin D'Souza scored the opening goal of the match for the Railway when he drove in a shot after James had feebly centred Papen (Jr) was responsible for Tatas suffering this early reverse as he failed to clear the ball first time well near about the half line.

Play was fully in the Railway quarter and Tatas tried desperately to draw on even terms, but the Railway defence was stubborn. However in the 20th minute of play Peter Ferrao oppotunised to head in a ballooned ball from goalkeeper Puthoo's hands after Balan had sent in a hot shot.

The Railway had more of the scoring schances in the second period, although the run of play was even but they failed to make use of the chances due to delaying methods and the idea to gain an open path to goalmouth. The match ended in a draw.

The teams were:—

G. I. P. Railway: Puthoo; Almeida, Pauna; A. Duncan, Gulabsingh, Delgardo! M. D'Souza, Tambe, B. Duncan, Shiva, James.

Tatas: Thinjalaya; Papen (Jr.) Papen (Sr.); Ananthram; Krishnan, Parmeshwaren; Anthony, Perumal, Peter Ferrao, Shetty, Baloen.

Referee: D. P. Puthran.

ST. XAVIER'S WIN

Second Division Harwood League

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

St. Xavier's College "A" who started the season rather late have practically caught up with the top sides in the Junior Division of the Harwood League at Parel. This evening they accounted for Khandoba Vijay by a solitary goal scored in the last three minutes of play.

The rain soaked ground gave the younger side a fairer chance and both teams resorted to short passing methods, but the Collegians combining effort was far superior to Khandoba Vijay's and their brilliant moves of ten spelt danger in the opponents goal.

The game was pretty fast and had Khandoba Vijay made use of the oppurtunites that came their way in the initial period, they could have been two goals up. Goalkeeper Oscar also saved well what looked like a certain goal in the first session closing period.

The all important goal came as a result of a fine move by Gerry Williams who after accepting a forward pass ran through on his own and passed for Neville D'Souza to score from the top of the box.

There was no game at the G.I.P. Railway Ground due to the poor state of the ground.

FOOTBALL LEAGUES AT PAREL

The following is the latest position of teams at Parel:

HARWOOD FOOTBALL LEAGUE
Division II
Section "A"

	P	W	D	L	Goals F	Goals A	P
Indian Gym.	4	4	0	0	13	1	8
Tata's "A"	5	4	0	1	12	7	8
General Motors	7	4	0	3	10	12	8
Dockyard "A"	3	3	0	0	14	1	6
I.C.L. "B"	3	2	1	0	7	6	5
Rainbow "A"	4	2	0	2	6	6	4
Bombay City	7	1	2	4	5	13	4
Happy Friends	3	1	1	1	6	5	3
Goan Sports "B"	5	1	0	4	3	10	2
Indian Navy "B"	6	0	0	6	2	17	0
Section "B"							
Khatau's	5	5	0	0	12	4	10
Khandoba Vijay	4	3	1	0	15	2	7
Little Pioneers "A"	6	2	2	2	8	9	6
Blue Wizards "A"	6	2	1	3	7	6	5
Matunga Athletic	4	2	1	1	6	8	5
G.I.P. Rly. "B"	6	2	0	4	3	19	5
St. Xavier's "A"	5	1	2	2	6	7	4
Wimco	6	1	1	4	5	12	3
Section "C"							
Globe "A"	7	4	2	1	16	8	10
The Times of India	5	4	1	0	18	6	9
Burmah-Shell "B"	4	2	0	2	6	9	4
Asbestos	5	2	0	3	5	7	4
Lever's "A"	3	1	1	1	5	2	3
Volkart's	4	1	1	2	3	6	3
Caltex	6	1	0	5	4	16	2
Y. Comrades	2	1	0	1	2	5	2

INDIAN FOOTBALL LEAGUE
Division I

Dockyard "A"	8	4	3	1	16	6	11
General Motors	5	4	1	0	13	4	9
Khatau's	8	4	1	3	13	9	9
Khandoba Vijay	6	3	2	1	10	6	9
Globe "A"	6	4	0	2	17	10	8
Little Pioneers "A"	7	2	2	3	9	7	6
Indian Gym.	5	2	1	2	9	6	5
G. B. Police "A"	8	2	0	6	5	16	4
St. Xavier's "A"	4	1	0	3	4	15	2
Tata's "A"	6	1	0	5	4	21	2
Division II							
Section "A"							
I.A.F.	4	3	1	0	7	1	7
Rainbow	3	3	0	0	25	0	6
Kohinoor Mills	3	2	0	1	12	5	4
M. B. M.	5	1	1	3	4	11	3
Dockyard "B"	2	1	0	1	2	2	2
Lever's	4	0	1	3	1	15	1
State Transport	3	0	1	2	2	19	1
Section "B"							
Wimco	4	3	1	0	10	3	7
Hill XI	5	3	1	1	5	3	7
Reserve Bank	3	3	0	0	12	1	6
Elphinstone Mills	3	0	3	0	3	3	3
Bengal Club	6	1	1	3	8	13	3
N. E. I.	3	0	0	3	2	9	0
New China Mills	2	0	0	2	0	8	0
Section "C"							
Blue Wizards	4	4	0	0	14	1	8
Youths Union	3	3	0	0	7	0	6
Globe "B"	5	2	0	3	13	8	4
Asbestos	3	1	1	1	3	3	3
Riders	3	0	1	2	1	13	1
St. Xavier's "B"	2	0	0	2	0	4	0
G. B. Police "B"	2	0	0	2	0	9	0

JUNIOR ROVERS FOOTBALL

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Junior Rovers Cup Football Tournament held under the auspices of the Western India Football Association commences on 5th August 1950 and is confined to second and third division sides of the Junior League at Parel.

Entries should be forwarded to Mr. Jos Gonsalves, C/o Cordeiro House, Parel by 30th July 1950.

YOUTH CRICKET COUNCIL FOR MCC

Organisation To Find And Develop Talent

LONDON, July 12. (PTI-Reuter): Foundation of a national organisation to find and develop young cricket talent has been suggested to Marylebone Cricket Club, cricket's ruling body, by the M.C.C. cricket enquiry committee.

The committee, appointed to examine problems of providing better cricket facilities for all boys and girls between the ages of 11 and 18, believe the already existing organisations, like educational and other authorities would work more efficiently if affiliated to a central body.

In a 44-page report they suggest the formation of the M.C.C. Youth Cricket Council" whose object would be to advise and assist area youth cricket councils, lay down the policy to govern the work of any committee it may appoint, and to administer grants and donations received through an M.C.C. trust and help to raise funds required for the expansion of its activities.

The committee propose the appointment of a central coaching committee, under a director of coaching, assisted by a staff of national coaches. The coaches would train area coaches, and they would also visit and advise area classes.

The area classes in turn would coach teachers and youth leaders, paying particular attention to the training departments and training colleges which pass out some 9,000 men and women teachers annually.

The committee have acted on the assumption that in England and Wales alone over 1,000,000 people would be really interested in cricket and that 5,000 teachers would welcome guidance.

The report will be considered by the M.C.C. and the committee estimate that if their recommendations are accepted the annual cost of the M.C.C. Youth Cricket Council would be nearly £5,000, to which would be added the salaries of National coaches. A provisional sum of £1.000 each is mentioned as the salary of a secretary and a director of coaching.

DECATHLON RESULTS CORRECTED

Technical Error In Calculations

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Owing to a technical error in the calculations of the results of the decathlon event of the XIV Indian Olympic Games held in Bombay during last February have been found incorrect, and the necessary alterations have been made says a statement issued by the organising committee of the games.

Originally Gurnam Singh of Patiala was declared the winner of the event with an aggregate of 4764 points with N. K. Das of Orissa, the runner up with 4845 points. There was another error in the results in declaring Lalsingh of Patiala as having secured fourth place. These errors have now been rectified and the final placings of the event are:-

WORLD FOILS FINDING CHAMPIONSHIPS

MONTE CARLO, July 12. (PTI-Reuter): Italy retained the men's world Foils Team Fencing Championship here after drawing with France in the final.

Both sides scored eight victories and 60 touches, the umpires awarding the title to Italy because they had gained more victories in the tournament as a whole.

EAST BENGAL GO ALL OUT TO WIN

Rajasthan Beaten In Calcutta Soccer

CALCUTTA, July 12. (PTI): East Bengal had to go all out to beat Bhowanipur on a water-logged ground rendered treacherous by constant showers during the progress of the game.

Bhowanipur took the lead in the eighth minute of the first half against the run of play. S. Nandy, outside left, found the net from a movement by R. Sinha, centre-forward, and B. Das, inside right.

East Bengal struggled hard for an equalizer but did not succeed in drawing level till the 18th minute, when Saleh, outside left, equalised with a fine angular shot Dhanraj, East Bengal centre forward, added the second goal in the 23rd minute from a pass by Ahmed Khan, inside left.

Sarkar, Bhowanipur keeper was playing well at this stage.

In the fourth minute of the second half Venkatesh outside right completed the tally.

Rajasthan's short passing game failed against the direct methods of Bengal Nagpur Railway and they went down by two clear goals.

Naidu, Railway outside left, scored the first goal in the 20th minute of the first half and Claudius, centre half, followed with the other in the tenth minute of the second.

Kalighat, one down to the Calcutta Football Club in the first half, recovered to snatch a victory in the second by the odd goal in three. McPherson, Calcutta centre forward, scored in the middle of the first half. K. Sinha, Kalighat inside right obtained both the goals for his team in the second half.

In the Day's Sport

FOOTBALL
Cooperage

5-30 p.m. Goan's vs. Rashid's (Second Division Harwood League).

St. Xavier's College Ground, Parel.

4-30 p.m. Lightning S. C. vs. Globe 'B' (H.V.M. Cup).

5-30 p.m. St. Xavier's 'A' vs. G. B. Police 'A' (Indian League Div. I).

BADMINTON

W. I. A. A. Club House

6 p.m. Mixed Doubles—Semi-finals followed by Men's Doubles Semi-finals.

TABLE TENNIS
Byculla Y. M. C. A.

5-45 p.m. First round of Juniors Singles followed by first and second round of Mixed Doubles.

Vyas Conquers B. A. Lalljee

Daver Extends Holder I. Byculla Y.M.C.A.T.T.

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Y. S. Vyas stole the honours of the day by defeating Basha A. Lalljee in three straight sets in the 4th round of the Men's Singles in the Byculla Y.M.C.A. Table Tennis Tournament this evening. The match was the best of the day and the encounter was contested at a very hot pace. The players concerned were hard hitters and the seeded Vyas won the match at 21—19; 21—16; and 21—17.

Earlier O Dyer—the Title Holder—was extended by N.S. Daver—a defensive player—who made Dyer to concede with the second game at 21-17 in favour of the loser. Dyer was taking the things easy and through sheer his over confidence and negligence he lost the game. Finally he won at 21-12, 17-21, 21-16 and 21-15.

In the long drawn rallies—rather a dull encounter—N. B. Mistry was able to beat A.S. Amladi at 21-9 15-21, 23-21 and 21-14.

D. H. Kapadia—another seeded player—won his match very easily by defeating D. N. Bhatkal in three straight games at 21-11, 21-15 and 21-18.

The tie between S. B. Joy and S.K. Thackersey—the Junior's Champion—which was to be played today, had to be postponed and will be played tomorrow.

In the third round of Men's Doubles there was nothing extra-ordinary and all the seeded pairs won their encounters easily in three straight sets. The only tie which went to four games was between N.B. Mistry and V.M. Nadkarni and S.N. Gandhi and A.J. Jacob. It was a well contested match in the doubles and some good Table Tennis was witnessed. N.B. Mistry and V.M. Nadkarni won the tie with the final score at 18-21, 21-12, 21-13 and 21-16.

On the whole standard of Table Tennis served up today was realy of good standard and the sober crowd which was there to witness fully enjoyed their evening.

The following were the complete results of the matches played.

MEN'S SINGLES IV ROUND

O.Dyer beat N.S. Daver 21-12, 17-21, 21-16, 21-15; N.B. Mistry beat A.S. Amladi 21-9, 15-21, 23-21, 21-14; DP Sampat beat P. K. Joshi 21-17, 21-18, 21-13; D.H. Kapadia beat D.N. Bhatkal 21-11, 21-15, 21-18; V.M. Nadkarni beat N.L. Bajaj 21-14, 21-8, 21-17; D. P. Somayya beat Y. K. Nedarya 21-11, 21-9, 21-16; Y.S. Vyas beat B.A. Lalljee 21-19, 21-16, 21-17 S. B. Jog vs. S.K. Thakersey match postponed for Thursday.

..MEN'S DOUBLEE—2ND ROUND

D. H. Kapadia and S. N. Motiwala w.o. D.P. Daherkar and S.K. Dighe;

III ROUND

D. H. Kapadia and S. N. Motiwala beat V. J. Kapadia and T. M. Rasal 21-6, 21-10, 21-13; V. V. Prabhu and S.L. Shroff beat P.K. Joshi and H.V. Barve 21-11, 21-14, 18-21, 21-12; Dyes and R. Khatau beat M. Shinde and I Swamy 21-11, 21-10, 21-18; S.V. Gaokar and Y.S Vyas beat T. Abdulla and Razluddin 21-8, 21-11, 21-15; P. Kumar and S.K. Thakersey beat A.R. Verma and G.A. Patel 21-18, 21-17 21-16; J.S. Patkar and B.A. Lalljee beat F. Dubash and R. Tarapore 21-14, 21-16, 21-17; N.B. Mistry and V.M. Nadkarni beat S.N. Gandhi and A.I. Jacob 18-21, 21-12, 21-13, 21-16; D.P. Sampat and D. Somayya beat P.D. Hillo and R.C. Gazder 21-17, 21-16, 21-10.

Fixtures for Thursday

5-40 p.m. 1st round of Juniors' Singles followed by 1st and 2nd round of Mixed Doubles.

Swedish Football Team To Visit India

EXHIBITION MATCHES IN BIG CITIES

CALCUTTA, July 12. (PTI).

THE Halsingborg Football Club of Sweden, which visited Calcutta last winter, will arrive in India in November, it is reliably learnt.

The team is expected to play exhibition matches in Calcutta, Bombay, Madras and some other big cities.

The Swedes' visit will be discussed at an emergency meeting of the Governing Body of the I.F.A. in Calcutta today.

Meanwhile, negotiations are nearing completion to send an Indian team to Ceylon for six exhibition matches there. The Colombo Football Association's request to send the team early in September is unlikely to be complied with by the A.I.F.F. as the season in Calcutta will still then be in full swing with the I.F.A. Shield and the Santosh Trophy tournaments. A later date will be suggested by the A.I.F.F. it is gathered The division of any expected profit has also to be decided upon by the two sponsoring bodies.

CIVILIANS BEAT THE I. A. F.

NEW DELHI, July 12, (PTI): In an exhibition football match played here at the I.A.F. Station Racecourse Camp / Sports Ground last evening, the civilian selected (Raisina Club) beat the I.A.F. selected XI by two goals to one.

BRITISH ISLES RUGBY SIDE ALSO WIN

PALMERSTON (North New Zealand), July 12, (PTI-Reuter): The British Isles Rugby Union touring team beat the Manawatu Horowhenua side today by 13 points to eight, after the home side had led 30 at half-time.

J. McCarthy, Irish forward, and R. John, Welsh forward, scored tries for the British Isles team and both were converted by Malcolm Thomas, Welsh wing threequarter.

Devinder And Miss Saldhana Win Exciting Game

W.I.A.A. CLUB HOUSE BADMINTON NOW IN CLOSING STAGES

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

G. D. Patwardhan and Mrs. Sunder G. Patwardhan seeded pair No. 3—made their exit from the Mixed Doubles in the W.I.A.A. Club House Open Badminton Tournament, when they were beaten by their formidable opponents Devinder Mohan and Miss Babette Saldhana in the Quarter-final this morning. After losing the first set at 7-15, the winners fighting very hard recovered magnificently to annex the remaining two sets at 15-10; 15-12.

G. D. Patwardhan and Mrs. Sunder G. Patwardhan started beautifully and took seven points in a row with their first service. Their opponents Devinder Mohan and Miss Babette Saldhana in their turn scored 4 points with their services.

Raja Patwardhan placing his shots nicely and with the help of the best play at the net by Mrs. Sunder Patwardhan practically outplayed their rivals and allowed them to add only 3 points more and won the first set at 15-7. Devinder Mohan could not get the necessary help from his partner in the set and her poor finishing at the net and faultering at times with home easy strokes cost them the set.

Devinder Mohan and Miss Saldhana combining much better than previously started well and they were 5 all at one time. Miss Saldhana who had now much improved, keeping the shuttle very low at the net outwitted her much experienced rival Mrs. Sunder Patwardhan; and smashing well and placing some several well judged shots, won for her and her partner several points. Devinder Mohan did the rest and won the second set at 15-10.

The decider was bitterly fought. Badminton witnessed was the best so far seen in the Mixed Doubles in the Tournament. It was the fight for supremacy. In the beginning Raja Patwardhan and Mrs. Sunder Patwardhan were at an advantage and were leading by 4 points when the score was 10-6 in their favour. This was due to some brilliant play of Mrs. Sunder Patwardhan.

Fighting back to the wall both Devinder Mohan and his partner Miss Saldhana rallied round and with Devinder's good success and intelligent placings by Miss Saldhan equalled the score a t12 all. The losers uptill now were leading by 3 points; but some superlative play by Devinder and his partner achieved this. At this stage Raja Patwardhan was completely tired and he could not reach to receive some easy shots. Last three points were taken by the winners in a row. It was the best match of the evening and it was fought at a very hot space.

Earlier in the evening four matches were played in the quarterfinal round of Women's Singles and all the seeded players won their encounters.

The following were the complete results of the matches played.

WOMEN SINGLES-QUARTERFINAL

Mrs. Sunder G. Patwardhan beat Miss Tara Dandige 11-4, 11-0; Miss Tehmi H. Vakeel beat Miss Dhun H. Vakeel 11-3, 12-9; Miss Betty Farias beat Miss Vasumati S. Oak 11-4, 11-9; Mrs. Nobina G. Lewis beat Mrs. Cuthbetson 11-6, 11-8.

MIXED DOUBLES-QUARTERFINAL

Devinder Mohan and Miss Bebette Saldhana beat G. D. Patwardhan and Mrs. Sunder G. Patwardhan 7-15, 15-10 15-12.

FIXTURES FOR THURSDAY, 13TH JULY

Mixed Doubles—Semi Final

6-00 P.M. G. L. Lewis and Mrs. N. G. Lewis vs M. S. Patil and Miss S. K. Nigudkar; 6-30 P.M. Devinder Mohan and Miss B. Saldhana vs H. Ferreira and Miss B. Farias.

Men's Doubles—Semi Final

7-00 P.M. D. G. Mugwe and B. V. Ullal vs G. P. Shirke and R. A. Dongre; 7-30 P.M. G. L. Lewis and Devindar Mohan vs H. K. Talyarkhan and H. Ferreira.

GERMANY AND JAPAN READMITTED

LAUSANNE, July 12. (PTI-Reuter): Germany and Japan were readmitted to the International Lawn Tennis Federation at the Federation's meeting here today.

HECTIC SCORE BY TOURISTS

651 Runs Scored For 2 Wkts. Loss

LEICESTER, July 12. (PTI-Reuter):— West Indies won the toss and batted first on a good wicket when their match against Leicestershire began here today, scoring 651 for 2 wickets; Worrel had scored 225 not out while Weekes had 190 to his total.

Everton Weeks reappeared in the West Indies team after being absent from the tourists last two matches because of knee trouble.

The West Indies, having won the toss, opened with a striking contrast in batting style.

Marshall used the pull with parcular freedom and his 50 out of 62 in 72 minutes included nine fours.

Weekes hit the fastest century in first class cricket this season when 102 took him 65 minutes and included 14 fours. His last 78 were scored in 40 minutes.

Meanwhile Worrell still scoring steadily, reached 200 after 234 minutes though he was missed when 134. Weekes was also missed at 105.

This pair were still together at the close having scored 309 for the third wicket in two hours 25 minutes. When stumps were drawn Weeks had hit one six and 23 fours and Worrell one six and 21 fours.

WEST INDIES (First Innings)

Marshall c. and b. Sperry	188
Rae b. Jackson	26
Worrell (not out)	225
Weekes (not out)	190
Extras	22
TOTAL (for two wickets)	651

BOWLING ANALYSIS

SPERRY 25/0/161/1.
WOOLER 23/5/87/0.
WALSH 22/1/133/0.
JACKSON 9/3/24/1
PALMER 16/1/79/0.
LESTER 20/0/122/0.
K. SMITH 3/0/23/0.

NAVY GAIN FULL POINTS

Second Leg Of Harwood Football League

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

Indian Navy further improved their position in the First Division of the Harwood Football League when they secured full points in the second leg by gaining a solitary goal win over Bombay Gymkhana this evening at the Cooperage.

Bombay Gymkhana were quite at home on a rather sodden ground which was also treacherous, but the dogged perseverance of the Indian Navy enabled them, with a little bit of luck not only to escape defeat, but score a goal and stick to the lead.

Bombay Gymkhana have to blame Richenberger for muffing up some really good scoring chances. In the 25th minute of play he could have put his side on level terms with the goalie only at his mercy, but even then he shot wide.

The Indian Navy have showed signs of tremenous improvement and their dogged fight against India Culture League was no flash in the pan, for they seem to make efforts to hold on to this advantage and they have now earned the title of "good fighters".

Little could be said about the attack, but they must learn to shoot from further out. The defence was as usual, Singh stealing the honours.

The all important goal of the match came in the twenty-fifth minute of the first half when Mukundan slammed in a pass from Raju, Goalkeeper Chiplin, however, get his hands to the ball, but failed to stop in going over the goalline.

The teams were:—

INDIAN NAVY:—Roy, D. Singh, Thappa, Mohammed, Jairam, Vikram Singh Stewart Raju, Mukundan, Nicholson, Chakrawarty.

BOMBAY GYM: Chiplin, Collins, Francis, Williamson, Spink, Deslandes, Richenberger, Coalton, Gorden, Bourcier, Mullock.

Referee M. S. Joseph.

SECUNDERABAD RACES

Results Of Third Days Events

HYDERABAD, (Dn.) July 12. (PTI). Following are the results of the third day's Secunderabad Races run today:

THE BAGDAD PLATE (about 6 furlongs):

KITTYHAWK (Messrs. Jalal and E. Dawood Beg) 8-10 B. McQuade 1
RABIE AL KHAIR (Mr. Tarani Singh 9-0 C. Tyrell 2
TAMADHIR (Mr. G. A. Haji) 8-2 B. Khalil 3
KHALID ZOBAE (Messrs. A. M. K. Karuppan Chettiyar and Mr. K. N. Narain Chettiyar) 7-7 Ahmed Khan 4
Not run: Black Hazard and Romp Home.
Won by 2 lengths, 2 lengths and 2 1/2 lengths.
Time: 1 minute 28 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 36. Places Rs. 12/8. Rs. 22 and Rs. 41.

THE GWALIOR PLATE (about 1 mile).

MY BABY (Maroof Farh) 7-7 Mohd Ali 1
BONZO (R. Shamlan) 8-2 S. Chavan 2
THE MARINE (U. Gosman) 8-2 Cracknell 3
PILLAR OF HONOUR (M. Y. Kannan) 8-7 Tyrell 4
Not run: Sugar Palm.
Won by 1 3/4 lengths, 2 1/2 lengths, and 3/4 length.
Time: 1 minute and 49 2/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 28. Places Rs. 10, Rs. 8/8 and Rs. 12/8.

THE BHOPAL PLATE DIV. I (about 7 furlongs).

GOWZIA (Dr. Jajal Bazergen) 8-13 McGaffin (Jr) 1
SHAH OF IRAN (Ibrahim Mohd) 7-9 A. G. Mulley 2
CHRISSIE DARLING (Abdul Ali Musuid) 8-2 Cracknell 3
ATOMIC (James Mann) 9-4 B. McQuade 4
Not run: Kings Parade, Patakha, Princess of Hindustan and Gipsy Lore.
Won by: 1 1/4 lengths, 3/4 length, and 1 1/2 lengths.
Time: 1 minute 35 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 21/8. Places Rs. 8, Rs. 6/8 and Rs. 9.

THE COVENTRY PLATE DIV. II (about 1 mile).

DOMINATOR (Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Banker) 8-7 B. McQuade 1
GANGA SINGH (Messrs. S. M. Ismail and P. S. Mohammed) 9-4 A. G. Mulley 2
PESSU PASHA (P. D. Aswani) 9-2 S. Chavan 3
BROKEN MASK (Ranisaheba Jotpur) 8-8 McGaffin (Jr) 4
Not run: Flora, Paramount Power, Windsor Lass.
Won by: 1 1/4 lengths. 1 3/4 lengths and 3 1/2 lengths.
Time: 1 minute 47 3/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 29. Places Rs. 11/8 and Rs. 9.

THE CAIRO PLATE (1 mile).

SHAROEEL (P. Narain Singh) 7-12 A. G. Mulley 1
OFFICER (Mr. M. H. Khan) 7-8 Ahmed Khan 2
KHALID AMER (Messrs. A. S. Jalal and E. Dawood Beg) 7-5 Bashu 3
AMAL AL SHABAB (Mrs. S. Hill) 8-11 B. Khalal 4
Not run: Peter.
Won by: head, 4 lengths and 1 3/4 lengths.
Time: 1 minute 57 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 26. Places Rs. 10/8, Rs. 9/8 and Rs. 19/8.

THE BHOPAL PLATE DIV. II (about 7 furlongs).

R. A. F. (M/s E. Ghouse Beg and A. Abdul Rehman) 8-3 Ahmed Khan 1
WEDDING DAY (Mr. Jai Dinshaw) 9-0 McQuade 2
PAST THE POST (Mr. P. D. Aswani) 8-8 G. Chavan 3
LITTLE PRINCE (Lt. Col M. Quader Beg) 8-5 S. Chavan 4
Not run: Palmy Days, Padshah Gegum, Chandrashekar First Entry.
Won by: 3/4 length, 3 lengths and 1 1/2 lengths.
Time: 1 minute 34 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 44/8. Places Rs. 11/8. Rs. 8 and Rs. 22/8.

THE COVENTRY PLATE DIV. I (about 1 mile).

MARIE LOUISE (Mr. G. E. Paul) 8-1 Chavan 1
YEARLING (Mrs. C. V. Shah) 8-9 Cracknell 2
CHOCOLATE BABY (Rao Saheb D. K. Parker) 9-4 G. Chavan 3
WINDSOR KNIGHT (Messrs. Baba Khan and M. A. Rehmand) 8-12 Ahmed Khan 4
Not run: Wet Bob.
Won by: Neck, 3 lengths and 1 3/4 lengths.
Time: 1 minute 37 4/5 seconds.
Tote paid: Win Rs. 18/8. Places Rs. 7/8, Rs. 7/8 and Rs. 11/8
Treble event tote paid Rs. 399/12/8 only on each of five tickets.

PUNJAB 'VARSITY VOLLEYBALL

AMRITSAR, July 11, (PTI): Khalsa College Amritsar, won the Punjab University Volleyball Tournament by beating the Ahir College, Rawari in the finals. The scores were: 15—11, 15—13, 15—9.

Earlier in the semi-finals the Ahir College, Rewari, beat Government College, Ludhiana and Khalsa College, Amritsar beat D. A. V. College, Jullundur.

RUGBY LEAGUE SIDE WIN

SYDNEY, July 12 (PTI-Reuter): The British Rugby League touring team today defeated Northern Division here by seven goals and nine tries (41 points) to two goals (four points).

At halftime the tourists led by 18 points to four.

The Bombay Chronicle

WHY JULY 31?

The point of summoning an urgent meeting of the Indian Parliament on July 31, in order to consider the Korean question, does not occur to us. By July 31, the conflict will have set in the form it is to keep for the next year at least. The two parties involved and the powers at the back of them will be involved in complicated manoeuvres from which extrication will take quite some time. India's own policy will undoubtedly have greatly altered from that at which it rests today. What then are our legislators being called to discuss? Britain, it is well to remember, has already had two urgent meetings in which Government's policy has been affirmed by the Commons. Even if it is feared that our legislators will indulge in extravagant and wild statements, there are few occasions that we can think of which will give greater opportunity for letting off steam without serious damage than Korea. It must be remembered that here we have the first big international incident on which Indians can be expected to reach a dispassionate conclusion. They should be given the chance to make their minds up and, perhaps, it might help the Government itself in a state of affairs where considerable confusion exists as it is. There is a general feeling in the country that in dealing with foreign policy and external affairs there is too great a tendency to soft-pedal things; certainly there seems a habit of keeping decisions as out of the field of discussion as possible. This is not a desirable method of training the people in democratic ways. It is true that India, like other Dominions, is new to foreign politics and that a great deal is involved in issues in this sphere. But unless an attempt is made at educating the public and forming opinion in the country, foreign politics will remain a close preserve of a few men in power. The dangers attendant on this condition need not be expatiated on. We are not asking that a parliamentary debate should precede decisions on such vital subjects but merely that the members be given a chance to express their views on the situation, to secure all information and to get the picture of the international situation as a whole. This surely is not too much to demand. After all, a demand has been made for an urgent meeting of Parliament which in itself should be welcomed as awakened interest in the world around us; the demand too has been granted. Then why grant it in a way which must convey the impression that it is not satisfied but on the contrary thwarted?

Nature Of Bonus

The idea of bonus has undergone considerable change in recent years. In the decisions of the Industrial Court of Bombay before 1947, the concept of bonus was that "by its nature it was an ex gratia payment and must depend to a very large extent on the profits earned by a company in a particular year." It was therefore frequently insisted on that the scale of dearness allowance can have really no bearing on the question of the appropriateness or otherwise of the rate of bonus." The question has been discussed fully in the award of the full bench of the Bombay Industrial Court (April 1949) and the argument is worth noting. "The connotation of the expression 'bonus'," the Court observes "has not always remained the same; and at the present time the conception that it is an ex gratia payment has been clearly abandoned by this Court.....Bonus prima facie appears to us to partake of the nature of profit-sharing more than of deferred wage.....At the same time, it seems to us that this Court, in the Bombay award of May 31, 1947, rightly referred to the difference between the actual wages and the living wage standard as a justification for the payment of bonus. Such a demand derives its strength, where the living wage standard has not been reached, from a feeling of deficiency in the means to attain the necessary standard of living... Theoretically, adequate wages and dearness allowance should be the first charge on an industry.....It may be stated that so long as the living wage standard has not been attained, the bonus partakes primarily of the character of the satisfaction, often partial and temporary, of the deficiency in the legitimate income of the average worker in an industry, and that once such income has been attained it would also partake of the character of profit-sharing."

It is fundamental to this interpretation of bonus that there should be first profits. The entire argument falls through if there are no profits from which the inadequacy of salary has to be made up. The whole trouble arises from the disinclination of the industrial court and the adjudicator to grant dearness allowance to the extent necessary to neutralise the rise in the cost of living index or to deal adequately, with the question of minimum salary and adjust it on some reasonable basis. What is happening is that we are taking the base as 1939 and hoping that somehow we shall return to that base in the near future. Instead of persisting with the ideal of 1939 which seems now well out of reach, why not settle down to adjusting ourselves to conditions as they exist today? We are expected to thrill to reports that the cost of living index has been reduced by half a point. But all this has begun to fall on the public. The peak years of industry are passed. It is unlikely that the profits which have been reaped in the forties, will recur for some decades to come and it is no use banking on their return. If indusrial courts are expecting to be able to redress other inequalities by granting bonus demands, they will be heading for serious disillusionment and it will be the workers who will suffer in the long run.

Parliamentary Privilege

The highest body in a democracy is the Parliament and on the treatment given to its members by the Government in power depends the authority independence and dignity of that body. The members of the British parliament, the mother of Parliaments, have acquired many privileges by law and custom. Freedom of speech, debates and proceedings have been incorporated in the Bill of Rights and cannot be impeached or questioned in any court of law. The most cherished right of a M.P. has been freedom from arrest, which has been regarded as a privilege of highest antiquity. At one time even their goods and servants were free from arrest. Today that right has been very much curtailed but still an M.P.'s right to attend a session of Parliament is undisputed, unless impeached by the House itself. In India we have still to have a law and custom to guard the privileges of M.P.'s, and the reported move of the sub-committeee of the Speaker's conference is none too early. The Committee will suggest ways and means to safeguard legislators against arrest and molestation. Many of the State legislatures are for guaranteeing the right of elected representative of the people to attend meetings of the legislatures and, in case any member is under detention at the time of the session, Government should make provision for such a member to attend meetings of that legislature, under escort if necessary, but in no circumsances be denied the privilege of discharging their duties as legislators. This will remove the temptation before many Governments to get rid of their troublesome opponents by locking them up. Whatever be their politics it must be remembered that they are elected representatives of a section of the people and unless they commit a grave crime or actively support subversive activities they should have the right to represent their constituents in the Parliament.

Thought For The Day

Better a thousandfold abuse of free speech than denial of free speech. The abuse dies in a day, but the denial slays the life of a people and entombs the hope of a race.

—CHARLES BRADLAUGH.

Tete-à-Tete

WITHOUT COMMENT

Quoting "revealing statistics" of the motion picture industry in India and the United States, Mr. Patil said that while only half per cent. of the people in India visited a cinema once a week, 100 per cent of the people of America saw a picture during the same period.

—Local Press Report.

* * *

The Socialist Conference at Madras has expressed "concern at the continued incarceration of Khan Abdul Ghaffar Khan, Dr. Khan Sahib and hundreds of Khudai Khidmatgar followers in the Frontier Province."

The Socialists are asking for a shrieking declaration of abusive war by Mr. Abdul Qaiyum Khan, who naturally must fight obvious aggression against his raison d'etre.

* * *

Apropos of Dr. Malan's Group Areas Act, the New York "Times" pleads that "for the sake of South Africa's own great non-white population (loud-er applause) and for the sake of international amity, it is earnestly to be hoped that a different course can soon be taken."

The force of international "amity" is now growing eloquent.

* * *

"It is", the New York paper sympathetically observes, "possible to understand some of the psychological and emotional bases for the (South African) Government's policy."

So should it have been "possible to understand some of the psychological and emotional basis" for Hitler's racialism.

* * *

But the paper's point is that the South African white population being out-numbered by almost four to one, the Malanist community "is fearful because of this disparity, and its own sense of insecurity gives rise to this type of action."

And what should the four to one non-white victims "of this disparity" feel and do?

* * *

THE HAGUE: The International Court of Justice today decided by eight votes to six that the U.N. Charter did not impose on the Union of South Africa a legal obligation to place South-West Africa under trusteeship.

The names of those eight international Daniels please. Together with those of countries they come from.

* * *

The Court, however, decided unanimously that South-West Africa was still a territory under "international mandate."

And yet those eight Daniels—Yes, we want their names in order to applaud their genius.

* * *

THE ARMY DRINKS LESS NOW
25 Per Cent For Total Prohibition

—Headlines to New Delhi message.

This is splendid. Only 75 per cent are not for Prohibition. Most splendid.

Hell's Angel

THE HYDROGEN BOMB

By Flt. Lt. U.R.Acharya

H. B. has once again hit the headlines. In this article, from the latest issue of the SORTIE, a quarterly training journal of the Operational Command, I.A.F., containing useful information of interest to the air-minded youth of India, the underlying principles of this dreaded weapon are explained.

SUCCESSIVE attempts made by the United Nations' Commission to bring the subject of Atomic Energy under international control proved a failure due to the fundamental difference in approach between the two great powers America and Russia. These two nations were carrying on negotiations all these years from different planes and obviously the 'Has' and 'Has not' could not see eye to eye with each other. Russia was playing for time till she could break the American monopoly on Atomic Energy. The physical principles underlying the construction of the bomb were known to scientists of all countries as early as 1940, but the technical and technological processes that went to make up the bomb were the most guarded national secrets. It was also realised that sooner or later Russia too would have this bomb on her own. The news of atomic explosion in Russia was given out to the world in September 1949. In its impact on civilization and future course of human history, the Russian explosion is of greater significance than the explosion over Hiroshima in 1945. This explosion has created a situation which if properly handled would take civilization in the path of peace and progress and if mishandled would equally lead humanity down the catastrophic precipice of calamity. The trend seems to lean more towards the latter alternative although it is not yet too late to mend.

VANITY

Now that both the great powers have atom bombs, it should be easy for them to come to a settlement on the question of its prohibition as a weapon of war. But human nature is always to possess more than and feel superior to others. As with individuals so is with nations. They are both childish and vain. America cannot tolerate the idea of armed equality with Russia. She must feel stronger than Russia.

So President Truman has given his sanction to the manufacture of Hydrogen Super bomb which is expected to be a thousand time more destructive than the Uranium bomb. He must have made this news public apparently to frighten Russia into submission. Unfortunately it had the opposite effect. Russia has come out with a statement that she has not only manufactured this bomb but also a test is scheduled to take place.

All these are symptoms which show that a veritable race for armaments, one more destructive than the other, has started between the two nations. The stock piling of atom bombs in either camp may proceed to such an extent that it will itself be one of the factors leading to a war. All these facts and thoughts have spread so much fear in the common man in this atmosphere of cold war that he is becoming almost hysterical and a nervous wreck. He is inclined to believe any thing and everything that appears in print and the press tends to exaggerate facts to make the news appear sensational. It becomes absolutely necessary in this context to give as correct a scientific appreciation of the hydrogen bomb as is possible and known at this stage for the benefit of the common man.

WHAT IS ATOM?

All atoms have in them a central core called the nucleus in the same way as fruits have seeds in their centre. The nuclei of all atoms are made up of protons and neutrons. Both have very nearly the same mass but protons carry a positive charge and neutrons carry no charge. The difference between one element and another is in the number of protons and neutrons in their atoms. Uranium, the heaviest of all atoms, has in its nucleus 92 protons and 146 neutrons. Its atomic number is 92 and atomic weight 238. There is another type of Uranium having in its nucleus the same number of protons that is, 92, but only 143 neutrons. Its atomic number is 92 but its atomic weight is 235. This substance is called Uranium Isotope. Isotopes are elements having the same atomic number but different atomic weight.

Neutron, being electrically neutral, can easily find its way inside the uranium nucleus. This entry makes the nucleous very unstable and breaks it into two nearly equal parts. This phenomenon is called atomic 'fission.' The sum of the masses of the broken pieces is slightly smaller than the original nucleus and the deficient mass has been converted into energy of the order of 200 million electron volts. Einstein has shown that one pound of matter when completely annihilated gives out an amount of energy equal to that obtained by burning one and half million tons of coal.

FISSION PROCESS

During uranium fission, two to three neutrons are also released as bye product. These neutrons again cause fission in neighbouring nuclei producing in turn 9,27,81,243 etc. neutrons. Thus the process multiplies and the chain reaction carries on till the whole uranium piece explodes with terrific energy. To keep the

(Continued on Page 7)

OUR READERS' VIEWS

Rajkot Enquiry

The Saurashtra Government has ordered an enquiry into the recent police firing on students at Rajkot. But by appointing a district collector to conduct the enquiry the very spirit of the thing is vitiated. Instead of appointing an executive officer a high court judge should have been appointed to preside over the enquiry to ensure impartiality and create public confidence.

—CHUNILAL CHUDGAR.

New Coins

It is reported that next year on August 15 coins in new designs will be cast, the pictures of which have been already published. It is regretted that no suggestions for new designs were invited from the public before they were finally selected. There is one hero, who saved Hinduism and enhanced the prestige of Bharatvarsha, whose head could have been imprinted on one of the new coins. He is no other than Chatrapati Shivaji Maharaj, who drove away aliens from the greater part of the Indian soil. It is a pity that he has not been put on a single postage stamp or a coin of independent India.

—U. SURYANARAYAN.

Janata Express

The G.I.P. Railway authorities are to be congratulated for having revised the timing from 1st July 1950 of the 'Janata Express', on the Bombay Poona line, so as to reach Bombay V.T. at 10-00 a.m. and leave Bombay V.T. after 6-00 p.m. This is in response to the equest of Karjat people.

The Railway authorities have introduced this train for the convenience of the class 3 passengers. It is, however, observed that many passengers do not know about the revised timings, which is evident from the fact that the passengers bound for Kolhapur and Miraj by the Passenger train, which leaves Poona at about 11-50 p.m., also crowd the Poona Mail instead of going by Down 'Janata Express' leaving Bombay V.T. 6-10 p.m. and reaching Poona at 9-45 p.m. i.e. much earlier than the departure time of this passenger. The railway authorities should also advise these passengers, through their passenger guides, to make use of this train and thus reduce the congestion in the Poona Mail.

—N. AREKAR.

Whither-Neutrality

With modern weapons and air transport ISOLATIONISM has become a thing of the past. Our salvation and safety lie in collective security. Modern weapons of War are as costly as they are terribly destructive and no small or weak country can afford to own a full set of them to check aggression from outside. Under the circumstances an ostritch like mentality can only expose us to the wrath or opportunism of either of the main belligerents USA or USSR. If we are opposed to Communism with its creed of violence and its suppression of the individual, it is both graceful and politic to befriend the U.N. group even minus USSR. The rising tide of Communism both East and West leaves no room for doubt about the inevitable fate of South-East Asian infant republics, who individually are too weak to withstand the avalanche of commuism backed by Soviet Russia, unless checked in time by U.N. countries collectively and wholeheartedly.

—V. M. SARAIYA.

Tree Cutting Campaign?

It is very encouraging to note that the "Tree Planting Campaign" has met with spontaneous response from some source. It is to be borne in mind that without the existence of trees, life would have been difficult on earth.

But it would not be out of place if I detest the practice of planting a tree in Grant Road and the other in Colaba. This sounds ludicrous and silly. Also some businessmen cut down trees so that their business premises are not partially hidden. This practice must be discouraged.

—M. S. KILAPADY.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

Portugal's New Move

There are signs that Portugal is changing its colonial policy. An official announcement from Lisbon confirms that political prisoners from Goa in Portuguese prisons will be "freed in due course if not already liberated." It is added that the order will apply to all political prisoners in Portugal and the colonies. Though the amnesty was decreed two months ago by the National Assembly, its application was delayed because of the procedure of the Civil courts. Most probably the change of front has occurred because the Portuguese have found out that continued repression would further alienate people's feelings. There are about 21 Indian political prisoners in the Portuguese jails undergoing severe and barbaric sentences. Some of them have been deported to the African colony of Portugal. The move will be widely welcomed as the people will be able to see their leaders who have been incarcerated for years. But it is not likely to make any drastic change in people's attitude towards the authorities. For too long have they suffered under the Portuguese repression. Elementary civil liberties have been absent. popular movements suppressed with iron hand and people terrorised by negro troops. Only the other day it was announced that all those connected with political agitation will be kept under strict surveillance and their movements watched. If there is to be a change, Lisbon will have to go the whole hog in lifting all repressive laws, allowing freedom of speech, press and association so that popular opinion could be expressed fearlessly on the merger issue.

An Italian Alarm

Italy, though not a member of the United Nations, has extended its support —"moral support"—to U.N. action in Korea. This Italy was bound to do for three reasons: the Italian Government is mortally afraid of Communism and Communists at home. Italy exists on U.S. and Western aid and Italy is keen on qualifying for U. N. membership. But the Italian Government and Count Storza, the Foreign Minister are trying to take advantage of the situation to help forward their own cause in respect of Trieste. Count Sforza, has eagerly drawn a parallel between Trieste and South Korea, insinuating thereby that Marshal Tito was equal to doing in internationally controlled Trieste what the Communists had done in internationally controlled Korea. The alarm thus raised is intended probably to hustle the Western Powers into favouring Italian claims to Trieste as against those of Yugoslavia. The problem of Trieste, there is little doubt, is not easy of solution. But whatever the eventual solution it cannot be achieved by raising such alarms. The U.S. and Western Democracies cannot be incited against Tito and Tito, being no fool, will not defy them so directly.

Egypt's Protest

Egypt, we feel, has not done a disservice by withholding in the Security Council its support to the main resolution on Korea. The position it took up was by way of protest against the United Nations' own inconsistencies in dealing with aggression and in the historically undoubted fact that it guides itself by a double set of values in this matter. Egypt's argument is simple and unanswerble. As the Egyptian Foreign Minister declared: "We denounce aggression anywhere and everywhere, and expect the United Nations to act as effectively and promptly as it has done in Korea. There should not be two ways of dealing with aggression." That there have actually been resorted to two ways of dealing with aggression not only Egypt and other Arab countries but also India know only too wall. And it is also an undoubted fact that the leading exponents of both the ways are the same. The Egyptian Foreign Minister has, however, simultaneously given certain assurances to the United States and the United Nations along with a reiteration of Egypt's decision to oppose recognition of Communist China. All this will greatly please the United States. And, of course, it will also enable it to ignore the point of Egypt's protest.

Follow The Trees

Mr. G. D. Tapase's advice to students to follow the example of trees might be misunderstood by those who have not gone deeply into the implications of this wholesome counsel. No doubt, a common form of reproach prevalent in some Indan language is to say that a certain person is "standing like a tree", but this was before Ministers launched "vanmahotsav" campaigns and planted trees in thousands. There are many things which students, and grown up people too, can learn from trees. Trees do not pose inconvenient questions; they do not ask for shelter when it rains or when it shines; they do not complain about their food. They take what is there beneath the soil, and if it it is not sufficient for their sustenance they wither and die with no word of protest. If only all men were like trees, how easy it would be to rule them! No necessity for invoking the special provisions of the Public Security Acts, and of course, no uneasy apprehension of what the High Courts might say or do. It might of course be somewhat difficult to put errant trees behind prison-bars but one hopes, there would be no necessity to take such a step, especially as other trees have not been known to complain when their comrades are axed.

Looking Back

Following its constitution by the Government of Bombay last February, the Board for Historical Records and Ancient Monuments held its first meeting at Poona on Monday. While outlining the programme of work in his address read in his absence, the Chief Minister, Mr. B. G. Kher referred to excavations as a fruitful source of historical material. The appointment of the board is a corollary to the inclusion of archaeology in the Concurrent List of the Constitution, nevertheless the exact scope of research to be carried out in this state will have to be defined in the context of archaeology as a Union subject. Preservation of archives and historical monuments not looked after by the Central Archaeological Department has been laid down as one of the principal functions of the board. In Western India, the Central Archaeological Department has not done much exploration below the surface. The field in this state has also been widened by the merger of states. The scale, on which archaeological researches will have to be conducted will, therefore, be much wider. Since the board will function in an advisory capacity the Government will have to provide, particularly in the case of archaeological work, an executive machinery with a staff consisting of specialists. And then there is the important question of collection and preservation of relics. Moveable antiquities other than manuscripts will have to be deposited in museums. In this state; museum have increased in number in consequence of the merger, but so far the Government has not realised the necessity of organising their management on a sound basis. Now when the Government has proposed to deal with archaeological work, it should consistently proceed to formulate a unified policy for the administration and development of all museums.

Appeal To Nehru To Mediate

U. S. LIBERAL EDITOR'S URGENT CABLE

(P. G. KRISHNAYYA'S SERVICE)

NEW YORK CITY, (By Air Mail).

MR. TED O. THACKREY, Editor of "The Daily Compass" a liberal daily of New York City sent a cable to Prime Minister Nehru to mediate in the Korean War. His sentiments are shared by many American liberals who feel it is the only hope of preventing World War III. These are the reasons as they see them:—

The United Nations minus the Soviet bloc and Communist China is no longer a world organization. Close to half of mankind lies outside it. The U. N. can only mobilize one half the world against the other half. This means war, not peace.

The United States is being drawn deeper into the Korean conflict. Bombings have begun above the 38th Parallel. American ground troops have been committed to battle. The South Korean forces are too shattered to expect this to remain a mere Korean civil war.

First Communist China and then the Soviet Union may be drawn in step by istep for reasons of prestige, sympathy, and fear as American troops advance in Asia.

Other similar outbreaks along the cold war line may be expected as the war spirit rises, and it may be only a few weeks before the momentum of the war machines becomes irresistable

The man who can mediate between such mighty contestants as the U. S. and the U.S.S.R, must be a man of moral stature commanding world-wide respect Nehru as the heir of Gandhi a Hindu kin in spirit to Jesus, the greatest apostle of non-violence the world has seen since Tolstoy, has the stature necessary for this task.

The mediator must represent not only moral influence but political strength. Nehru is the leader of the world's second most populous nation, the man to whom all the Asiatic peoples outside the Soviet sphere look for leadership.

The mediator must have friendly relations with both sides. Nehru, by insisting on Indian neutrality in the cold war byy blocking an Asiatic equivalent of the Atlantic Pact against Communism, has kept India free from fatal and final commitment to either side.

INFLUENCE IN ASIA

Nehru's Ambassador to Red China is respected by the Chinese Communists, and is the most influential of all the foreign diplomats in Peking. Nehru has enjoyed excellent relations with the Soviet Union despite his own clash with the Indian Communists. Nehru carries great weight with American opinion, despite his refusal to put India on the cold war band wagon during his recent trip to Washington.

Since the war is beginning in Asia, where American power almost everywhere has been drawn into the support of colonialism, where millions of coloured men rankle under generations of white superiority and exploitation, it would be of the greatest advantage in mediation that Nehru is himself a "colored" man and the leader of a successful native struggle against Western exploitation, and Asiatic revolutionary with the prestige of years in jail under the British raj.

The man who would tackle the enormously difficult but trogically urgent task of bringing capitalist America and communist Russia together must be able to understand both "West" and "East", both democracy and proletarian dictatorship. Nehru as an heir of both Western and Eastern culture, a democrat and a socialist, is in a good position to understand the divergent viewpoints and outlooks which must be reconciled.

The mediator must be able to set an example, to show that he can practice wnat he preaches. Who could qualify better for that than Nehru?

The Prime Minister of India and Liaquat Ali Khan, the Prime Minister of Pakistan, set an example of conciliation under much more difficult circumstances than those which confront Stalin and Truman.

The mediator must be a man with a sense of history, whose vision has not been distorted by the partisan fury of either side.

The mediator must be able to speak for mankind, and to bring mankind's fear if a new world war to bear on the U. S. and the U.S.S.R. Only Nehru stands a chance of stopping them.

Will Prime Minister Nehru try ask American Liberals?

U. S. MOTHER

American Mother of the Year is Mrs. Henry Roe Cloud, whose mother was a member of the Chippewa Tribe of American Indians and whose husband, a noted educator, came from another Indian tribe, the Winnebago.

The vigorous, 60-year old woman was nominated for the honor by the Governor of Oregon, the far western State in which she lives. She was chosen for her contribution to community and national welfare, and for possession in a high degree of such personal qualities as moral strength, understanding, kindness, and obility as a homemaker as reflected in the achievements of her four daughters.

The selection was made by the American Mothers Committee, an organisation devoted to the interests of women everywhere. The committee makes its choice each year from among mothers nominated by the Governors of each of the 48 states, the District of Columbia, and the territories of Alaska, Hawaii, and Puerto Rica. The selection is made in connection with Mother's Day, which is observed every year in the United States during the middle of each year.

The American Mothers Committee expanded its program this year to embrace the interests of woman in other countries. It has invited each

(Continued on Page 7)

Vital Defence Position Gone

TOKYO, July 12, (PTI-Reuter).

AMERICAN troops who have been fightin g desperately for over 48 hours to hold the Communist push in Western Korea, fell back today to positions in the South bank of the vital Kum River—the defence line of "no retreat"—according to a communique issued by General MacArthur today.

South Korean forces have also withdrawn to new positions.

SOUTH KOREAN FRONT, July 12 (PTI-Reuter).—North Korean hammer blows today again forced tired American rearguard troops to pull back towards Taejon, temporary South Korean capital, and evacuate the town of Chochiwon.

Superior armed and armoured enemy tanks, with more numerous ground forces, constantly outflanked the American positions and forced them to withdraw.

Chochiwon is only about eight miles north of the Americans' "no retreat" line along the winding Kum River, 16 miles north along the road from Taejon.

Grimfaced American GI's were this morning digging themselves in along the river, last natural barrier before Taejon.

MOSCOW ALLEGATION

A Tass Soviet News Agency message received in London last night quoted a communique issued by the North Korean High Command last evening as stating that "units of the People's Army continue their advance on the whole front."

The communique added: "In fights for Imson, the enemy suffered severe losses. The American air forces bombed barbarously peaceful villages and towns in the liberated territory of Pyontaek. Three American bombers were shot down by the People's Army.

The communique added: "On the eastern coast, American naval vessels barbarously shelled peaceful inhabited points, but were beaten off by units of the People's Army."

Thai Rice Goes To Red China!

BANGKOK, July 12. (PTI).

Thailand has not enough rice in stock to fulfil her offer to supply rice to South Korea, because Syndicate merchants have secretly shipped at least 60,000 tons of rice to Communist China in the past five months.

Police yesterday began investigating the secret shipmtnts which have stripped the country so clean that to send rice to Korea Thailand would have to divert stocks pledged to British territories.

The police action was ordered by the Government after it discovered its depleted surplus stocks. Thailand had offered to supply rice to South Korea if asked to do so by the United Nations.

Usually reliable rice trade sources said supplies now were barely enough to maintain the scheduled export flow to British Asian territories under the British-Thai Rice Purchase Agreement.

Shipments to Communist China were falsely represented on export documents as intended for Japan, Hongkong, and Macao the authorities stated.

PAID IN DOLLARS

Communist China paid entirely in United States dollars of which the Thai Government as the export controller gained a legal share in surrendered foreign exchange, these sources said.

WHEAT CARGO FOR INDIA HELD UP

PERTH (Western Australia), July 12 (PTI-Reuter): Departure of the freighter Hazelrank (7,289 tons) with a cargo of wheat for Madras and Calcutta was held up when 40 Pakistani crew members walked off five minutes before the vessel was due to sail from Preemantle yesterday.

The High Commissioner for Pakistan in Australia, Mr. Yusuf Abdoola Haroon, is to visit Perth to make efforts to settle the dispute.

A spokesman of the crew said that the men who were all Muslims were due to return to Chittagong in East Pakistan and did not like being paid off in Madras or Calcutta. He added that the men wanted to be repatriated by sea from Colombo.

Re-employment Of Returning Muslims

CALCUTTA, July 12, (PTI): The East Bengal Relief Commissioner, Mr. N M Khan, discussed here today with Mr. S N Ray Chief Secretary to the Government of West Bengal, the question of re-employment of Muslim industrial workers who had left for East Pakistan during the last disturbances.

Mr. Ray has, it is understood, informed the Relief Commissioner that mills and factories were taking in their former employees in the existing vacancies, but no employee would be discharged to make room for a returning migrant worker.

Stop Press

VILLAGE BATTLE

BAREILLY, July 12. (PTI): Two dacoits and a villager were killed following an encounter between an armed gang of dacoits and villagers in a village in the Moradabad district, according to a report received here. The villagers oberpowered the gang and arrested ten of them. One of the captured persons is alleged to be wanted for two murders in the Shajhanpur district.

Korean War

(Continued from Page 1)

tle optimism that the Communist tatack had spent its force. An earlier communique had warned: "The enemy is capable of applying pressure to the front and of employing envelopment or wider encirclement."

Seasoned North Korean veterans in the Chinese Communist campaign in Manchuria were reported in action as the attackers built up for their expected all-out assault on Taejon.

Reports here said American troops had already laid plans to quit the temporary capital "if reinforcements came too little and too late".

Meanwhile, along the United States Pacific coast troops and weapons were being paaked into ships bound for the battle area. Aircraft were being packed into ships bound for the battle area. Aircraft were being taken out of "month balls". The United States Navy was recommissioninfi two escort carriers and airmen and marine were on the mofe.

BEST ALLY: WEATHER

But for the embattled Kum-line defenders, the best ally in sight still was the clear weather.

With its assistance Australian pilots hit eight North Korean tanke, while an American observation plane directed other pilots to a group of six tanks which got "the works".

Pilots generally called it their best day yet since MacArthur opened his aerial offensive.

The air cover aided in the American-South Korean retreat on the Poyany and Kum.

Without it, war correspondents said, the retreat might have become a rout.

BOMBING HAS EFFECT

Allied air force bombing has effectively isolated North Korean frontier line headquarters, a military spokesman said tonight.

The road between Seoul and the battlefront has been shattered and is strewn with burning vehicles, he added.

The effect was immediately noticeable in reduced enemy artillery fire.

Guerilla activity was increasing in South Korea, though the "life line" railway from the south taking reinforcements to the battle area was not yet menaced, said an earlier communique.

Military experts said without air support the outnumbered American and South Korean forces would be hard put to it to hold their ground even if the 200-yard-wide Kum river was used to full tactical advantage.

LET OTHERS ALSO JOIN U. S.

Demand In Senate

Demands multiplied in the American Senate yesterday that troops from other United Nations members join the American soldiers in Korea.

The calls for aid came shortly after General Omar Bradley, Chairman of the United States Chiefs of Staff, had been reported as telling the Senate Armed Services Committee that some foreign troops at least in "token" strength would be sent to Korea.

SOLEMN OBLIGATION

Senators William Knowland (Republican), Homer Ferguson (Republican), Dennis Chavez (Democrat) and William Benton (Democrat) all declared that all members of the United Nations had a solemn obligation to send fighting men into battle against Communist aggression.

"Nor can they discharge their obligation merely by voting for a resolution or applauding the action taken by a few Governments," Senator Chavez said.

"American boys are the only ones dying in Korea," he added.

He said that Britain and France had said that they were not sending ground troops to Korea.

Senator Benton said: "Even a battalion of troops from the Philippines and Pakistan would help to dramatise to Koreans that this is not a white man's imperialist war."

SRINAGAR, July 12 (PTI).—Sir Owen Dixon U.N. Mediator in Kashmir who is leaving for Delhi today called on Kashmir Premier Sheikh Mohamad Abdullah and was with him for nearly 45 minutes. Sir Owen is understood to have expressed his thanks to the Kashmir Premier for courtesies shown to him during his stay.

Vice-Admiral Sir Edward Parry C-in-C Indian Navy as he flew in from Delhi on his way to London.

WARNING STRIKE IN S. BELGIUM

Protest Against Leopold's Return

BRUSSELS, July 12 (PTI-Reuter): Thousands of workers in Charleroi, Southern Belgium, started a 24-hour "warning" strike today against the move to restore provisionaly-exiled King Leopold to the throne.

Union officials said the stoppage was "fairly general" throughout the city and the surrounding district, and coal mines, metal works, iron foundries, glass works and public services were affected. The area is highly industrialised.

Trams were off the streets in Charleroi and large department stores and some small shops were closed.

A "day of protest" was originally planned for today in the French-speaking provinces of Walonia, in Southern Belgium but it was called off by the trade unions "because workers are not in favour of a strike limited to 24 hours".

A union official said the workers planned to stage an unlimited general strike "when it is obvious that King Leopold has taken no heed of their warnings."

DAY OF PROTEST

The General Federation of Labour and Wallonians in Charleroi decided to hold a 'Day of Protest' despite the postponement of the general strikes throughiut Walonia.

Today workers in Charleroi paraded through streets bedecked with "Flags of Wallonia".

They laid wreaths on a memorial for union workers who died in the two world wars and later on a memorial for the late Queen Astrid, King Leopold's first wife.

A joint session of the Belgian Parliament was expected to continue today the debate on the repeal of the Regency Law which bars Leopold from the throne. The debate began last Thursday.

Repeal of the law is considered certain because the pro-Leopold Catholic Government has a majority of eleven in the joint session of the two houses of Parliament.

Mail Wagons Held Up By Soviet

BERLIN, July 12 (PTI-Reuter): The Soviet zone border Police today again held up six mail wagons carrying parcels bound for West Berlin.

The daily Hanover Berlin Mail train arrived here this morning with only three wagons. The remaining six wagons were put on a side track at the Soviet zonal border check point at Marienborn.

Yesterday the Soviet authorities released 16 of 22 wagons they seized on Sunday night.

Workers' Triumph In Bangalore

BANGALORE, July 12 (PTI): The strike of workers of the Mysore Government Electric Factory has been called off. The management has promised to give a month's wages as ex-gratia payment. The workers resumed work today.

The 11,000 workers went on strike on Monday demanding one month's salary as bonus.

RUSSIA MAY STALL U. N. ACTION IN KOREA

WASHINGTON, July 12. (UPI): Russian obstruction in the United Nations may produce a peculiar situation in August next, according to political observers here.

As the Soviet delegate on the Security Council is then due to succeed to the presidency of that body under the monthly rotatory system, it is feared that the Korean situation has for the time being reduced to nothing the chances that Russia will end the boycott she started in the dispute over Chinese representation.

Under the Security Council rules, it is the President who summons meetings. This raises the question of how the Council will function if the President refuses to do so.

The Council may decide, it is learnt, that the place of the Russian delegate should be taken by the representative of the country next in alphabetical order, which is the United Kingdom.

This year it is predicted, the Council will find itself extremely busy in August.

Jailed For Mock Burial

PORT MORESBY NEW GUINEA, (PTI-Reuter):—Papuan patrol officer Roy Edwards has been sentenced to six months' gaol for staging a mock burial with a native as the "body".

Edwards made the native, Kou Geru, Lie in the open grave of a native girl, then covered him up with banana leaves.

He would not let Geru get up for several minutes. The girl's grave had been opened earlier by an unknown person who took away her head.

Edwards alleged that Geru had confessed to murdering the girl. He denied he had made Geru lie in the grave.

Edwards was acquitted of five other charges including making Geru climb a pole, then lighting a fire under it.

THE HYDROGEN BOMB

(Continued from page 6)

chain reaction going, pure uranium 1sotope 235 should be used and its mass should be above the critical mass. When the bomb explodes, it developes a temperature in its core of the order of many millions of degrees and a pressure of many millions of atmosphere.

The Uranium bomb cannot be produced by nations in bulk because the raw material is limited, processing, purifying and isolating the isotope is very tedious and expensive. Its lethal destructive power is limited to about six to seven miles. Its usefulness in strategic warfare is contested by Professor Blackett and United States Naval chiefs.

HYDROGEN BOMB

In the Hydrogen bomb, the material used as the name indicates, is hydrogen instead of Uranium or Plutonium. Hydrogen can be made available in unlimited quantities. The sun is pouring forth enormous quantities of energy every second for the last two thousand million years or more. This could be possible only by annihilating some portion of its own mass into energy. The sun is burning 4.2 million tons of matter every second in trying to keep us alive on this planet. This burning of matter takes place in the process of building up of Helium out of Hydrogen. Helium nucleus consists of two protons and two neutrons. The mass of each proton is 1.0076 and of neutron 1.0089. So the total mass of Helium nucleus should be 1.0076X2 plus 1.0089X2 that is 4.33. But actually the mass of Helium is 4.003. So there is a loss of .030 mass units which is equivalent to an enormous amount of energy. The core of the sun contains a large proportion of Hydrogen gas under a temperature of million degrees and under a very high pressure. The thermal energy of these atoms is very great. So they collide with each other with great force and in a complicated process finally produce Helium. So the atomic mass is partially converted into energy not only by the fission of costly uranium but also by the fusion of cheap and plentiful Hydrogen atoms into Helium. But the fusion to be realisable needs conditions of very high temperature and pressure as are available in the womb of the sun. These temperatures and pressures are not available in our earth except inside the Uranium bomb called the A-Bomb when it explodes. So the Hydrogen bomb or H-Bomb works only in conjunction with A-Bomb and it is constructed by surrounding the A-Bomb with plentiful supply of Hydrogen in a steel case. The chances of hydrogen fusion into Helium can be very much increased by using heavy Hydrogen instead of ordinary hydrogen. Heavy hydrogen nucleus consists of one proton and one neutron. Only two atoms of heavy hydrogen need fuse together to give a Helium atom.

CATASTROPHIC VIOLENCE

Heavy hydrogen in concentrated amounts or in paraffin compounds can be kept inside a strong steel case and in its core may be placed the ordinary A-Bomb. When the A-Bomb explodes very high temperature and pressure are produced in which condition Hydrogen fusion into helium takes place and enormous quantities of energy developed. As more energy is released, greater and greater temperature is produced and the rate of Helium reaction increases until the whole bomb bursts with a catastrophic violence unprecedented in the ordinary atom bomb. Besides, hydrogen fusion into helium takes place in millions of pairs of atoms simultaneously and not by any chain reaction. So the energy developed is instantaneous and to that extent more violent. The original uranium piece will be blown to bits and atomised and the whole atmosphere will be contaminated with natural radio activity which is both injurious and lasting.

This is the mere outline of the physical principles underlying the Hydrogen bomb but even America has to go a long way to overcome the technological difficulties in the actual construction of the bomb. It is not yet certain whether Hydrogen would lead itself to become Helium to oblige Truman or Stalin. The sun is continuously converting its hydrogen into helium and burning itself out to keep us alive. It is the irony of fate that man is now trying the same stunt to destroy and annihilate life on earth.

RESOURCES

H-Bomb can be produced only by those nations who have the resources to produce the A-Bombs. Whereas the atomic energy from Uranium fission could be harnessed and used for peaceful industrial purposes, H-Bomb is being developed only for the purpose of destruction and no wonder some front rank scientists are hesitant to prostitute science to that extent and lay in the hands of man a weapon that is potentially destructive beyond the wildest nightmares of imagination.

The problem of the development of H-Bomb is more political than scientific. Never before has science offered a greater spectre of horror to society as in the present atomic age. Philosophers diagnose the malady and remark that the spiritual advancement of man has lagged far behind his scientic advancement. Too true; but what is the remedy? Philosopher has no answer and no concrete proposals.

TAKE PEOPLE INTO CONFIDENCE

Advice To Police

RAJKOT, July 12. (PTI): The Raja Saheb of Dhrangadhra, acting Rajpramukh of Saurashtra, said here today that no government worth the name could tolerate unlawful activities.

The Rajpramukh, who was addressing a police parade, said that with the dawn of freedom the police must take people into their confidence and discharge their duties accordingly. He asked the people to co-operate witn the police irrespective of political affiliations.

The Rajpramukh advised the people to take to constitutional methods, for those who were indulging in unconstitutional methods were making it difficult for the police to work within the limits of law.

The Rajpramukh also bestowed police medals and certificates to a number of police officers and constables responsible for bringing to book some notorious dacoits.

ACCIDENT IN U.P.

LUCKNOW, July 12 (PTI): Five hundred and thirtyfour persons were killed in accidents in Uttar Pradesh in the last two years and 1,403 sustained injuries. The total number of motor accidents was 1,451.

Disclosing this in a written reply during quetion hour in the UP Legislative Assembly today, Mr. Lal Bahadur Shastri Home Minister said: "Of the total number of person killed in motor accidents, 46 were killed by Government roadways motor accidents, and 243 injured."

Justice Mukherji

CALCUTTA: Mr. Justice P. B. Mukherji, President of the West Bengal Enquiry Commission, and also of the Assam Commission of Enquiry, set up in term of the Indo-Pakistan Agreement, will leave for Shillong on July 14 for settling the programme of the Commission there.

He will meet the Chief Minister Mr. Gopinath Bardoloi, and the two members of the Assam Commission, eturning to Calcutta on July 17.

Tourist Studies Tourism

SRINAGAR, July 12. (PTI): Mr. N. S. Ennis, Consultant, ECAFE, who arrived in India at the invitation of the Government of India to advise on the development of tourism, paid a two-day visit to Kashmir.

He visited many of the beauty spots of tourist interest here like Gulamrg. Pahalgam and Acchabal.

After completion of his tour of different parts of India Mr. Ennis will submit a report to the Government of India on the possible lines of the development of tourist industry in India.

Bhang And Ganja Seized

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 12: A motor lorry full of bhang and ganja which was on its way to Gujarat was checked by police near Mount Abu Road. Fifty persons were arrested.

Retrenchment In U. P.

(From Our Correspondent)

ALLAHABAD, July 12: The Government of U. P. has decided to retrench 117 persons out of 380 in the Rationing Department here Rationing officers are also being reduced.

Rajasthan Land Reforms

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, July 12: With the object of introducing land reforms in Rajasthan, Madhya Bharat, Bhopal and Vindhya Pradesh Union, a Regional Board with Mr. K. M. Munshi as chairman and the Chief Minister of Madhya Bharat and the Chief Commissioner of Rajasthan, Bhopal and Vindhya Pradesh unions as members has been formed. The newly formed body will held its first meeting on July 30 at Indore.

British Ship Damaged

LONDON, July 12. (PTI-Reuter): The British steamer Merchant Knight (4,780 tons) was considerably damaged when in collision with the Greek steamer Nestos (7,176 tons) at Calcutta today, Lloyds agent reported here.

Both ships returned to Kidderpore dock.

Tariff Board Enquiry

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

The Indian Tariff Board's public inquiry into the claim for protection or assistance to the Belt Fasteners Industry will be held at 11 a.m. on Thursday, July 13, in the Board's office in Ballard Estate, Bombay.

Postal Communication To Korea Suspended

NEW DELHI, July 12. (PTI): All postal mail communication (surface and air) to Korea (North and South) has been temporarily suspended with immediate effect, according to press note from the office of the Director-General of Post and Telegraph.

Relief To Flood-Affected People In Bihar

RANCHI, July 12. (PTI): The Government of Bihar is fully alive to the situation created by the Kosi floods in Saharsa, Darbhanga and Khagaria and has been doing their best to mitigate the sufferings of the people, according to a press note issued yesterday.

The following amounts have been sanctioned for relief and further grants will be made if considered necessary: Saharsa Rs. 1,60,000 Darbhanga Rs. 75,000 and Monghyr Rs. 25,000.

Adequate number of boats have been provided at these places and one motor boat for Darbhanga and one for Saharsa have also been sanctioned.

Volcano-Power For Cooking

LONDON, July 12 (PTI-Reuter):

Scientists here predicted that within a few years housewives may be cooking meals with heat derived from the hot lava in the centre of the earth.

The scientists, who have come from all over the world to discuss means of increasing the world's supply of power, said that recent experiments in Italy in using volcanic steam to move dynamos were only the beginning of an important new method of creating electricity for homes and industry.

Other novel methods of generating power were also likely to become of great importance, they added. Electricity, sufficient to run large scale industries could be produced cheaply, particularly in tropical regions, by harnessing the power contained in the different temperatures of water on the surface and at the bottom of the sea.

They also foresaw a day when wide use would be made of winds, tides and the heat of the sun for generating electricity.

SUPPLY STAFF CUT IN SATARA

MIRAJ, July 12, (PTI): A two-day conference of Sub-Divisional Officers, Mamlatdars and other senior officials of South Satara District has agreed to effect five per cent retrenchment in the regulor staff and "a substantial reduction" in the supply staff in the district.

The conference, which was held at Sangli under the chairmanship of Mr. S. E. Sukhthankar, Collector of South Satara, concluded last evening.

In view of the representations received from employees the Collector will announce his decision at a later date. It is learnt that out of the 72 godowns in the district, it has been decided to retain only 17.

K M T Firing On British Ship: No Hits

HONG KONG July 12, (PTI-Reuter): The 922-ton British veteran blockade-running merchant ship "Cloverlock" reported on her return here that Chinese Nationalist had attacked her twice on a trip to the Communist South China port of Amoy.

Nationalist batteries shelled her as she was entering Amoy on July 8 and two Nationalist gun boats chased and shelled her when she left port two days later.

The ship was not hit in either attack.

HUGE LOSS TO FOODGRAINS

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 12: Owing to the lethargic attitude of the food authorities about 2,500 bags of maize and gram are reported to be lying exposed to rain, off Vanswada district of Rajasthan State on Dohad Railway Station. It is learnt that continuous rain has damaged the foodgrains. The total loss is estimated to be Rs. 1 lakh and attention of the Central and Rajasthan Food Departments has been drawn to the huge loss.

Estimates Committee

NEW DELHI, July 12, (PTI): It is learnt that the Estimates Committee of Parliament, which has been meeting from day to day since July 5, is still examining the estimates of the Ministry of Industry and Supply. As at present arranged, these meetings may continue throughout July.

Aly Khan Honoured

CANNES, July 12 (PTI-Reuter): Prince Aly Khan has been promoted Officer (military division) of the Legion of Honour for meritorious conduct during the Allied landing in the south of France on August 15, 1944.

He accompanied the British forces as Liaison Officer with the rank of Captain.

The news was given to Prince Aly Khan as he and his wife Rita were about to embark on a yacht for a cruise off Italy and Corcica.

Railway Line Washed Away By Rains

AHMEDABAD, July 12 (PTI): The railway line between Mahemdabad and Anand has been washed away by heavy rain. The trains are arriving here late today by two or four hours.

Saurashtra Kala Mandal

RAJKOT, July 12, (PTI): The organisation of Saurashtra Kala Mandal was announced here today. Mr. H V Divatia Chief Justice of the Saurashtra High Court, will be its President till office-bearers are elected under the Mandal's constitution which is nearing completion.

The Mandal will include music, dancing and other arts in its actities, besides drawing and painting.

Mr. Divatia said that it had been decded to organise at least one art exhibition every year in Saurashtra under the auspices of the Mandal.

LATEST COMMERCIAL NEWS

NEW YORK COTTON OCTOBER.

NEW YORK, July 12.

Previous Closing	36.00
Today's Opening	35.89
Difference	—11
Today's Closing	35.98
Difference	—2

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

Quiet, Cheerful

LONDON, July 12 (PTI-Reuter): Saarbruecken bonds were a firm feature of the London Stock Exchange today. Speculatnve buying lifted the price by three points to 76 and followed the news of discussions between British and Foreign Governments concerning the rights of holders. There was also some interest in German poatsh loans which closed firm on rumours of some payout in the near future.

Markets generally were quiet but cheerful. Overnight decline on Wall Street was resisted and leading industrial issues recorded small gains. The strength of commodities was reflected by renewed firmness in respective shares. Tins were particularly strong on good demand.

British Government stocks were idle and occasionally fractionally lower.

Small gains were widespread in South African minings. Johannesburg and ocal operators were supporting selected producers and developers.

GILT-EDGED SECURITIES
2 1/2 per cent B Consols 69¼
3 1/2 per cent Con. Loan 94 3/8
4 per cent Funding Loan 107 1/4
3 1/2 per cent War Loan 93
3 per cent War Loan 103½
3 per cent War Loan 103½
3 per cent Saving Bonds 93-3/8
British Transport 89 3/8

INDUSTRIALS
Asso. Port Cement 86-1
Br. Amr. Tobacco 5-1/8
Br. Cell Ordy. 21-9
Cal. Elec. 22-3
Cal. Tramways 24-6
Carreras 5-23/32
J. and P. Coats 57-1 1/2
Courtauids 37-4 1/2
Distilleries 18-4½
Dunlop Rubber 60-3
Elec. and Music 20-9
Fine Cot. Spinners 21-4½
Ford Motors 44
Imperial Chemical 40-6
Imperial Tobacco 5 3/32
Indian Iron and Steel 42-6
Int. Nickel 56-1/8
Lever Bros. and Unilever 40 1 1/2
Marks and Spencer 79
Pinchin and Johnson 41
Standard Motors 21 7 1/2
Vickers 29
Woolworth 46/9
Fed Malaya 89
S.L. Distilleries Ord 20
Do. Pref. 20 7 1/2

TEA SHARES
Assam Solidated 13
Assam Frontier 12/6
Assam 19/6
Empire of India 21/6
Imperial 22

JUTES
Barnagore 16½
Samugger 29

RUBBER
Anglo-Dutch Plant of Java 9/3
Invest Trust 19-1½
Kula Kelampong 13 1 1/2

MINING SHARES
Burma Corp. 3-6
Crown 5-3/16
Nundydroo 9
Cpring 10-6
Sub Nigel 4-5/16.
Southern Mal Times 24
French Mines 24-6
Petalling Test 19-3
Hongkong 11
Union Corp 208-9
Con. Tin (Burma) -1-1 1/2
Indian Copper 3-7 1/2
Blyvoors 42-6
Simmer and Jacks 7-9
Cor. Goldfield 50
Orange Free State 43-9

OILS
Ango-Iranian 125
Attock 24-4 1/2
Burma 3-1/32
Mexican Eagle 17-4½
Royal Dutch 22-½
Shell Transport 3 3/16

SHIPPING
P and O Steam 47-3
Indian General 6
Nominal Banks 9 3/6
Mercantile Bank of India 22 1/2

APPEAL TO NEHRU TO MEDIATE

(Continued from Page 6)

member nation of the United Nations to select its own Mother of the Year so that these women may be awarded the same gold medal and scroll given each year to the American Mother. The hope is that the selection may be an annual event. Thus far, U. N. delegations from 49 countries have accepted the invitation and 33 had made their selection. The selections were: Australia—Dame Enid Lyons, Belgium—Mrs. Hubert Verwilghen; Bolivia—Mrs. Olga Mogro Moreno. Canada—Hon. Cairie Reay Wilson; Chile—Mrs. Roha M. de Gonzales Videla; China—Mrs. Louis F. S. Hong; Colombia—Senora Soledad Portocarrero de Uribe; Costa Rica—Senora dona Angela Accna de Chacon; Egypt—Mrs. Mansour Pasha Fahmy; Ethiopia—Madame Hanna Abraha; France Mme. Jaudoin-Prom; Greece—Her Majesty Queen Frederika of the Hellenes; Haiti—Mme. Veue Isaie Jeanty; Honduras—Mrs. Mercedes Laine de Blanco; India—Madame Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit; Iran—Madame Nasser-Ol-Molk Garagonlou; Iraq—Her Majesty Queen Aliyah; Israel—Mrs. Lotte Beyth; Lebanon—Madame La Marquess de Freige; Liberia—Mrs. Sarah E. Barclay; Luxembourg—Her Royal Highness The Grand Duchess of Luxembourg; Mexico—Mrs. Maria Celis de Perex Martinez; Netherlands—Her Majesty Queen Juliana of the Netherlands; Nicaragua—Mrs. Salvadora Debayle de Somoza; Norway—Mrs. Henny Ording; Pakisan—Begum Ra'Na Liaquat Ali Khan; Panama—Senora Antonia Quintero viduda de Nunez Roca; Philippines—Mrs. Paz P. Mendez; Thailand—Lady Laiat Pibulsonggram; Turkey—Mrs. Mihri Pektas; Union of South Africa Mrs. M. T. Steyn; United Kingdom—The Countess of Albemarle; Yemen—Mrs. Seif Al-Islam Alkasem.

All Restrictive Acts Must Be Suspended

POLITICAL PARTIES' MEMORANDA TO SEN

NAGPUR, July 12, (UPI).

THE demand for suspension of all restrictive enactments in view of the fears and doubts and to ensure purity and freedom of election to be held under the Constitution of free India, has been made by representatives of various political parties in their memoranda submitted to Shri S. Sen, Chief Election Commissioner Government of India, today.

Shri H. J. Khandeker, President of the All-India Depressed Classes League, in the course of his memorandum suggested the postponement of the forthcoming general elections until the census figures of 1951 were declared. He said that the Depressed Classes League were not prepared to accept census figures of 1941 for determining the number of seats to be allotted to them. The census figures of '41 were wrong and did not give the definite number of scheduled castes and tribes inhabiting the country. He maintained that there should be single member consituency. A separate constituency for scheduled castes should be formed where their population was one lakh for provincial legislatures and ten lakhs for the Parliamnt. Only distributive system of voting should be enforced as it was the only fair way of conducting elections.

Referring to the delimitation of constituencies, he said that the constituencies which were formed under the 1935 Delimitation Committee should be abolished and new constituencies be formed.

KHARE'S MEMORANDUM

Dr. N. B. Khare, President of the All-India Hindu Mahasabha, feared that the various restrictive measures would be utilised in suppressing the various political parties working in the country.

Dr. N. B. Khare submitted a joint memorandum to the Chief Election Commissioner on behalf of the Hindu Mahasabha, the Socialist Party and the scheduled castes.

In the course of his memorandum he suggested that the elections of Janapadas, Gram and Nyaya Panchayats should be completed before the general elections. If this was not possible, said, these bodies should be dissolved.

State vehicles and staff cars, state flag and official designations of leaders in appeals to voters should be prohibited in the general elections, Dr. Khare added.

Referring to the reservation of seats for the scheduled castes, Dr. N. B. Khare suggested that in case of scheduled caste, the caste should be mentioned in the voters list, and separate voters lists should also be prepared for scheduled castes voters.

D. Ps FROM PAKISTAN

Continuing Dr. Khare urged that some provision should be made for refugees from Pakistan to have their share in the coming elections, as by reason of their immigration into Inda at a later date many of them were not regarded as citizens of the Indian Union under Article 5 and 6 of the Constitution Act.

Shri Sukumar Sen interrupting Dr. Khare at this state, declared that persons who had come here before July 25, 1949, from Pakistan had been given the right to vote and every facility would be given to them to have their legitimate share in the elections. But persons who had come to India after July 25, 1949, he said, would not avail of such facilities.

The Madhya Pradesh Scheduled Castes Federation in their memorandum suggested that in order to do away with the shortcomings and to inspire confidence in the scheduled caste masses it was necessary that the word 'Harijan' should be replaced by the word 'Scheduled castes'. It was also necessary, the memorandum added, Delimitation Committees states as well as for the Union, with representative non-official bodies should be immediately appointed to assist the Election Commission to deal with the problem of delimitation.

The meorandum further suggested that in vitw of the fact that Election Advisory Committees appointed by the Speaker from the Members of the Parliament consisted mainly, if not exclusively, of the Congress Party members it was highly desirable with a view to inspiring confidence in the masess.

DELHI POSTAL CLERK SENTENCED

Charge Of Professional Misconduct

NEW DELHI, July 12 (PTI): Gurbux Singh, a clerk of the Delhi Post Office, was sentenced to four years' rigorous imprisonment for professional misconduct by a Delhi Magistrate today.

According to the prosecution, the accused when he was working in the Maidens Hotel Post Office as a cleak removed on December four insured covers containing currency notes to the tune of Rs. 1,70,000. The covers were sent by the Punjab National Bank to their different branches. They were removed while in transit from the Post Office to the railway mail service.

The police recovered the currency notes from the accused and arrested him under Section 52 of the Indian Post Office Act, and under Section five of the Prevention of Corruption Act.

The accused pleaded not guilty to the charge.

The Additional District Magistrate of Delhi, who tried the case, convicted the accused on both counts and sentenced him to four years' rigorous imprisonment on each count. The sentences are to run concurrently.

Avoid Inciting Headlines

Amiruddin's Appeal To West Bengal Press

DACCA, July 11 (PTI): When the East Bengal Disturbance Inquiry Commission reassembled this morning, the President, Mr. Justice Amiruddin Ahmed, appealed to the West Bengal Press "not to use reports of the proceedings of the Commission as an opportunity for publication of inflammatory headlines."

The President said: "The Commission can do its work properly only in a dispassionate and co-operative atmosphere, which I would appeal to the Press to create. The Commission does not intend to allow reporting of proceedings of the Commission to be used as an opportnity for publication of inflammatory headlines and would request the newspapers concerned to discontinue the use of such headlines".

Evidence of five witnesses was recorded today.

Evidence Before Commission

The first witness, an inhabitant of Jatrabari, a village in Dacca District, narrated an incident of February 10. He said a grocery shop near his house was looted at night, but the ration shops belonging to two other Hindus were spared.

Witness added that similar incidents took place the next day. Some women, he said, participated in the incidents as members of the attacking mob of Muslims.

A 72-year-old retired Government doctor of Dacca City described the raid on his house by four or five armed Muslims in the afternoon of February 12. He said that in the course of the raid he was wounded in the chest and he had to remain in hospital for two months. The raiders also snatched away gold bangles weighing about 22 tolas from the hands of his wife who was in the kitchen at the time of the raid.

The police, he said, arrived after the raiders had left.

The Government advocate informed the Commission that a case had been started and was under investigation.

HOUSES LOOTED

A Brahmin resident of Majihna, a village in Dacca District, told the Commission that in his village ten houses belonging to Brahmins had been looted in the disturbances which started on February 13. The rest of the houses belonged to Muslims and Namasudras.

Witness said that his house had been completely ransacked. A sixteenth part of his looted property was however, recovered later.

Another resident of the same village, who is the father of a Calcutta police officer, said that he had lost property worth about Rs. 13,000 in the disturbances. Of that, property worth about Rs. 5,000 had been recovered through a Muslim doctor of the village.

Delhi Pact Fully Implemented

NURUL AMIN'S STATEMENT

LONDON, July 12 (PTI-Reuter): Mr. Nurul Amin, Premier of East Bengal (East Pakistan), said here today:

"We are fully implementing the Indo-Pakistan Agreement on minorities."

The Agreement was signed by Pandit Nehru, Indian Prime Minister, and Mr. Liaquat Ali Khan, Pakistan's Prime Minister, in New Delhi on April 8 last.

Mr. Nurul Amin said: "There is not one dissentient voice against this Agreement in Pakistan.

"The people of Pakistan are one with Government of Pakistan in implementing the Agreement."

The East Bengal Premier observed that the Minority Commissions and the Commission of Enquiry were functioning satisfactorily.

PREVENTION

The Commission of Enquiry was probing the causes and extent of the past disturbances and would make recommendations with a view to preventing recrudescence of similar touble in the future.

Mr. Nurul Amin added: "we have recently appointed a member of the minority community, Mr. D. N. Barori, as a Minister in the East Bengal Government and another member of the minority community, Mr. R. Guha, as a judge of the Dacca High Court".

WIRELESS SEIZED: A wirless receiver of the type used by enemy agents fell in the hands of the Hyderabad police from the palatial residence at Jubilee Hills of Mubarak Ali Ahmed, Hyderabad contractor, who jumped in Bombay last week and absconded to Lahore, Pakistan.

PAKISTANI'S BRAVERY

WALLASEY CHESHIRE, July 12 (PTI-Reuter):

Abdul Rahman, 50-year old Pakistani gave his life to save a gang of men working in the 10,600-ton British ship Cheshire when poisonsous cyanide gas seeped into her engine room, it was stated at an inquest here yesterday.

Rahman, Chief Serang aboard the Cheshire, helped other men to safety before being overcome by the gas, which had been used for fumigating the ship.

The coroner Mr. J. Stuart Crook, recording a verdict of death by misadventure, said Rahman behaved with great bravery.

About 50 men were affected by the gas.

U. S. AMBASSADOR TO GREECE

Mr. J. E. Peurifoy

Mr. John E. Peurifoy, U.S. Deputy Under Secretary of State for personnel and Administration, has been nominated U. S. Ambassador to Greece by President Truman.

He will succeed Henry F. Grady, former U. S. Ambassador to India and now Ambassador to Iran.—USIS.

Cripps Not For Moscow Peace Mission

LONDON, July 12, (PTI-Reuter): Treasury officials here today scoffed at a London rumour that Sir Stafford Cripps, Chancellor of the Exchequer, was likely to volunteer for a Moscow peace mission.

The rumour followed the publication of a short report in a tabloid daily newspaper suggesting that Socialist backbenchers expected Sir Stafford to make this move.

A Treasury spokesman said that if there was any such expectation, it certainly had not come to the ears of the Chancellor himself.

The spokesman dismissed the suggestion as "having no substance whatsoever."

Discussions On Minimum Wages

AGENDA FOR MEETING ON JULY 20

(From Our Special Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, (Air Mail).

The first meeting of the Central Advisor Board for Minimum Wages will be held here on the July 20. The following will constitute the agenda for the meeting:-

(1) Rrovision regarding hours of work,overtime etc., in establishments coming under the Minimum Wages Act and other anactments.

(2) Consideration of the model draft rules framed by the Central Government under section thirty of the minimum wages act.

(3) Special problems in fixing mimimum wages in agriculture.

(4) Irregular supply of paddy to rice mills by State Authorties, and consequent enforced idleness and its repercussion on Minimum wages fixation in rice mills.

(5) Laying down certain agreed policy for implementation of the provisions of the minimum wages act within the prescribed time limit.

(6) Fixation of minimum wages in cement industry.

(7) Principle of minimum wage fixation.

As for Agriculture Labour, one view expressed is that it is inadvisable at present to proceed with the enforcement of minimum wages in agriculture. The Government of Madras in particular has pointed out that its enforcement might interfere with the grow more food campaign. The Central Ministry of Labour, however, does not accept this view and has asked the opinion of the Board. The Act lays down that the minimum wages shall be enforced in agriculture by March 15, 1951. The date of its enforcement in other specified industries was recently extended by an year, ending March 15, 1951.

The Ministry of Labour is also formulating proposals for a Retrenchment Bill. Retrenchment in any industry, under the scheme will be subject to the approval of a tribunal, which our employer shall have to satisfy was for bonafide objects. The scheme envisages compansation which an employer shall have to pay to his retrenchment personnel.

West Germany Wants A Guarantee

BERLIN, July 12 (UPI): The West German Cabinet Ministers, at a secret meeting, have demanded a written Allied guarantee that Western Germany will be defended in case of attack, it is reliably learnt here today.

Promote Indian Culture In Malaya

THIVY'S ADVICE TO OUR MEN

SINGAPORE July 12 (PTI):

MR. JOHN A THIVY Government of India's Representative in Malaya for the past three years who has been appointed Indian High Commissioner in Mauritius leaves on July 19 by air for Delhi for consultations with the Government of India.

Mr. Thivy will spend three weeks to one month in Delhi before proceeding to Mauritius to assume his new office.

Speaking at a farewell party given in his honour by the Indian Fine Arts Society, Mr. Thivy said that India and the Indians here wanted to give to Malaya and not to take away anything from Malaya. He asked the Fine Arts Society to promote Indian culture in this country and also to present it in such a way that it might appeal not only to the Indians but to the people of all nationalities.

SCHOLARSHIPS

Mr. Thivy said the Government of India's scheme of scholarships for Asian countries under which Malaya was allotted six scholarships had this as one of its objectives. Under it the Indians who received such scholarships from Malayan quota had to return to Malaya after completing their studies in India so that people of Malaya might benefit by their studies and by the culture they imbibed in India.

NATIONALITY ISSUE

Mr. John A. Thivy, India's outgoing Representative in Singapore, today welcomed "the idea behind the proposals" for evolving a Malayan nationality put forward by the Communities Liaison Committee of Malaya.

In an interview to K. N. Ramanathan, P.T.I. correspondent, Mr. Thivy emphasised the importance of developing a single Malayan nationality and said "if everyone is to claim equality without distinction there must be equal rights and this can only happen if there is a single Malayan nationality".

INDO-PAK DEFENCE COUNCIL

KARACHI, July 12, (PTI).

Field Marshal William Slim, Chief of the Imperial General Staff said at a press conference here yesterday that it was extremely unlikely that there would be any large attack on India and Pakistan in case of a global war. For all practical purposes, he said the formation of a joint Indo-Pakistan Defence Council would be the best thing for defence of the two countries. In case of a world war, he continued, the first contribution of India and Pakistan should be to cofe to an agreement to help each other. Britain, he said, would give them every help to arrive at a settlement.

It was distressing for one like him, who had remained 30 years in the sub-continent to find that they were not co-operating, Field Marshal Slim added.

TNCC ELECTIONS IN MADRAS

Contempt Charge Against Nadar

MADRAS, July 12 (PTI): The Judge of the Second Civil Court of Madras admitted today an application filed on behalf of Mr. T. V. Elumalai to commit Mr. K. Kamaraja Nadar, President, Tamil Nad Congress Committee, and Mr. P. Ramachandran, Congress Election Officer, for alleged contempt of court.

The petitioner alleged that on June 30, the court had granted an interim injunction in a suit filed by him against the respondents, restraining them from holding elections from the second circle of Madras City for electing Tamil Nad delegates to the All-India Congress. The petitioner contended that there having been no valid contest, he should have been returned unopposed from the second circle constituency. He held the other candidate, who contested him, was disqualified as he was a paid officer of the Congress.

The petitioner alleged that in spite of the interim injunction, the election was held on July 1 which action was "a wanton disobedience of the order of the court."

The Judge admitted the petition and ordered notice to be served on the respondents.

The hearing of the suit was adjourned till July 18.

LUNI RIVER IN SPATE

Rail Bridge Gives Way

JODHPUR, July 12 (PTI).

The Luni River now in spate has not only inundated the low-lying areas, but has also breached three-mile long railway line between Kohat and Luni junction.

The Railway bridge on the Luni River gave way and the trains passing to and fro have been held up on either side.

The breach and the bridge are likely to be repaired by today if there is no further downpour of rain.

Vatican Is Worried

VATICAN CITY, July 12 (PTI-Reuter)

Official Vatican circles said last night they were seriously worried "over the fate of Monsignor Patrick Byrne apostolic delegate in Korea."

The 62 year old Washington-born prelate has been apostolic delegate to Korea since 1940.

INDONESIA REJECTS AUSTRALIA'S CLAIM

No Discussion On The Issue Of New Guinea

DJAKARTA, July 12 (PTI-Reuter).

REPEATING its claim to Dutch West New Guinea, the Indonesian Government today rejected any suggestion that the claim should be discussed with Australia—the administering power in West New Guinea.

A Government spokesman told a press conference here "Government considers West New Guinea an internal question to be settled between the Netherlands Government and Indonesia as exclusively laid down at the Hague Round Table Agreement.

"It does not consider it an international question and not at all an issue between Australia and Indonesia. It does not see any reason for sending a mission to Australia".

INDONESIAN VIEW

A mission to Australia to explain the Indonesian view point on her claim to Duach New Guinea was first suggested by the Indonesian President, Dr. Soekarno, a month ago during his tour of Bali with the Indian Prime Minister, Pandit Nehru.

The suggestion followed a number of vigorous speeches to mass meetings during the tour in which Dr. Soekarno said, West New Guinea would be under Indonesian sovereignty before the end of 1950.

Earlier in the month the Australian Ambassador to Djakarta, Mr. John Hood had been recalled to Australia in connection with Indonesia's claim.

The spokesman today added that Indonesia had no interest in Australian East New Guinea.

Trusteeship Of S.-W. Africa

DISSENTING VIEW IN WORLD COURT

THE HAGUE, July 12, (PTI-Reuter): A Russian, a Belgiam and a Chilean Judge of the International Court of Justice here, in dissenting opinion yesterday asserted that South Africa was legally obliged to place South West Africa, mandated to her by the League of Nations, under the United Nations trusteeship system.

In its advisory opinion of certain questions submitted by the United Nations in its dispute with the Union, the court decided by 8 votes to 6 that South Africa had no such obligation.

Soviet Judge Serge Borisovotch Krylov declared in his dissent that both the letter and spirit of the United Nations Charter led to only one interpretation — that South Africa was legally bound to negotiate with a view to concluding a trusteeship agreement for the former German colony.

Judge Charles De Visscher, of Belgium, contended that the United Nations Charter had created an international system which would never have had more than a theoretical existence if the mandatory powers had considered themselves under no such obligations.

Apart from the case of Palestine and instances of accession to independence all mandatory powers except South Africa had consented to the conversion from the mandatory to the trusteeship, he noted.

The Chilean Judge, Senor Alejandro Alvarez declared that even if it were admitted that South Africa had no such legal obligation, it had at any rate the political, inter-national obligation or a duty to do so.

Sir Arnold Duncan Mcnair of Britain, and the Canadian Judge, Mr. John Read, dissented from the majority opinion that South Africa was obliged to submit reports and transmit petitions from South West Africa's 300,000 inhabitants to the United Nations.

In his dissenting opinion, Sir Arnold declared: "The succession of the United Nations to the administrative functions of the League of nations in regard to the mandates could have been expressly preserved and vested in the United Nations. But this was not done."

Atom Bomb Only After Warning

VERSAILLES, July 12, (PTI-Reuter): M Robert Borel, Director-General of the International Committee for the study of European questions, yesterday denied that Korea was mentioned in the note sent to Prime Ministers and other leaders of western powers regarding the use of atomic bombs.

He said the resignation of the four British Members of the Committee rested "on valid reason".

It was true, he said that "an important additional note" was added to Committee's report suggesting that the threat of the atomic bomb might be employed to prevent or stop a war provided the United Nations gave an advance warning to the aggressor and set a time limit, but Korea was not mentioned.

M. Paul Reynaud, former French Prime Minister and member of the Committee, said last night he had nothing to do with the drawing up of the report.

(The four British members of the Committee, including Lord Vansittart and Lord Brazon, resigned because this addition to the Committee's report was added without their knowledge.)

Alleged Violation Of Border

PAKISTAN'S DEMAND ON AFGHANISTAN

KARACHI, July 12 (PTI): A semi-official source here said last night that Pakistan had lodged a strong protest with Afghanistan over an alleged deliberate violation of the Baluchistan-Pakistan border by Afghan troops, in which an officer of the Pishin Scouts —a Pakistan Frontier Defence Unit— was said to have been killed and two scouts wounded.

The Pakistan Government has demanded an apology from the Afghan Government for violation of territory and full compensation for the loss of life and injury to Pakistan nationals, the source added.

The same quarter stated that Afghan soldiers established a post 300 yards inside the Pakistan frontier near Gawazah. The Afghans were asked to retire, but refused and were arrested. On June 17, a body of Pishin Scouts sent to this area were fired on from across the border by a body of 40 Afghans, who later crossed the border and continued firing from positions on the Pakistan side until the early hours of next day, the source said.

It was in this engagement that one Subedar (Captain) of the Pishin Scouts was killed and two scouts were wounded.

Four Afghans were reported killed, and three were arrested, one of whom was wounded. The Afghans later retreated across the border.

The three Afghans arrested belong, according to the source, to the second battalion, 19th brigade of the Afghan Army.

TWO LOANS IN PAKISTAN

To Absorb Surplus Funds

KARACHI, July 1. (PTI).

Pakistan is to float two new loans this month, it was officially announced here yesterday.

Both will open on July 20. A two-and-a-half per cent loan until 1956-7 will remain open for one day only; a three per cent loan for 1969-70 will remain open until further notice.

Both loans will be issued at par.

The official statement said the loans would be issued to enable commercial and banking organisations and local bodies to invest surplus funds.

OLDEST MAN IN SINGAPORE

SINGAPORE, (PTI-Reuter): A Chinese, Yeo Cho Siang, who claims to be 112 and the oldest man in Singapore, recently officiated at a marriage ceremony here. This is the 12th wedding he has conducted in Singapore. Yeo was born in Szechuan province.

His wife died aged 96. One of his sons died at 75. He has a daughter, aged 67 living in Shanghai, and a son in Singapore.

MAZDOOR SABHA SECRETARYSHIP

Mr. Asoka Mehta's Resignation

MADRAS, July 12.

Mr. Asoka Mehta, who has been elected General Secretary of the Socialist Party, has resigned the General Secretaryship of the Hind Mazdor Sabha.

Mr. Mehta said in a press interview that it would be wrong to hold the General Secretaryship of the two organisations at the same time. "The Sabha needs full-time attention which I will not be able to give, and it would be embarrassing for it to have as Geneal Secretary a person who is also General Secretary of a political party".

Mr. Mehta said, however, that he had no desire, to give up labour work. The union with which he had been associated would continue to receive his help and advice.

Mr. Mehta told a gathering of trade union workers at the Meherally Nagar this afternoon that "maximum efforts must be made in the coming months to acquaint the workers with the provisions of the two labour bills now before Parliament and to create in the country an organised public opinion against the reactionary provisions of the bills."

The Hind Mazdoor Sabha had drawn up a detailed plan of action, including meetings, processions and submission of petitions to Parliament. He appealed to the workers to give top priority to the work.

Mr. Mehta later told reporters that just before the meetings of the Select Committee of Parliament on the two labour bills, a conference would be called in Delhi of representatives of various labour organisations to formulate a common point of view to be presented to the Select Committee. The All-India Railwaymen's Federation and various unions of the Federation of the Posts and Telegraphs' workers and Government Employees' Union in the country are among those who have accepted the invitation.

Mr. Mehta expected that at least 30 important organisations would be represented at the conference.

THE BRITISH WERE BETTER

Jayaprakash Condemns Congress Rule

MADRAS, July 12 (PTI): Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan said here yesterday that if the Government of India did not look to the legitimate claims of the workers and employees of the various Government Departments and redress their grievances, the Federation of the All India Defence Services Civilians and Employees' Federation would be compelled to take a strike ballot.

Mr. Narayan who is the President of the Federation was addressing a public meeting held under the auspices of the Madras City Branch of the Federation, at Avadi near Madras.

He said that things were far better under British regime, for, the Britishers had at least paid heed to the demands of the labour movement's but the Congress Government had utterly failed to concede their least demands.

"Though we are having a National Government today, no change in their attitude towards the problems of the workers is to be found," Mr. Narayan said

He called on the workers to organise themselves into strong and effective labour movements and appealed to the Government to see that their rights were safeguarded.

Abolition Of Zamindari Without Compensation

KASHMIR TO ANNOUNCE SCHEME TODAY

(From Our Correspondent)

SRINAGAR, July 12.

KASHMIR Government is expected to announce the abolition of zamindari without compensation tomorrow, July 13, it being the Martyrs' Day. Only big zamindars possessing more than 1,000 kanals of land are expected to be affected by the order. This revolutionary agrarian reform, if given effect to, would give relief to the peasants to the extent of 25 lakhs kanals of land in the whole State. Various other relief measures for the peasant are expected to follow.

Proprietory rights are also expected to be conferred on the "assamis" of Ponch. It is an accepted fact that legally, morally and even politically just and necessary to confer proprietory rights on the "assamis" of Poonch jagir for which the Kashmir National Conference struggled for many years.

HOOVER AT IT AGAIN

Wants U.N .Without Russia

EMPORIA (Kansas), July 12 (PTI-Reuter): American ex-President Herbert Hoover in a speech here last night reiterated his proposal of two months ago that the United Nations be reorganised without the Communist countries.

The events in Korea showed its "inevitable necessity", he said.

The United Nations, with Russia shut off, should throw their combined force into the peace campaign, Mr. Hoover added.

NEW CONSTITUTION FOR INDONESIA

Talks Reach Final Stage

DJAKARTA, July 12 (PTI):

Conversion of Indonesia into a unitary State with a strong Central Government reached a nearer stage of fruition when the Federal (Hatta) Government at Djakarta today endorsed the new provisional Constitution, cables N. Rajamani, P.T.I. Correspondent.

The Constitution was drawn up in recent weeks by the joint delegations of Jogjakarta Republican Government and the Federal Government at Djakarta.

The Republican Cabinet from Jogjakarta is scheduled to arrive in Djakarta on July 14 for the final streamlining of this Constitution under which the President, in cases of necessity, can authorise the Vice-President to form parliamentary Government. This provision is interpreted in political circles here as ensuring the continuity of administration with Dr. Hatta as Prime Minister. (Premier Hatta is also the Vice-President concurrently).

RESTRICTED BUSINESS IN STEELS AND MILLS

Sharp Rise In Imperial Bank Shares On Higher Dividend

BOMBAY, July 12.

There was restricted business today in the local Stock Exchange and price movement was confined to a narrow range. There was active buying in Imperial Bank shares on the declaration of 16 per cent dividend which is an increase of 2 per cent. There was a sharp rise in these shares.

Tata Steel Defd. shares opened at Rs. 1680 and declined at Rs. 1675 under scattered liquidation. At this level there was moderate buying support and some covering which hardened Defds. at Rs. 1687-8 and steadied at Rs. 1682-8. Indian Irons were done at Rs. 30-1 and Bengal Steel shares were placed at Rs. 21.

Bombay Dyeings were quoted at Rs. Rs. 975 while Kohinoor Mill shares came in business at Rs. 302. Simplex Mill shares done at Rs. 223.

Scindia shares changed hands at Rs. 12 while Bombay Burmas were quoted at Rs. 476. Imperial Bank fully paids gained Rs. 50 at Rs. 1890 while partly paids were done at Rs. 460.

Later on there was very little business passing in the market and Tata Steel Defds. were quoted at Rs. 1683-12. Ordinary shares were quoted at Rs. 329-8. Indian Irons were quoted at Rs. 29-15 in Calcutta market. The market closed with quiet but steady tone.

FORWARD SECTION

MILL SHARES	
Bombay Dyeing (27-8)	975 0
Kohinoor Mills (21)	302 0
Svadeshi Mills (12-4)	258 0
Central India Mills (6)	236 4
Simplex India Mills (6-8)	223 8
New Great Eastern (3-2)	138 0
Indore (8-3)	118 2
Gokak Mills (12) XD	242 0
Century Spinning (15)	241 4
Indian Bleaching (8)	145 0
Swan (20)	310 0
Finlay Mills (15)	344 0
Morarji Goculdas (S)	160 0
Edward Sassoon	230 0
Meyer (12)	74 6
Apollo Mills (As. 4)	2 14
India United Ord. (14-9)	11-13-6
India United Defd. (0-2-6)	1-13
Madhusudan (15)	175 0
Podar (9)	124 0
Khatau (5)	145 10
STEELS	
Tata Steel Ord. (14)	329 12
Tata Steel Defd. (64-15)	1682 8
Tata Steel 2nd Pref. (7-8)	146 0
CEMENT	
Associated Cement (7) XD	157 0
INDUSTRIES	
Burma (12-8)	475 0
Belapur (9)	225 8
Shivrajpur (1-8)	36 0
Scindia Steam (0-8)	12-15-6
Premier Construction (4)	92 8
Tata Chemical	13 0
Tata Oil (2)	42 8
India Iron (0-12)	30-0-6
Bengal Steel (0-12-0)	21 2
British India Corp. (0-9)	8-8-6
Indian Copper	2-8-3
Wimco (11)	228 2
Alcock (28-2)	293 12
ELECTRIC SHARES	
Tata Hydro (3)	154
Andhra Valley (30)	1417 8
Tata Power (25)	1531 4

CASH SECTION

COTTON MILLS	
Elphinstone (5)	55 8
Phoenix (6)	126 4
Indian Mfg (40)	3950
Kuria XL	10b
Colaba (12)	78 0
New City (11)	174
Minerva (12)	135 10
Bradbury	545 0
Bharucha Defd. (0-4)	4 4
Bharat (2)	29 0
Mysore Defd (4)	151 4
Madhavji (0-12-0)	14
Model Mills (12-8)	145 0
Lakshmi Cotton (25)	587 8
Vishnu Cotton (6)	188 12
Western India (40)	2925 0
Standar (15)	227 4
Sholapu (200)	3030 0
Sassoon Cotton Mills (0-8-0)	17 12
Hindustan Mills (40)	2925 0
Tata Mills (2-4)	46 8
Ahmedabad Advance (9)	213 12
Sassoon Silk (3)	36 0
New Union Mills (0-8)	16 12
Madhusudan S (2-8)	32 0
Shrinivas Mills (12-8)	162 8
Raja Bahadur (4)	51 0
Berar	256 4
Victoria Mills	225 0
ELECTRIC (CASH)	
Ahmedabad Electric (1-8)	116 4
Ahmedabad New XD	111 0
Surat Electric (5)	130 0
Karachi Electric (2)	127 8
Broach (0-5)	6 6
Ajmer Electricity (0-8)	10 1
Amalgamated (0-12)	11 0
Nagpur Electricity (1-12)	27 0
Poona Electric Supply (8)	126
Bombay Suburban (3)	152 8
Bombay Suburban New	151 4
BANK SHARES	
Imperial Bank of India (35)	1895 0
Imperial Bank P (8-12)	467 8
Central Bank (2)	83 4
Central Bank New (1-8)	83 12
Bank of India (4)	179 12
Union (0-5)	7 5
Baroda (2-8)	128 0
Devkaran Nanjee Bank (1-8)	37 8
United Commercial (1-2)	43 12
Jaipur Bank (1-6)	31 8
Hindustan Commercial	17 0
Mysore Bank (8)	365 0
Eastern Bank (0-14-9)	90 1
INSURANCE SHARES	
Oriental (125)	4870 0
Empire (10)	573 12
New India (2)	64 8
Jupiter (0-12)	12 12
Vulcan (0-10)	13 2
Indian Mercantile (2)	41 0
Universal (0-4)	9 0
Industrial and Prudential	28 1
Neptune	7 0
New Great	19 8
RAILWAY SHARES	
C. P. (1-14) XD	111 4
MISCELLANEOUS SHARES	
Steamer (10)	220 0
Bombay Burma New (5)	160 0
Burma Petrol	1-8-9
Mackenzie (6)	90 1
Port Canning (3)	49 0
Kemp and Co. (20)	323 12
Zandu Pharmacy (7)	100
Incustrial Invest Trust (5-12)	81 12
Dharamsey Chemical (2)	52 8
Mukund Iron	4 8
Dena Trust (0-12)	14 0
Alembic (15)	110 0
Supreme Industries	72 8
Bombay Uganda	67 8
Bombay Motor Cycle	27 8
Indian Cement (1937)	19 12
Walchand Nagar Industries (15)	126 4
United Motor	28 0
Bombay Safe Deposit (27)	785 0
Hydary Construction	19 2 6
Mahamadi Steam	100 0
Gujarat Motor	26 14
Sardar Carbonic XD	750 0
Harvey Press	310 0
Estrella Batteries	30 0
National Rayon	53 4
PREFERENCE SHARES	
Tata Steel 1st (6)	203 2
Andhra Valley (7)	1221 4
Tata Power (7-8)	1332 8
Hydro Electric (7) XD	133 2
Bombay Steamer (6)	210 6
Central India (5)	650 0
Swadeshi Mills	130 0
Vishnu Mills (7)	675 0
Laxmi	269 6
New Great Mills (5-8)	220 4
Podar Mills (4)	95 0
Shrinivas Mills	98 0
Elphinstone Mills (7)	107 8
Bradbury Mills (7-8)	334 6
Surat Electricity (3-4)	134 6
Pre. Construction First	99 8
Pre. Construction 2nd Pref.	98 0
Amalgamated	115 0
Habib	72 0
Tata Chemical	130 0
Walchandnagar	126 4
Jupiter	12 15
Supreme	100
Meyer	102 8
Mackenzie First	92 0
Mackenzie (2)	85 0
Ahmedabad Advance	127 8
Mysore Mill	41 0
Standard	99 0
Madhusudan	12 0
Khatau	100 0
Morarji	94 3
National Rayon	73 0
DEBENTURES	
Andhra 1952	101 4
Rubber Planting	....
Bombay Steamer	98 14
Indian Hume Pipe	101 0
OUTSIDE SHARES	
Burma Corporation	2-8-6
New Victoria Mill	2 2
New Victoria Pref	4 4
Phalton (8)	92 8
Gold Mohor (20)	285 0
New Kaiser-e-Hind	325 0
Sajjan Mills	105 0
Osmanshahi	120 0
Ajain Shahi	110 0
Air Services	3 8
Air India Tata	60 0
Hind Motor	5 7
India Steam	6 11

Art Silk Yarn

BOMBAY, July 12.

120	Ready Japan	9 6	0
150	Ready Japan	9 6	0
120	Ready Italy	9 4	0
150	Ready Italy	8 12	0
Staple	Ready	7 10	0

GOLD AND SILVER

BOMBAY, July 12.

The local Bullion market opened quiet and after initial decline improved on increased short covering. In view of heavy arrivals and poor offtake some professional operators are reported unloading their holdings with a view to replace on declines. The future course of the market depends upon developments in Korea.

At the opening Forward Silver was placed at Rs. 180 and declined at Rs. 179-14 under scattered selling. At this level short came in cover and the market advanced at Rs. 180-8. Ready Mint bars were quoted at a discount of annas two at Rs. 180-6 while Bullion bars were placed at Rs. 180.

Forward Gold opened at Rs. 114-6 and after declining at Rs. 114-4 steadied at Rs. 114-6. Ready Gold was quoted at Rs. 114-8 and Sovereigns were priced at Rs. 76.

Later on Silver declined at Rs. 179-4 and closed as under:—

Ready Silver	179	8	0
forward	180	2	0
Ready Gold	114	4	0
forward	114	2	0

PRODUCE MARKET

BOMBAY, July 12.

The local Produce market was firm with increased demand for Groundnuts and Oil. Quotations were as under:—

	Rs.	a.	p
GROUNDNUTS—			
Khandesh quality ready	45	4	0
Bold ready	44	4	0
Madras Coromandal	45	0	0
Oil Bombay Mills	24	4	0
Oil Upcountry Mills	23	8	0
Oil August	23	10	0
Oil September	23	13	0
LINSEED—			
Bold Ready	38	3	0
Small Satna	37	1	0
Bold August	38	9	0
CASTORSEEDS—			
Bold	27	3	0
Ready Small	28	11	0
Madras quality	28	15	0
August	29	3	0
September	29	6	0

GOVERNMENT LOANS

BOMBAY, July 12.

	Rs.	As.	Ps.
2-1/4 per cent 1954	99	0	0
2-1/2 per cent 1955	99	13	0
2-1/2 per cent 1961	97	1	0
2-3/4 per cent 1960	99	8	0
2 3/4 per cent 1962	99	1	0
3 per cent 1976	95	8	0
3 per cent 1986 Con.	97	1	6
3 per cent 1951/54	101	1	0
3 per cent 1953/55	101	10	0
3 per cent 1957	101	8	0
3 per cent 1959/61	101	1	0
3 per cent 1963/65	100	1	0
3 per cent 1964	99	15	0
3 per cent 1966/68	99	13	0
3 per cent 1970/75	99	11	0
3-1/2 per cent 1954-59	104	0	0
4 per cent 1960/70	109	10	0
4-1/2 per cent 1955/60	109	14	0
4 per cent 1958/68	112	8	0
PROVINCIAL LOANS			
2 per cent Bombay 1962	99	13	0
2-3/4 per cent U.P. 1961	97	2	0
3-3/4 per cent Madras 1961	97	2	0
3 per cent Bombay 1955	100	10	0
3 per cent Bombay 1958	100	6	0
3 per cent Punjab 1952	100	0	0
3 per cent Madras 1952/53	100	8	0
3 per cent U.P. 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent C.P. 1952	100	8	0
3 per cent N.-W F. 1952	98	8	0
3 per cent U.P. 1961/62	99	7	0
MUNICIPAL			
3-1/4 per cent 1977	98	10	0
4 per cent B.P.T.	110	0	0
4 per cent B. Municipality	109	12	0
5 per cent B. Municipality 1959	113	8	0
6 per cent B. Municipal 1954	113	0	0

Indian Stock Exchange

BOMBAY, July 12.

Tata Ordinary	329	12	0
Tata Deferred	1682	8	0
Indian Iron	30	0	6
Steel Corpn. of Bengal	21	2	0
Bombay Dyeing	975	0	0
Central India	236	4	0
Gokak	242	8	0
Kohinoor	302	8	0
Simplex	223	8	0
Swadeshi	258	12	0
Tata Power	1531	4	0
Associated Cement	157	8	0
Belapur	225	10	0
Bombay Burma (Old)	475	0	0
Scindia	11	15	6
Central Bank	84	0	0
New India	64	8	0
Tata 2nd Pref.	146	0	0

Record Of Actual Transactions In Shares

BOMBAY July 12.

MILLS

Apollo 2-14
Bharat 29
B. Dyeing 975 72-8 78-12 75
Bradbury Ord. 545
C. India 236 37 36-8 37-8 35-8 37 36-4
Century 241-4
Colaba 78 78-4 77-12 73
E. Textiles 230
Elphinstone Ord. 55 55-8
Finlay 244
Cokak 243 42
I. U. Defd 1-13-6 1-14 1-13
"Ord. 11-14 11-14-6 11-13 11-13-6
Indore 120 17-9 20 16-4 18-2
Kohinoor 301-8 2-8 2-12 1-8 2
Model 145
New Great 137-8 38
Fodar 123-6 24
Simplex 221 22 21 24 22-8 23-8
Svadeshi 259-8 58 59 58
Swan 315 10
Tata Mills 46-8, 46-12 46-8
Vishnu 182-12
E. Steam 210
Scindia 11-14 11-1-6 11-14-6 12 11-15-8

BANKS

Cental 83 83-8
Central New 83 84 83-12
Imperial Old 1940 35-4 1900 1895
Imperial New 468-12 467-9
India 179-12
Union 7-6
U. Commercial 43-12

ELECTRICS

Ahmedabad 116-14 16-4
Andhra 1415 17-8
Ajmer 10-1
Amalgamated 11-1
Suburban 152-8
Surat 130
Hydro 154
Power 1531-4
New India 64-8
I. Mercantile 41
Vulcan 13-2

STEELS

B. Steel 21 21-2 20-15 21-2
I. Iron 29-15 29-14 30-1-6 30
Tata Defd 1680 75 85 80 87-8 80 82-8
Tata Ord. 329-8 29 30 29-12 30-8 29-12
Tata 1st pref 203-2
Tata 2nd Pref 146-4 46

MISCELLANEOUS

Aclcock 290 87-8 93-12
A.C.C. 156-12 56-4 57
Belapur 225 25-8
B.B. Old 478-12 75 76-4 72-8 77-8 75
B.B. New 160
B.B. Petrol 1-9 1-8-9
B.I.C. 8-12-6
Dharamsey 54
I. Bleaching 145
I. Coppor 2-8-3
P. Const. 91 93-4 92-28 94 92-12
Shivrajpur 33-6 36
Tata Chem. 13-3 13
Tata Oil 42-4 43 42-8
Wimco 228

SPECIAL

Surt Elec Prof 132-8 B. Suburban
Elec. New 149-6

MONEY MARKET

BOMBAY, July 12.

B. C. Rates 1. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 Ready.
B. C. Rates 1. T. D. D. 1/5 29/32 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Selling T. T. D. D. 1/5 31/32 Ready.
London Banks Selling 1. T. D. D. 1/5 15/16 up to 6 Months.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/32 to 9th Month.
London Banks Buying T. T. 1/6 1/16 10th-12th Month.
London Banks Buying D.D. 1/6 1/16 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 3/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying D. D. 1/6 1/8 7th-9th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 1/8 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 5/32 5th and 6th Month.
London Banks Buying 60 and 90 d/st 1/6 3/16 7th-9th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st 1/6 5/32 to 4th Month.
London Banks Buying 120 d/st. 1/6 7/32 7th-9th Month.
New York B. C Rate T. T. Rs. 478 1/4. Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 478 1/4 Montreal Rs. 435.
Banks Buying T. T. Rs. 475 Montreal Rs. 431 3/4.
Banks Buying D. D Rs. 472 1/2 Montreal Rs. 429 3/4.
Banks Buying D. D. Rs 473 3/4 L/C. Montrea l Rs. 430 1/2.
Paris Banks Selling T. T. Fcs. 7250
Paris Banks Buying T. T. Fcs. 7500
Amsterdam Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fl 79
Switzerland Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs. 90 1/4.
Belgium Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Fcs 1033
Java Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Gldg 79.
Hongkong Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 83 3/4.
Singapore Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 157.
Manila Banks Selling T. T. D. D. Rs. 238 3/4.
New York/London Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8 to 2.80 1/8. London/Afghanistan Cross Rate/Afghani Rs. not quoted London/Alexandria Cross Rate Pia 97 1/4 3/4 London/Amsterdam Cross Rate Fl 10.63-65 London/Bangkok Cross Rate Tel. 35. London/Belgium Cross Rate Fcs. 139.90-140.10 London/Denmark Cross Rate Kr. 19.32-36. London/Hong Kong Cross Rate 1/2 27/32-1/2 15/16 London/Iran Cross Rate Rl. 89.40-91.00 London/Java Cross Rate Fl 10-63-65 London/Karachi Cross Rate 2/1-84-2/1.94 London/Lisbon Cross Rate Es 80.35 London/Manila Cross Rate Pes 5.60-65. London/Montreal Cross Rate dol. 3.07 3/4 3.08 1/4 London/New York Cross Rate dol. 2.79 7/8-2.80 1/8 London Oslo Cross Rate Kr. 19.98-20.02 London/Paris Cross Rate Fcs. 979-981. London/Prague Cross Rate K. not quoted London/Singapore Cross Rate 2/4 1/16-2/4 3/16. London/Stockholm Cross Rate Kr 14.47-50 London/Switzerland Cross Rate Fcs 12.23-12.26.
London Discts 3 Mos. 11/16 p.c
London Discts 6 Mos 7/8 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate 3 per cent.
Bank of England Rate 2 per cent
Money: Call 1/2 per cent. 3 Mos 3/4 per cent 6 Mos. 1 per cent. 12 Mos 1 1/4 per cent.
Tone: Easy.

SHIPPING NEWS

The Scindia Steam Nav. Co.'s steamers movement will be as under:

DUE TO ARRIVE

s.s. Jalamoti from U.K.-Continent on 13th July.

s.s. Jalakanya from U.K.-Coninent on 13th July.

We give below the latest information of movements of Lloyd Triestino vessels during July.

"MILANO" due on 12/7 from Italy and sailing about 16/7 for East Coast of India

"TIMAVO" due about 18/7 from Italy and sailing on 23/7 to Italy via Aden.

IMPERIAL BANK OF INDIA

DISTRIBUTION OF PROFITS

We give below the net profits for the half-year ended 30th June, and their distribution:-

Net Profits for the half-year ended 30th June 1950	Rs.	68,92,900
Brought forward from 31st December 1949 ..	Rs.	54,92,2000
	Rs.	1,23,85,100
The Directors have declared a dividend of 16 p.c. per annum, absorbing .. Rs		45,00,000
Transferred to Reserve Fund .. .. Rs.		2,50,000
Transferred to Pension Funds .. .. Rs.		2,70,100
Bonus to Staff .. .. Rs.		16,50,000
Carried forward .. Rs.		57,15,000
	Rs.	1,23,85,100

Sea-Borne Trade Of Pakistan

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI (By Mail).

According to the statistics of sea-borne trade of Pakistan compiled by the Department of Commercial Intelligence and Statistics, the imports of merchandise private in April 1950 amounted to Rs. 756 lakhs as compared with Rs. 1,095 lakhs in April 1949, says a Press release.

The exports of domestic products improved considerably during April 1950 and were valued at Rs. 10,07 lakhs as against Rs. 877 lakhs in the corresponding month of the previous year.

"Re-exports", however, declined from Rs. 138 lakhs to Rs. 56 lakhs. The balance of trade during the month under report was favourable to the extent of Rs. 307 lakhs, as against an unfavourable balance of Rs. 80 lakhs during April 1949.

American Markets:-

PROSPECTS OF SHORT CROP ATTRACT BUYERS IN COTTON

Increased Selling After Good Start On N. Y. Stock Exchange

NEW YORK, July 11.

COTTON: Prices advanced sharply in extremely active dealings reflecting broad trade and commission house demand. The buying was again motivated by the low official acreage estimate and Far Eastern developments together with heavy demand in Worthstreet. Mills are buying futures extensively as a protective hedge against later requirements.

Prices subsequently declined on considerable hedgings and profit-taking undoubtedly based on technical considerations. Meanwhile based on various yields the 1950 crop could range from 10,949,000 to 12,104,000 bales, according to a trade estimate. Prices latterly fluctuated erratically reflecting alternating spells of hedging and profittaking against mill and commission house replacement demand. Some selling was possibly based on fears of heavier loan repossessions with futures around the 36 cents level but the prospects of a short crop continued to attract renewed buying interest. The session closed steady with sales at 500,000 bales.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

	New York	New Orleans
July	36.70	36.13 bid
October	36.00	35.72
December	35.00	35.78
Middling Spot	38.10	36.25
March	35.95	35.88

October Highest 36.58 at 11.03 a. m. Lowest 35.65 at 10-30 a. m.

WALL STREET MARKET

Easy Tone With Lower Quotations

WALL STREET: Continuing yesterday's late rally the stockmarket turned a hesitant opening into rather well distributed gains ranging to a dollar or more. A sudden wave of short-covering and reinstatement of soldout commitments towards the end of the first hour particularly favoured leading coppers, rails, steels, motors, aircrafts and textiles. Chemicals and televisions, however, continued under selling pressure.

Gains extended as buying increased and the market went to gains day's late rally the stock market turnmand later dwindled in intensity and ranging to two dollars or more. De the day's best. The consensus of opinion appeared to be: issues such as rails, steels, aircrafts and textiles would do well during the anticipated period of increased defence expenditures while chemicals and televisions might find the going harder.

At noon the averayes were industrials 207.26 and rails 54.79. The apparent discrepancy of a lower industrial average in face of advances reported for the main body of stocks is accounted for by some offsetting declines in the various group components—particularly high priced micals.

Some selling pressure developed in the afternoon especially in utilities and other issues likely to benefit in the event of a war and into the final hour the market showed only irregularly higher tendencies mostly upto one dollar or more. The selling wave gathered momentum in late dealings and the market reversed the pattern to show irregularly ower tendencies mostly ranging to two dollars or so. The market finished with a predominance of losses mostly ranging to two dollars or more. The market closed easy.

CLOSING QUOTATIONS

American Telephone and Telegraph	148-1/4
Amerex Holding Co	29-1/4
Anaconda Copper	30-1/4
Chase National Bank	36
Firestone Tyre	60-7/8
General Electric	44-3/8
General Motors	83-1/2
Ingersoll Rand	65
International Nickel	28-7/8
National City Bank	42-1/2
New York Central Railroad Co	12-3/4
Sinclair Oil	26-1/2
Socony Vacuum	19-3/4
Texas Corporation	65-1/4
Union Carbide	44-1/2
U.S. Smelting	34-1/4
U.S. Steel Common	33-1/8
Western Union	27-5/8

Total number of shares which changed hands during the day was 3,250,000.

The highest and lowest U.S. Steel trading prices were 34-1/2 and 32-7/8 respectively.

Madras Stock Exchange

MADRAS, July 12.

Business in the local market continued poor. Imperial Banks on account of Bombay advices were pushed up. Electrics found good support plantings were rather dull. Amongst textiles barring Mettur Industries, which were lifted up to Rs. 351/4 buyers others remained quiet. The miscellaneous group remained unchanged the market closed dull.

Following are todays closing quotations:-

SECURITIES: Government of India three percent paper 97/2 Three percent Government of India 1953/55 101/10 Three percent Government of India 1966/68 99/13.

BANKS: Travancore 14/2.

SUGARS AND BREWERIES: Deccan 19/5 Mysore 45/12 Travancore 6/1.

PLANTINGS: Chembra 5/3 Cochin Malabar 5/6 Devashola 15/4 Pullangode 1/7/6 Thirumbadi 2/8/6 T R and T Co. 5/11.

TEXTILES: Buckingham 133/8 Buckinham Pref. 185/4 Cambodia 11/4 Coimbatore CM 143/8 Dhanalakshmi 229/8 Janardhana 95/- Lakshmi 73/- Madura 35/4 Mettur 351/4 Radhakrishna 180/8 Rajalakshmi 74/4 Ranga Vilas 56/8 Trav Rayons 4/- Trichinopoly 13/12 Vasanta 107/8.

MISCELLANEOUS: Andhra Cement 70/8 FACT 6/2/6 India Cement 15/8 Mettur Chem. 5/14.

Ahmedabad Shares

(From Our Correspondent)

AHMEDABAD, July 12: With profit taking from a higher level the Ahmedabad Share market witnessed a setback and closed with some bearish sentiment. Fluctuations: Calico opened 256/8, highest 257/4, lowest 254/8; Arvind opened 769, highest 774; Ambica opened 297, lowest 294/8; New Shorok opened 494/8, lowest 491; Deferred opened 1681. lowest 1675, highest 1685. Closing quotations: Calico 254/8, Arvind 772, Ambica 294/8, Deferred 1680, New Shorok 491, Ashok 349, Gujerat cotton 16. Bhalkia 95, Mafatlal fine 673/8, Raipur 727/8, Ramkrishna 180, Lal Mills 135, Shorok 262, Atul 30/8.

PAK SCHEDULED BANKS

(From Our Correspondent.)

KARACHI, (By Aimail.)

Following is the position of Scheduled Banks in Pakistan for the week ending June 30:—

Demand Liabilities in Pakistan:

(a) Borrowings from Banks Rs. 1,94,17,000; (b) Other Demand Liabilities Rs. 99,99,28,000.

Time Liabilities in Pakistan:

(a) Borrowng from Banks Rs. 12,00,000; (b) Other Time Liabilities Rs. 20,01,55,000.

Cash in Pakistan:

(a) Pakistan Notes Rs. 4,57,53,000; (b) Pakistan Rupee Coin Rs. 9,32,000; (c) Pakistan Subsidiary Coin Rs. 1,89,000. (d) India Subsidiary Coin (Legal tender in Pakistan). Rs. 2,11,000.

Balance with the State Bank:

(a) Principal Office Rs. 11,64,33,000; (b) Other Offices and Branches Rs. 1,57,52,000.

Advances in Pakistan Rs. 46,43,-74,000.

Bills Discounted in Pakistan Rs. 2,61,04,000.

World Markets Now More Confident

LONDON, July 12. (PTI-Reuter): Several world markets yesterday showed much more confidence in the international outlook according to reports reaching here.

Sentiment was decidedly better on both the London and Paris Stock Exchanges. Gold shares which have recently been a barometer of changes in sentiment, were sharply higher in London.

Brussels, which had something like a war scare in the middle of last week, turned buoyant yesterday. It paid less attention to the fighting in Korea and more to the prospect that the European Payments Union will benefit Belgian exports.

Goods, particularly tin, rubber and platinum, were strong. The index of world commodity prices rose sharply to a new high record. But this strength was not shared by the free gold markets and it no longer appeared to be an indicator of fears.

Much of the buying of goods both wholesale and retail, seemed to be transitional.

LONDON COPRA AND OIL MARKETS

Moderate Interest

LONDON, July 11.

The copra market was quiet apart from moderate interest in Straits. Philippines bulk, July/August, was nominal at 202-1/2 dollars and Ceylon fair merchantable sundried was quoted at £90 with Straits/Dutch East Indies fair merchantable delivered weight held for £84-1/2 against a bid of £84 all per ton c.i.f.

The coconutoil market was firm with Straits in drums quoted at £121 sellers July shipment and in bulk at £117 nominal. Ceylon in drums at £121 sellers July shipment and in bulk at £116 sellers August shipment all per ton c.i.f.

Limited Offering Of Pepper In London Market

LONDON, July 11.

The pepper market was firm and dearer on limited offers. Black Lampong, July/August, was quoted at 10 sh. 6d. asked and White Muntok at 16 sh. 6d. shipping weight with White Sarawak at 17sh. 2d. delivered weight per pound c.i.f. basis ports. Malabar was quoted nominally at 1,250 sh. per cwt., c.i.f. for July/August.

London Stock Exchange

LONDON, July 11.

2½ p.c. British Consols	£69-3/4
3½ p.c. Conversion Loan 1961	£94-1/2
4 p.c. Funding Loan 1960-90	£107-1/8
3½ p.c. War Loan on or after Dec. 1, 1952	£93-1/8
Chartered Bank of India	£9-3/16
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank	£75-1/2
National Bank of India	£32-3/4

Transactions on London Stock Exchange are official placed at 5,657.

London Bullion

LONDON, July 11.

Silver spot and forward 63-1/2 pence.
Gold bars fine per ounce £12/8

Brussels Stocks Display Confident Tone

BRUSSELS, July 11: The European Payments Union agreement took precedence over Korea and imparted a confident tone to the market. Advances were widespread and frequently substantial. Electricities and Colonials made particularly good showing.

Amsterdam Exchange Inactive

AMSTERDAM, July 11: The stock market continued inactive with minor losses widespread. A capital issue by Hoogovena Ijmuiden big blast furnaces caused a five point loss in this share. Indonesian estates were very quiet, sugars were weak, tobaccos were well maintained and rubbers were a trifle lower. Investments were a trifle easier.

Paris Bourse Steady On Hopeful Situation

PARIS, July 11: Although professional liquidation continued in some sections, the bourse was generally better on more hopeful views of the international political situation and the chances of a new French Cabinet. In forwards, Suez made almost complete recovery after a sharp decline under early pressure. Industrials more or less were neglected and irregular with losses predominating. Business in internationals was sporadic and prices were irregular. Rentes remained steady.

Father Kills 3 Children And Attempts Suicide

GAUHATI, July 11. (UPI): A report of an attempt to commit suicide, after killing his two minor sons and a daughter, by a person in the village Mowamari, under the jurisdiction of Dudhnai police station in Goalpara district has been received here.

It is reported that the frenzied man attempted to kill his wife first but she somehow managed to escape. Having failed there, the man bolted the door of the room where his three children were sleeping and killed all of them outright with a big dagger. The murderer, thereafter, attempted to commit suicide by setting fire to the house. But the hue and cry of his wife roused the father of the man from his sleep who tried to put out the fire. The murderer then hit his father also who fell down senseless.

In the meantime neighbours arrived there and after putting out the fire, captured the man and handed him over to police. The reason for this gruesome crime is yet not known.

CHICAGO GRAINS MARKET

Wheat Hardens On Short Covering

CHICAGO, July 11.

GRAINS

Grain prices were irregularly higher under the leadership of wheat on shortcovering prior to the publication of the general crop report after the close. Offerings were limited. Buying of wheat was also attributed to the Korean situation although some traders were disinclined to follow advances due to indications that producers are offering cash wheat more freely. July soyabeans and oats however remained under pressure of liquidation

WHEAT QUOTATIONS

July	2.23-1/8
September	2.25-7/8
December	2.28-3/4
March	2.30-1/8

NEW YORK SILVER MARKET

Increased Domestic Buying

NEW YORK, July 11.

Domestic buying increased sharply and open market dealings probably approximated 225,000 ounces at unchanged 73 cents per ounce. Europe is also seeking some foreign silver here and there are indications that some business was done today although details are lacking.

New York Pepper Prices Firm

NEW YORK, July 11.

PEPPER.—The pepper market was firm with spots holding at 1.56 dollars per pound. Stocks of black pepper as compiled by the New York Produce Exchange totalled 10,929 bags at the end of June compared with 9,757 on May 31st. Receipts during June are reported at 3,064 and withdrawals 1,892.

Following are today's closing prices: BLACK PEPPER: Spot 1.56 asked, OLD CONTRACT: July 1.50 asked, August 1.46 nominal, September 1.46 nominal and October 1.46 asked. NEW CONTRACT: July 1.60 asked, August 1.46 nominal, September 1.46 nominal and October 1.46 asked. White Pepper Spot 2.50 nominal.

Singapore Pepper Prices

SINGAPORE, July 11.

Sellers were quoting Black Lampong at 565 and White Muntok at 890 dollars, the firmness reflecting overseas inquiries.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 18 April, 2017

The Bombay Chronicle

Regd. No. B. 1065

'STATUS QUO' IN KOREA MUST BE RESTORED

Jayaprakash Urges Speedy Solution To Conflict

MADRAS, July 12 (PTI):

"THE face of the world is being changed by brute force. We are not enemies of either Russia or America, but we are friends of both. We do not subscribe to any single party deciding an issue by resort to force", declared Mr. Jayaprakash Narayan here last evening.

Mr. Narayan who was addressing the Socialist Party Conference in the course of the debate on a resolution on the Korean situation, summed up his impressions of the world situation today, and outlined the attitude, the Party should have taken on the issue. The resolution was passed with an amendment.

Mr. Narayan enunciated the theory of third force—"a dynamic spirit of united efforts made for consolidating the diverse peoples of Asia into a bloc of peace"—suggested in the resolution, and said that all talk of apportioning blame between the two blocs and keeping quiet was "sublime unreality".

"It is not open to us to sit idle before aggreession", he said, "our anxiety should be that the equillibrium should not be disturbed".

PLACE FOR RED CHINA

"We do not subscribe to any single party deciding an issue by resort to force. We support the Russian demand that representatives of Marshal Chiang-Kai-Shek should be replaced by those of New China in the United Nations. We want the North Koreans to withdraw to the 38th Parallel. There is no other way, but to using force to restore 'status quo".

The third force, Mr. Narayan said, had its origin during the war when progressive elements all over the world were confronted with the two camps—Democracy and Fascism.

That force was represented by all the oppressed peoples in the countries fighting for freedom.

It was Dr. Ram Manohar Lohia who evolved the idea of strengthening the real forces of democracy which later came to be known as the third force.

"When we are suddenly faced with a situation as in Korea, we are faced with forces that are shaping world events, but not with ideological problems.

A PAWN

"The situation today is that Korea is a pawn in the game between the United States on the one hand and the U.S.S.R. on the other.

"The equilibrium is disturbed, one side is bound to become strong and go forward.

"It is not open to us to sit quiet where there is aggression."

The attitude the Party should have to adopt, could not be decided by mere votes of a majority.

"There is nothing much that we con do to save South Korea nor can we do much to stop this small local conflagration from engulfing the whole world. At least we can raise our voice", he said.

Mr. Narayan added: "Our anxiety should be to see that the equilibrium of the world is not disturbed. That has now been disturbed, by planned and deliberate preparations. And without active and material help of the U.S.S.R. the invading forces could not have been so overwhelmingly powerful".

Mr. Narayan said that their stand on the Korean issue did not mean that they were throwing their weight on the side of the Anglo-American power bloc or that they were by any means the agents of American power-politics. They wanted that the equilibrium of the world which had been disturbed by the Korean war should be "restored." To do this there was no other method except the one adopted by the United Nations i.e. the use of armies to check aggression.

Proceedings of the Conference in the earlier part of the day were marked by repeated demands by delegates for division and voting on almost all the resolutions before the Conference. The most technical part of the day's proceedings was discussion of certain amendments to the Party's Constitution.

Prelude To New Weapon

WASHINGTON, July 12. (PTI-Reuter): United States Army Ordnance experts have successfully fired the first American-designed and built supersonic missile guided from the ground.

Named "Ordcit", it soared about 50 miles above the white sands proving ground in New Mexico.

An army statement said the missile itself was not a weapon but was designed to test features now under development which might be used in some future weapon.

The missile, they said, was 45 feet long and two and a half in diameter.

It was powered by a motor working on aniline anl nitric acid.

MONEY FOR KOREA

U. S. Committee's Vote

WASHINGTON, July 12. (PTI-Reuter): The House of Representatives Foreign Affairs Committee yesterday unanimously approved President Truman's 1,222,500,000 dollars military aid bill carrying funds for embattled South Korea.

The Committee also went on record as favouring establishment of a Pacific Pact similar to the North Atlantic Pact, but made no recommendations.

The Senate has already passed one arms aid authorisation bill.

The House Committee yesterday accepted by 20 votes to none the Senate version of the bill and sent it to the House for speedy approval.

The bill would allow President Truman to raise the amount of arms-aid to Korea to around 200,000,000 dollars and also transfer if necessary, ten percent of the funds to any country where an emergency threatened the Security of the United States.

The bill would also empower President Truman, at his discretion, to transfer to Korea all or part of the 75,000,000 dollars fund for the China area.

Congressional sources predicted that in the light of the Korean war developments, both the Senate and the House would quickly approve the full amount authorised.

CENTRAL MINISTERS FOR BOMBAY

BOMBAY, Wednesday: Shri Harekrishna Mahatab, Minister for Industry and Supply, will arrive in Bombay on July 15, reaching Sholapur on July 16 and Poona on July 17.

Shri K. M. Munshi, Minister for Food and Agriculture, is expected to arrive in Bombay on July 19 for a four-day stay in the city.

Shri Jagjivan Ram, Labour Minister, will arrive in Bombay on July 17 from Rome.

Shri T. P. Bhalla, Director-General of Civil Aviation, will arrive in Bombay on July 13.

Shri V. V. Sohoni, Director-General of Observatories, will arrive in Bombay on July 16 and will reach Poona next day for a week's stay.

The Hon. Mr. M. C. Chagla, Chief Justice of Bombay being received by Mr. A. Ahmed Fazelbhoy as the former arrives to perform the opening ceremony of the Munir Fazelbhoy School of Refrigeration and Air Conditioning Engineering at Queens Road, Bombay Tuesday evening. This new training school is first of its kind in India.

Pakistan Wants To Clear Off Her Surplus Wheat

EFFORTS BEING MADE TO SELL TO W. GERMANY

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)

KARACHI, July 12.

ON account of stalemate in the wheat deal of 3 lakh tons between Pakistan and India, Pakistan is reported to be making earnest efforts to dispose off its huge surplus to West Germany and Japan.

In order to enable West Germany to import 2,50,000 tons of wheat from Pakistan, the special trade agreement concluded between the two countries last year has now been extended by another three months to enable West Germany to lift this wheat.

As for Japan, agreement was recently concluded to sell 1 lakh tons to this country; shipments of which have already commenced. Negotiations for the sale of one more lakh tons to Japan are believed to be progressing satisfactorily.

Regarding India, the stalemate is reported on the question of rate. While Pakistan insists on getting Rs. 14 per maund ex-Pakistan border, India wants to pay only at the current market rate prevailing in Pakistan which is less than the ceiling rate of Rs. 6/4 a maund plus of course necessary expenses and reasonable margin of profit to Sind and Pakistan Governments.

Pakistan's case for demanding this high rate is based on the so-called world rates at which India has to buy from foreign countries. Since the lowest rate at which India has bought wheat supplies till now is Rs. 14/6 a maund ex-Indian port, Pakistan considers its offers of Rs. 14/- per maund ex-Pakistan border quite reasonable. On the otherhand, India maintains and insists that whatever be the rates prevalent in other countries, the rates prevailing at present in Pakistan must be taken into consideration; a fact which can never be ignored on account of vast disparity between the two rates.

It will be recalled, Pakistan has surplus of 3 lakh tons of wheat this year while there is much more than this figure carry over from the previous year stocks. Although Pakistan's Food Minister has refuted that there is no truth in the rumour that previous years' stocks have deteriorated in quality, it is absolutely clear that Pakistan is very anxious to see that at least its previous years' stocks are cleared without any further delay

---

GAUHATI: The breaches caused by heavy rainfall in the middle of June on the railway track between Domohani and Lataguri stations on Mal-Domohani section of the Assam Railway, have been repaired and through communication has been restored from July 9.

BOON TO THE CAR OWNER-DRIVERS

COLOMBO, July 12. (PTI): What is described as a "Duplex Pneumatic Tube", has been invented by a Ceylon Postmaster, Mr. M. V. A. Gunesekera.

The duplex tube, the Postmaster claims, will be a boon to owner-drivers, in that it will climinate delay caused by taking ing tyre and tube for repair when a puncture occurs.

The principal feature of the tube, meant especially for motor vehicles, according to him, is that it will have two compartments formed by a separation in such a way that each can be inflated to function individually in the event of one being punctured—virtually two tubes.

7 BURIED ALIVE IN MINE

Vindhya Pradesh Tragedy

(From Our Correspondent)

JUBBULPORE, July 12: Seven persons were buried alive and five others injured seriously in a diamond mine tragedy which occurred on Monday afternoon at Ramkiriya near Panna, Vindhya Pradesh.

It is stated that when these labourers were working underground in the mine a chunk of earth, loosened by the rains fell upon them entombing the unfortunate victims. The District Magistrate and the Superintendent of Police rushed to the spot, but were unable to rescue the victims owing to the heavy downpour and the muddy passage.

Poona Corporation

POONA, July 12. (PTI): Mr. S. G. Barve, Municipal Commissioner, this morning saw Mr. B. G. Kher, Chief Minister, and discussed with him matters relating to the Poona Municipal Corporation including the Parvati Park and other schemes.

MERE COMPLAINTS WITH NO CHARGES 'ILL ADVISED'

Schools' Committee Passes Strictures On Secretary

BOMBAY, Wednesday.

"THIS proposition is ill-advised and ought not to have been brought before us for our consideration. This woman has been in Municipal service for 28 years—13 years as a teacher and 15 years as a head mistress. To bring her up before us without any specific charge but only on general complaints is a bad practice", observed Mr. M. V. Donde at the Municipal Schools' Committee meeting, when that body took up for consideration a memorandum by the Secretary of the Schools' Committee, about the unsatisfactory work of Mrs. Nivrittibai Bhiwandikar, the head mistress of a Marathi School.

The memorandum stated that when the Secretary attended sometime back the Munaji Rajuji Marathi School she noticed that the school management was not being properly attended by the head mistress. Some of the teachers instead of attending to their classes were doing the office work. The log book was not properly maintained. There were complaints from many parents and guardians and the supervisory officers of Municipal Schools had also expressed the opinion that the head mistress could not attend to her work efficiently.

After questioning the lady, the Schools Committee decided that she should be warned and transferred.

The Committee approved of the suggestion of the Secretary in accordance with the recommendations of a sub-committee appointed for the purpose about the starting of a short training course in physical instruction to Munipal School Teachers.

Fourteen centres will now be started by an equal number of junior supervisors for one month. Three hundred teachers had already expressed their willingness to join the classes and more applicants were expected. Each such teacher under training will get Rs. 25 per month.

INTRODUCTION OF HINDI

The Committee also recorded a resolution of the Education Department of the Government of Bombay regarding the introduction of Hindi in primary and secondary schools for imparting education through that medium. The resolution of the Government lays down that such schools shall be eligible for recognition by District School Boards or by Government and to receive grants-in-aid, provided that provision is made for teaching the regional language to every child on a compulsory basis from Standard III to Standard VII.

Another memorandum submitted by the Schools Committee Secretary was that the Municipalising of the suburban schools of Greater Bombay, would mean that an amount of Rs. 13,49,858 would have to be expended by the Corporation and that the Municipal Commissioner should be requested to earmark this amount in the "D" Budget for 1950-51.

Goodwill Visit Of British Frigate

CALCUTTA, July 12 (PTI): The eighteen hundred ton British frigate, HMS Loch Quoich, arrived at Calcutta port today on a six-day goodwill visit.

Immediately after anchoring at Princess Ghat, the Resident Naval Officer at Calcutta, Commander J. S. Mehra, and an ADC to the Governor of West Bengal called on the commanding officer, Commander E. T. L. Dunsterville. This was followed by a visit to the ship by a number of Calcutta journalists.

She will leave on July 18 for Trincomalee where she will take part in fleet exercises and manoeuvres with the Indian Navy.

Commands Changed In Malaya

SINGAPORE, July 12 (PTI-Reuter) Important changes in army commands in Malaya were made today.

While the command of anti-guerilla operations is retained by Lieut.-General R. E. Urquhart with headquarters in Kuala Lumpur, operations in South Malaya, covering South Selangor, Johore, Malacca and Negri Sembilan, will b ecommanded by Major General Dermont Dunlop with headquarters in Sembilan.

Military circles suggested the changes were made as a result of the recent visit by Field Marshal Slim.

There are now eight British battalions in Malaya in addition to a Gurkha division, artillery and armoured car regiments.

More Economies In Government

MINISTRIES WARNED

(From Our Correspondent)

NEW DELHI, July 12: The Ministry of Finance has warned all its sister Ministries that the state of financial stringency was not yet over and that the absence of any reference to it should not be construed as an indication that Indian had turned the corner, it is learned here.

Indications are not wanting that after examination of the financial position which is in progress at present, the Government will renew its efforts at further economies both in the revenue and capital expenditure.

The budgetary equilibrium which Dr. John Matthai had reached in his budget proposals had been seriously dislocated by the Bengal disturbances before he left the Government of India. Apart from restoring the budgetary equilibrium, the present examination is likely to prepare the ground for the five-year plan which the Planning Commission hopes to finalise in its outlines by the next month.

The plan may necessitate the reallocation of expenditure from one ministry to another or from one item of expenditure to another item of expenditure.

The All-India Sahitya Sammelan will be held at Kotah in December next.

IN A CHINA SHOP

By Taurus

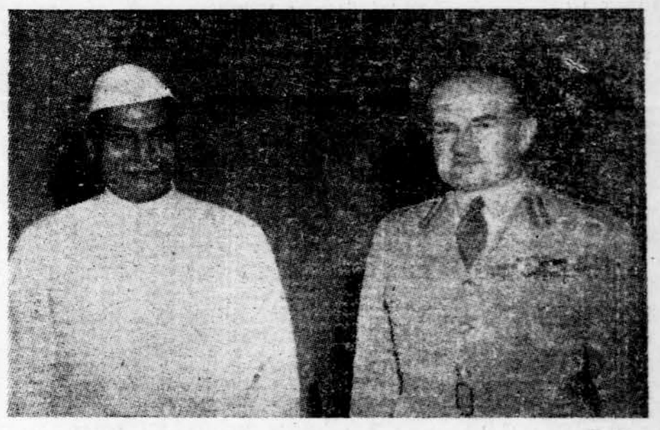
I HAVE been reading a lot of funny skits on the efforts of the Junagadh authorities to turn their zoo inmates into vegetarians because of a religious need to keep one month in every three years meatless. But most of the writers have missed the point entirely. Let there be no mistake about it. I hold no brief either for the lions of Junagadh or for the authorities. But if things like this are to be done, let it be done whole sale and wholeheartedly. It is no use making lions and tigers vegetarian for — a month only.

When rationing was first introduced in a big Indian city which shall be nameless, the keeper of the Zoo there sought clarification about the feed of the birds and the beats. The authorities were rather irritated. It seemed strange that at a time when the food of human beings was being doled out this man among beasts should pester them with silly questions. They told him fittingly enough to manage as best he could.

The Keeper was a man of implicit obedience. He felt that there was something wrong somewhere but his was not to reason why. As he took up his hat and made for the door, he was arrested by a striking piece of advice, "Try substitute foods".

He tried it but it was no good. Half the beasts and the birds were dying off and so he took to substitute foods himself and gave his rations to the zoo. Even today one can see the effect on him but it was a noble gesture.

Anyway, to return to the lions and tigers of Junagadh. We have been seeing and hearing a lot about the experiments of Michurin and Lysenko. Very good. The long and short of it all is that it is possible to effect lasting changes in a species by environmental alterations; in other words, you can force the pace of Nature. It is not necessary, nor possible let me confess it frankly, to go more deeply into this matter here. Well, the Junagadh authorities could easily have settled the whole thing by entering on an experiment to turn these wild animals into vegetarians altogether, instead of for a month. That would have been regarded as a scientific experiment and it would have been acclaimed the world over. Even now the situation can be saved if the Director of Publicity covers the tracks of the Ministers of Saurashtra — or should I say, spoor? — by a pressnote explaining it all.



Dr. Rajendra Prasad, President of the Republic of India, photographed at Government House on July 9 with Field Marshal Sir William Slim, Chief of the British Imperial General Staff, during the latter's recent visit to New Delhi.—PIB.

BRITISH TROOPS IN EGYPT

A New Formula

CAIRO, July 12 (PTI-Reuter): Amr Pacha, Egyptian Ambassador in London, was stated by the Government Party newspaper "Al Misry" today to have sent the Egyutian Foreign Office a new formula for solving the "problem of presence of British troops" in Egypt.

The paper said the main points were:

1. That British forces in Egypt should co-operate with the Egyptian Army under an Egyptian Commander assisted by a joint Anglo-Egyptian staff;

2. Joint Anglo-Egyptian force to be stationed at Gaza (in the Egyptian occupied sector of Palestine).

3. Egyptian forces could be employed with British forces if necessary, in duties that would take them as far south as Somaliland.

The newspaper hinted that the Chief of the Imperial General Staff, Field Marshal Sir William Slim now on a two-day visit here, might put forward a proposal to this effect when he meets Egyptian military leaders.

Mr. A.P. Sabavala For Bombay Council

BOMBAY, Wednesda.: Mr. A. P. Sabavala, former Mayor of Bombay, filled his nomination today for the by-election to the Bombay Legislative Council in the vacancy caused by the death of Mr. S. R. Davar.

A congress candidate, Mr. Sabavala's was the only papers received today on the last day for nomination.

Threat Of Indus Floods To Sind

(From Our Correspondent)

KARACHI, July 11: Old Hala, a village about 34 miles from Hyderabad (Sind), inhabitating over a thousand souls, is being evacuated on account of steady rise in Indus water level and erosion at a point which might result in a direct threat to this village.

Erosions are reported at some more places also resulting in a sort of anxiety being felt in the interior of the province amongst the public. The P.W.D. authorities, however, are optimistic about the arrangements they have carried out to meet possible flood dangers to the province.

A spokesman of the Sind Public Works Department said in this connection that though erosion was being reported in the river at certain places, he did not foresee any danger to the bunrs at present. He, however, added that the real flood threat to bunds would be some time in August, after the rains had set in the Punjab and Sind.

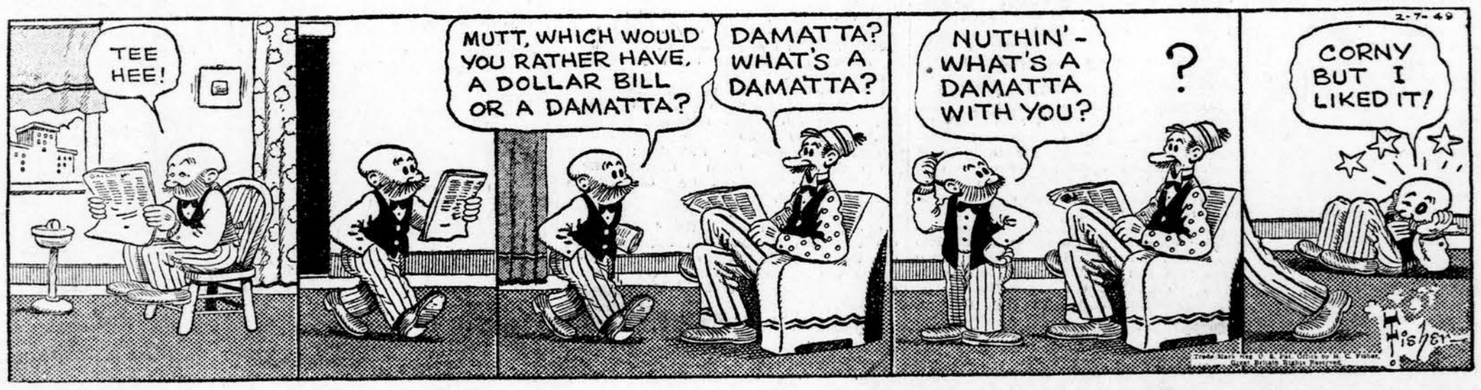
Monsoon In Miraj

MIRAJ, July 12. (PTI): Miraj has been experiencing monsoonish weather for the last three days.

The rains have given a fillip to the Vanamahotsava programme throughout South Satara district. It is estimated that about 10,000 saplings of different varieties have been planted in the district so far

The target for the district is 18,000 trees to be planted during the fortnight ending July 15.

MUTT AND JEFF—So What—It's A Dull Day Anyway — By BUD FISHER


TEE HEE!
MUTT, WHICH WOULD YOU RATHER HAVE, A DOLLAR BILL OR A DAMATTA?
DAMATTA? WHAT'S A DAMATTA?
NUTHIN'- WHAT'S A DAMATTA WITH YOU?
?
CORNY BUT I LIKED IT!
2-7-49

Printed and Published for the Bombay Chronicle Co., Ltd., by MICHAEL ANDRADES at the Bombay Chronicle Press, Red Building, Parsi Bazar Street, Fort, Bombay Edited by S. NATARAJAN